PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

Question

1/2025/OL

Paper Code:

Category

687/2023

Code:

Exam:

Junior Instructor in Tailoring and Garment Making

Training Centre

Date of Test 08-01-2025

Department Technical Education

Question1:-Basting is an example of

A:-Temporary stitch

B:-Permanent stitch

C:-Embroidery stitch

D:-All of these

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question2:-What is the cause of staggered stitch?

A:-Bobbin to full

B:-Too little pressure on presser foot

C:-Lack of oil

D:-Bent presser foot

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question3:-Find the odd one out.

A:-Shank

B:-Needle plate

C:-Tension Nut

D:-Tension disc

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question4:-Who invented lock stitch sewing machine in 1832?

A:-Thomas Saint

B:-Joseph Madersperger

C:-Walter Hunt

D:-Elias Howe

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question5:-Throat plate is otherwise known as

A:-Needle plate

B:-Slide plate

C:-Feed dog D:-Fly wheel Correct Answer: - Option-A Question6:-How many stitches per inch should be used for light woolen fabric? A:-14-20 B:-12 C:-10-12 D:-18 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question7:-Which type of Needle is used to sew narrow, parallel line, or to make pin tuck? A:-Twin needle B:-Machine Needle C:-Tapestry Needle D:-Sewing Needle Correct Answer:- Option-A Question8:-Finger guard is used to A:-For opening machine made buttonhole B:-To prevent finger through Needle damage C:-To forward cloth D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question9:-Loop or loops of one/more threads when bound with each other by interlooping or interlacing is known as A:-Stitch per inch B:-Stitch C:-Strand D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question10:-A metal hook near the tension disc is known as A:-Pressure foot lifter

Correct Answer:- Option-C

C:-Slack thread regulator

B:-Face plate

D:-Bobbin winder

Question11:-Straw needle is otherwise known as

A:-Milliner needle B:-Chenille needle C:-Tapestry needle D:-Crewel needle Correct Answer:- Option-A Question12:-Which types of thread are mostly used in Embroidery work? A:-Metallic thread B:-Stranded cotton thread C:-Over-dyed thread D:-None of these Correct Answer: - Option-B Question13:-What is the name of tool to hold and stretch the fabric to a desire firmness and tightness while doing embroidery? A:-Embroidery frame B:-Needle C:-Embroidery scissors D:-Pinking scissors Correct Answer:- Option-A Question14:-Sharp tip pointed small scissors is otherwise known as A:-Pinking shears B:-Paper cutting scissors C:-Micro tip scissors D:-Shears Correct Answer:- Option-C Question15:-Variation of stem stitch is A:-Running stitch **B:-Cross stitch** C:-Whipped Running stitch D:-Split stitch Correct Answer:- Option-D Question16:-Kantha on sankrit means

A:-Bag

B:-Rag

C:-Flower

D:-Art work

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question17:-A precious red coloured Phulkari prepared and presented by the maternal grandmother of the bride at her wedding function
A:-Chope
B:-Darukha
C:-Taipchi
D:-Negi
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question18:-In Gujarat the embroidery famous is
A:-Kashida work
B:-Kantha work
C:-Kutch work
D:-Kasuti work
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question19:-Name the tool designed for turning the fabric tube rightside out after has been sewn
A:-Darning mushroom
B:-Loop turner
C:-Bodkin
D:-Hole punch
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question20:-Needle points are mainly classified into
A:-2
B:-3
C:-4
D:-1
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question21:-Name the fabric can be used for chikankari work
A:-Cotton
B:-Silk
C:-Muslin
D:-All of these
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question22:-Tambour Embroidery originated in
A:-Europe
B:-India
C:-China

D:-America

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question23:-Which among the following is true with respect to kantha work of Bengal?

A:-It is from Andhra Pradesh

B:-Running stitch is the main stitch of this Embroidery

C:-Nilak, Sarpallo, Sainchi

D:-All of these

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question24:-What is the use of hole punch?

A:-Making holes in card

B:-Opening up machine made button hole

C:-Make Notches

D:-All of these

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question25:-Constructive stitches are divided into

A:-Even basting and uneven basting

B:-Constructive and decorative stitches

C:-Temporary and permanent stitches

D:-None of these

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question26:-What is the use of Tailors tack in sewing?

