FINAL ANSWER KEY

Question 30/2025/OL

Paper Code:

Category

021/2024

Code:

Exam: Dental Hygienist Grade II

Date of Test 27-03-2025

Department Health Services

Question1:-Which of the following bones begin to ossify first?

A:-Nasal

B:-Mandible

C:-Vomer

D:-Parietal

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question2:-Which among the following nerve supplies cricothyroid muscle?

A:-Hypoglossal

B:-Recurrent laryngeal

C:-Vagus

D:-Superior laryngeal

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question3:-Which of the following is called the safety muscle of tongue?

A:-Hyoglossus

B:-Genioglossus

C:-Palatoglossus

D:-Styloglossus

Correct Answer: - Option-B

Question4:-Ascending palatine artery is a branch of

A:-Internal carotid

B:-External carotid

C:-Facial

D:-Ascending pharyngeal

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question5:-The anterior belly of digastric muscle is supplied by which nerve

A:-Facial

B:-Vagus

C:-Mylohyoid

D:-Inferior alveolar Correct Answer:- Option-C A:-Soft palate

Question6:-Which of the following structures develop from all the three germ layers?

B:-Mitral valve

C:-Tympanic membrane

D:-Tooth

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question7:-Which of the following is true about facial nerve?

A:-Arises from medulla oblangata

B:-Traverses through parotid gland

C:-Supplies muscles of mastication

D:-Carries no taste fibres

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question8:-The muscle which helps in elevating the mandible is

A:-Buccinator

B:-Temporalis

C:-Lateral pterygoid

D:-Geniohyoid

Correct Answer: - Option-B

Question9:-Articular disc of TMI is made of

A:-Elastic cartilage

B:-Fibrocartilage

C:-Bony processes

D:-Hyaline cartilage

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question10:-Gubernacular canal guides the eruption of

A:-Permanent teeth

B:-Primary teeth

C:-Both (1) and (2)

D:-None

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question11:-Which of the following agents is **NOT** likely to be found in plasma?

A:-Thrombin

B:-Fibrinogen

C:-Prothrombin D:-Calcium ion Correct Answer:- Option-A Question12:-Which among the following is a biological anticoagulant? A:-EDTA B:-Sodium citrate C:-Oxalate D:-Hirudine Correct Answer:- Option-D Question13:-Cardiac output is **NOT** affected by A:-Venous return B:-Peripheral resistance C:-Systolic BP D:-Heart rate Correct Answer:- Option-C Question14:-Distribution of blood flow is mainly regulated by, A:-Arteries **B:-Arterioles** C:-Venules D:-Capillaries Correct Answer:- Option-B Question15:-The most abundant principal fibre group of periodontal ligament is A:-Horizontal B:-Transeptal C:-Apical D:-Oblique Correct Answer:- Option-D Question16:-Hertwig's epithelial root sheath is made of A:-Outer and inner enamel epithelium B:-Stratum intermedium C:-Stellate reticulum D:-Hyaline layer of Hopewell-smith Correct Answer: - Option-A Question17:-Wharton's duct drains A:-Parotid gland

B:-Submandibular gland

C:-Sublingual gland

D:-Lacrimal gland

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question18:-Dental pulp is derived from

A:-Dental papilla

B:-Dental sac

C:-Stratum intermedium

D:-Stellate reticulum

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question19:-The pharyngeal phase of deglutition is

A:-a voluntary mechanism

B:-a reflex mechanism

C:-the last phase

D:-none of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question20:-Sensory receptors for pain are

A:-Pacinian corpuscles

B:-End organs of Ruffini

C:-End bulbs of Krause

D:-Free nerve endings

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question21:-Which of the following statement is WRONG?

A:-Facilitated diffusion does not require energy for transport of substances across the plasma membrane

B:-Acidic drugs generally bind to plasma albumin

C:-Kidney is the major site for drug metabolism

D:-Alkalization of urine is utilized in poisoning of acidic drugs like barbiturates

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question22:-Which statement is TRUE about antagonism?

A:-Activated charcoal is used in alkaloidal poisoning due to its adsorption property

B:-Action of histamine and adrenaline on bronchial smooth muscle is an example for chemical antagonism

C:-Antagonist is chemically unrelated to agonist in competitive antagonism

D:-Antagonist binds to same site of receptor in noncompetitive antagonism

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question23:-Which is an example for unpredictable/Type B/Bizarre adverse drug

reaction?

A:-Hypoglycemia caused by insulin

B:-Anaphylaxis caused by penicillin

C:-Gum hypertrophy caused by phenytoin

D:-Precipitation of myocardial infraction caused by the stoppage of beta blockers

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question24:-Which local anesthetic drug can be used in surface anesthesia, infiltration anesthesia, spinal anesthesia and epidural anesthesia?

A:-Benzocaine

B:-Eutectic mixture of lidocaine and prilocaine

C:-Bupivacaine

D:-Lidocaine

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question25:-Selective COX-2 inhibitor is

A:-Diclofenac

B:-Ibuprofen

C:-Paracetamol

D:-Etoricoxib

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question26:-Drug of choice in Morphine poisoning is

A:-Naloxone

B:-Methadone

C:-Pentazocine

D:-Buprenorphine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question27:-Antibacterial group that inhibits protein synthesis is

A:-Cephalosporins

B:-Sulfonamides

C:-Tetracyclines

D:-Fluoroquinolones

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question28:-Anti-herpes viral drug is

A:-Oseltamivir

B:-Acyclovir

C:-Ribavirin

	D:-Lamivudine
	Correct Answer:- Option-B
Que	estion29:-Antifungal agent which acts by interfering fungal mitosis is
	A:-Griseofulvin
	B:-Clotrimazole
	C:-Amphotericin B
	D:-Caspofungin
	Correct Answer:- Option-A
Que	estion30:-All are disclosing agents used in dentistry except
	A:-Erythrosine
	B:-Strontium chloride
	C:-Fluorescein
	D:-Two-tone dye
	Correct Answer:- Option-B
	estion31:-Most of the pathogenic bacteria grow optimally at degree perature.
	A:-20
	B:-37
	C:-55
	D:-80
	Correct Answer:- Option-B
Que	estion32:-Naturally occurring bacteria without cell wall
	A:-Mycoplasma
	B:-Vibrio
	C:-Pneumococci
	D:-Salmonella
	Correct Answer:- Option-A
Que	estion33:-Method of sterilisation and disinfection of culture media is by
	A:-Incineration
	B:-Pasteurisation
	C:-Hot air oven
	D:-Autoclaving
	Correct Answer:- Option-D
Que	estion34:-All are oral manifestations of AIDS except
	A:-Oral thrush
	B:-Gumma

C:-Hairy Leukoplakia
D:-Oral wart
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question35:-Commonest histological type of oral cancer is
A:-Squamous cell carcinoma
B:-Adenocarcinoma
C:-Small cell carcinoma
D:-Lymphoma
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question36:-Xerostomia is seen in
A:-Sjogrens syndrome
B:-Antihistamin therapy
C:-Megaloblastic anaemia
D:-All of the above
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question37:-Epithelioid histiocytes are the component of
A:-Ulcer
B:-Granulation tissue
C:-Granuloma
D:-Fat necrosis
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question38:-The hall mark of malignant tumour is presence of
A:-Capsule
B:-Well differentiation
C:-Compression
D:-Metastasis
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question39:-Most common microorganism associated with dental caries
A:-Mycoplasma
B:-Streptococci mutans
C:-Staph.aureus
D:-Corynebacterium
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question40:-Pellagra is deficiency of
A:-Vitamin B12
B:-Biotin

C:-Niacin

D:-Folic acid

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question41:-Clinical implication of a tooth with concrescence is related to

A:-Dental caries

B:-Tooth extraction

C:-Gingivitis

D:-Attrition

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question42:-In the FDI tooth numbering system, 45 represents

A:-Right maxillary second premolar

B:-Left maxillary second premolar

C:-Right mandibular second premolar

D:-Left mandibular second premolar

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question43:-Which of the following is a potentially malignant disorder of oral cavity?

A:-Candidiasis

B:-Gingivitis

C:-Frictional keratosis

D:-Leukoplakia

Correct Answer: - Option-D

Question44:-Sudden onset, sharply punched out, crater like erosions of interdental papillae is characteristic feature of

A:-Acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

B:-Gingival abscess

C:-Chronic periodontitis

D:-Gingival neoplasm

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question45:-Which of the following is a cause of dental erosion?

A:-Faulty tooth brushing technique

B:-Action of bacteria

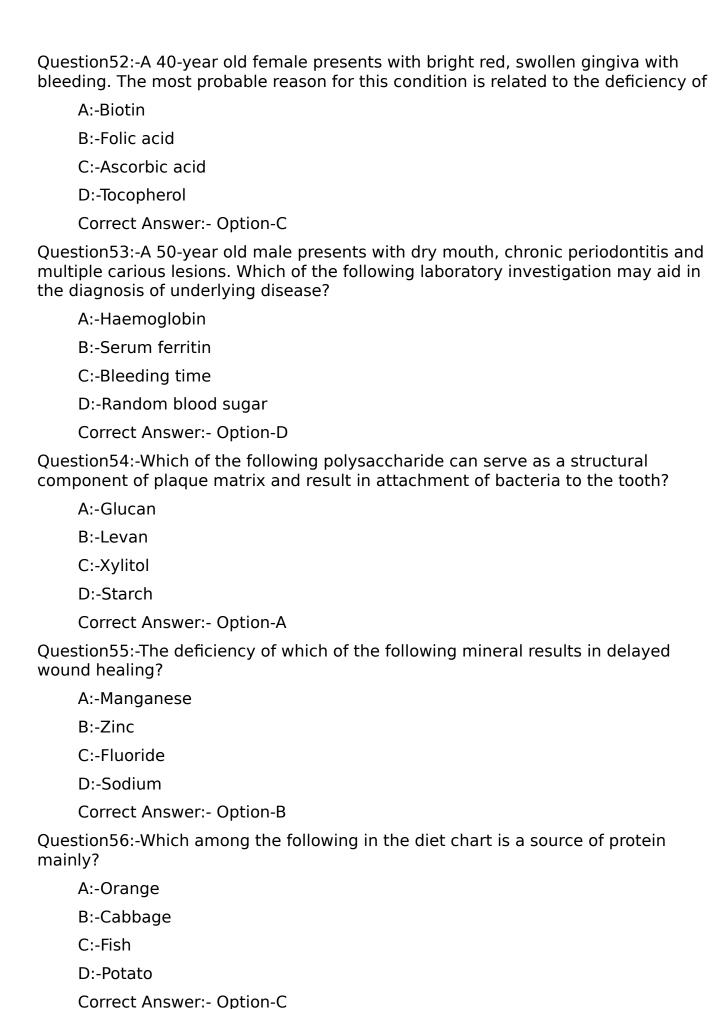
C:-Use of carbonated drinks

D:-Excessive masticatory force

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question46:-A 50-year old male presented with difficulty in opening the mouth. He gives history of betel quid chewing since 20 years. The most probable diagnosis is

- A:-Leukoplakia
 B:-Oral submucous fibrosis
 C:-Candidiasis
 D:-Frictional keratosis
 Correct Answer:- Option-B
 estion47:-Which among the follo
 A:-Mantle dentin
 B:-Predentin
 C:-Intertubular dentin
- Question47:-Which among the following is an age related change in dentin?
 - D:-Sclerotic dentin
 - Correct Answer:- Option-D
- Question48:-What is the structural unit of enamel?
 - A:-Enamel rod
 - B:-Enamel lamella
 - C:-Enamel tuft
 - D:-Enamel spindle
 - Correct Answer:- Option-A
- Question49:-Which of the following cell type is found abundantly in dental pulp?
 - A:-Osteoblast
 - B:-Cementoblast
 - C:-Ameloblast
 - D:-Fibroblast
 - Correct Answer:- Option-D
- Question 50:- Find out the correct statement regarding cellular cementum:
 - A:-Width remains constant
 - B:-Rate of deposition is slow
 - C:-Found at the apical third of root
 - D:-Also known as primary cementum
 - Correct Answer:- Option-C
- Question51:-Deficiency of which among the following vitamin results in keratinizing metaplasia of epithelium of various mucous membranes?
 - A:-Vitamin A
 - B:-Vitamin B
 - C:-Vitamin C
 - D:-Vitamin D
 - Correct Answer:- Option-A



Question57:-What is the correct statement regarding dental caries?

A:-Consumption of raw food increases the caries frequency

- B:-There is no relationship between the pH of saliva and initiation of dental caries
 - C:-Morphology of tooth does not have a role in the initiation of caries
 - D:-Dietary calcium does not influence the occurrence of dental caries

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question58:-Which of the following is a manifestation of iron deficiency?

- A:-Bleeding spots
- **B:-Gingivitis**
- C:-Angular cheilitis
- D:-Lingual paraesthesia

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question59:-Which of the following diet modification is advised for patients with gingivitis?

- A:-Soft carbohydrate rich foods
- B:-Vitamin C rich foods
- C:-Calcium rich foods
- D:-Fat rich foods

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question60:-Deficiency of which of the following vitamin results in distortion of the skeleton and increased tendency of fracture?

- A:-Vitamin A
- B:-Vitamin B
- C:-Vitamin C
- D:-Vitamin D

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question61:-Which among the following are the factors that affect toothbrush bristle hardness?

- A:-Diameter of bristles
- B:-Length of bristles
- C:-Curvature of filaments
- D:-All of the above

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question62:-As per ADA specification of toothbrush, the number of tufts per row should be :

- A:-10-20
- B:-5-12
- C:-8-16

D:-4-5

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question63:-Which toothbrushing technique is used as a routine oral hygiene measure?

A:-Charter's method

B:-Modified Stillman's method

C:-Modified Bass technique

D:-Leonard's method

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question64:-Which among the following is a commonly used disclosing agent?

A:-Hydrogen peroxide

B:-Calcium phosphate

C:-Erythrosine

D:-Stannous Fluoride

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question65:-Which among the following is a recommended method for cleaning in areas with gingival recession and root exposure?

A:-Modified Bass Technique

B:-Modified Stillman's technique

C:-Charter's method

D:-Fones method

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question66:-The superior antiplaque activity of chlorhexidine is due to its property known as

A:-Selectivity

B:-Superiority

C:-Subtility

D:-Substantivity

Correct Answer: - Option-D

Question67:-What type of disclosing agent can differentiate between old and new plaque?

A:-Erythrosine

B:-Two tone solutions

C:-Basic Fuchsin

D:-Bismark brown

Correct Answer: - Option-B

Ouestion68:-What is the function of humectant in dentifrices?

	A:-To prevent toothpaste from drying out
	B:-To provide a minty taste
	C:-To help remineralize enamel
	D:-Antimicrobial activity
	Correct Answer:- Option-A
Que	estion69:-The function/functions of dental floss is/are:
	A:-Removal of plaque from interproximal areas
	B:-Vehicle for application of polishing agents
	C:-To whiten teeth
	D:-Both (1) and (2)
	Correct Answer:- Option-D
Que	estion70:-The acquired pellicle forms after the oral prophylaxis.
	A:-Immediately
	B:-30 minutes
	C:-1 hour
	D:-1 day
	Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question71:-Which among the following is not a part of 5 A model in tobac cessation counselling?	
	A:-Ask
	B:-Advice
	C:-Accept
	D:-Arrange
	Correct Answer:- Option-C
Que	estion72:-Which of the following is a key objective of COTPA?
	A:-To promote the use of tobacco
	B:-To regulate the advertisement and sale of tobacco products
	C:-To increase tobacco production in India
	D:-To provide subsidies for tobacco companies
	Correct Answer:- Option-B
Que	estion73:-The predominant immunoglobulin present in saliva :
	A:-lgA
	B:-lgG
	C:-lgM
	D:-lgE
	Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question74:-Prolonged thumbsucking can lead to which type of malocclusion?
A:-Class III malocclusion
B:-Open bite
C:-Cross bite
D:-Deep bite
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question75:-Which among the following sugars is considered the most cariogenic?
A:-Fructose
B:-Lactose
C:-Sucrose
D:-Maltose
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question76:-Which of the following minerals present in saliva help in remineralization of enamel?
A:-Sodium and Potassium
B:-Calcium and Phosphate
C:-Iron and Zinc
D:-Magnesium and copper
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question77:-Which component of saliva has antibacterial properties?
A:-Lysozyme
B:-Collagen
C:-Keratin
D:-Melanin
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question78:-Which among the following is a pH rising factor in saliva?
A:-Sucrose
B:-Sialin
C:-Lactoperoxidase
D:-Fructose
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question79:-Which among the following is NOT a phase in the history of public health?
A:-Disease control phase
B:-Health promotional phase
C:-Social engineering phase

D:-Biomedical phase

Correct Answer: - Option-D

Question80:-The dietary behaviour of holding or swishing acidic beverages in the mouth increases the risk for:

A:-Dental caries

B:-Periodontal disease

C:-Oral cancer

D:-Dental erosion

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question81:-Chemical formula of Orthorhombic anhydrate is

A:-CaSO₄.H₂O

B:-(CaSO₄),H₂O

C:-CaSO_{4.2}H₂O

D:-CaSO₄

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question82:-Regarding strength of set plaster of Paris, which of the following statement is true?

A:-Wet strength is less than the dry strength

B:-Dry strength is less than the wet strength

C:-Both dry and wet strengths do not differ

D:-We can't predict whether wet or dry strength is less

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question83:-Chanel in a refractory investment mold through which molten metal flows is known as

A:-Sprue

B:-Crucible

C:-Reservoir

D:-Casting line

Correct Answer: - Option-A

Question84:-Dentist asked for glass ionomer cement for a patient requiring restoration in the esthetic area of a permanent central incisor. Which type of glass ionomer cement you will provide?

A:-Type I

B:-Type IIa

C:-Type IIb

D:-Type III Correct Answer:- Option-B Question85:-Which ion gives protection against dental caries? A:-Chloride (CI-) B:-Bromide (Br-) C:-Fluoride (F-) D:-lodide (I-) Correct Answer:- Option-C Question86:-Which one of the following is plant derived wax? A:-Bees wax B:-Paraffin wax C:-Ceresin wax D:-Carnauba wax Correct Answer:- Option-D Question87:-Amalgam is an alloy containing A:-Mercury B:-Copper C:-Iron D:-Silver Correct Answer:- Option-A Question88:-You are required yo select an impression material suited for a patient requiring fixed partial denture. Which one of the following materials you will select? A:-Impression compound B:-Zinc oxide eugenol paste C:-Impression plaster D:-Addition silicone Correct Answer:- Option-D Question89:-Most popular implant biomaterial is A:-Titanium B:-Zirconium C:-Stainless steel D:-Nitinol Correct Answer: - Option-A Question 90:-Initiator present in the acrylic resin is

A:-Methyl methacrylate

B:-Polymethyl methacrylate

C:-Benzoyl peroxide

D:-Hydroquinone

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question91:-Paternalism in ethics refers to

A:-The doctor knows best

B:-The patient decides his treatment

C:-Text books should be referred

D:-Articles should be referred

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question92:-Which one of the following is related to discrimination?

A:-Declaration of New Delhi

B:-Declaration of Tokyo

C:-Declaration of Geneva

D:-Declaration of New York

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question93:-Cyclical process designed to identify ways in which clinical practice may be improved to instigate change for the better and to confirm a successful outcome is called

A:-Clinical audit

B:-Clinical check

C:-Clinical uplift

D:-Clinical enhancement

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question94:-Jurisprudence refers to

A:-Philosophy of law

B:-Philosophy of medicine

C:-Philosophy of dentistry

D:-Philosophy of science

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question95:-Which one of the following theories of ethics focuses on the action, rule or practice of an act rather than on the consequences?

A:-Utilitarian theory

B:-Deontologic theory

C:-Virtue theory

D:-Dilemma theory

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question 96: In the negative electrode area of the X-ray tube, the semicircular cup

is made up of	
A:-Molybdenum	
B:-Tungsten	
C:-Copper	
D:-Lead	
Correct Answer:- Option-A	
Question97:-Amount of radiation energy absorbed by the tissues is called	
A:-Dose	
B:-Response	
C:-Exposure	
D:-REM	
Correct Answer:- Option-A	
Question98:-Bisecting technique in intraoral radiography is based on	
A:-Rule of equilateral triangle	
B:-Rule of trisection	
C:-Rule of isometry	
D:-Rule of thumb	
Correct Answer:- Option-C	
Question99:-Safe lighting in dark rooms requires the use of bulb	watts.
A:-0	
B:-0-3.5	
C:-4-7	
D:-7.5-15	
Correct Answer:- Option-D	
Question100:-Dentist act was introduced in	
A:-1947	
B:-1948	
C:-1956	
D:-1957	
Correct Answer:- Option-B	