A:-Transfer marks on a lower layer of fabric

B:-Used for long length of seams and fold

C:-Simplest of all the hand stitch

D:-All of these

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question27:-Single Needle lock stitch machine is used for stitching

A:-Collar sewing

B:-Label attachment

C:-Pocket attachment

D:-All of the above

Correct Answer: - Option-D

Question28:-What is the major function of pressure foot lifter?

A:-Control the length of stitch

B:-Hold the cloth firmly in position

C:-For raising and lowering the presser foot D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-C Question29:-Find the odd one out A:-Bhawan bagh B:-Sarpallo C:-Sainchi D:-Murri Correct Answer:- Option-D Question 30:- The stitch that can be used to decorate the edge is A:-Spider B:-French knot C:-Blanket D:-Satin Correct Answer:- Option-C Question31:-One of the surface ornamentation technique is A:-Embroidery B:-Cutting C:-Sewing D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-A Question32:-Example of looped stitch is A:-Back stitch B:-Cross stitch C:-Satin stitch D:-Chain stitch Correct Answer:- Option-D Question33:-What is the major function of take up lever? A:-Control the length of stitch B:-Hold the spool of thread C:-To feed the thread to the needle D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-C Question34:-Sewing Needles are made of A:-Plated steel B:-Nickel plated steel

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C:-Steel
     D:-None of these
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question35:-Transferring of design with the help of
    A:-Brown paper
    B:-Velvet paper
    C:-Tracing paper
    D:-All of these
    Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question36:-Which is the major content of vegetable fibres?
    A:-Pectin
     B:-Cellulose
    C:-Minerals
    D:-Pectose
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question37:-The fibre which has a mineral origin is
    A:-Acrylic
    B:-Silk
    C:-Falx
    D:-Asbestos
    Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question38:-Mercerisation of cotton doesnot improve
    A:-Tensile strength
    B:-Colour
    C:-Lusture
    D:-Absorbtion
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question39:-Polymers are macromolecules built up by linking up of large number of
     A:-Isotopes
     B:-Monomers
    C:-Micro Polymers
    D:-None of the above
    Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 40:- Moisture regain percentage of ramie fibre
    A:-5
     B:-6
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D:-8 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question41:-The fabric in which a proportion of the threads either warp or weft are made to project at right angles from a foundation texture A:-Denim Fabric B:-Gauze Fabric C:-Poplin Fabric D:-Pile Fabric Correct Answer:- Option-D Question42:-The outer waxy layer of cotton fibre is A:-Primary wall B:-Cuticle C:-Lumen D:-Secondary wall Correct Answer: - Option-B Question43:-Which is not a bast fibre? A:-Flax B:-Cotton C:-Hemp D:-Ramie Correct Answer:- Option-B Question44:-Cross section of wool fibre is usually A:-Hexagonal B:-Triangular C:-Square D:-Oval Correct Answer:- Option-D Question45:-Process of removing sericin from silk filament A:-Degumming B:-Scouring C:-Carbonisation D:-Singeing Correct Answer:- Option-A Ouestion46:-Which one is a meta-aramid fibre? A:-Acetate

C:-12

B:-Viscose C:-Nomex D:-Wool Correct Answer:- Option-C Question47:-Choose the strongest textile fibre available today A:-Cotton B:-Silk C:-Nylon D:-Kevlar Correct Answer:- Option-D Question48:-Identify the odour of silk while burning A:-Similar to burning paper B:-Chemical odour C:-Similar to burning hair D:-Acrid (Hot Vinegar) Correct Answer:- Option-C Question49:-Fabric thickness is related to A:-Sum of warp and weft diameter B:-Sum of crimp heights C:-Sum of yarn diameter and crimp height D:-Sum of warp and weft spacing Correct Answer:- Option-C Question 50:- Choose the finest cotton variety from the given list A:-Sea island cotton B:-Egyptian cotton C:-Indian cotton D:-African cotton Correct Answer: - Option-A Question51:-The darts which are wide in the middle and pointed at both ends are called A:-Slashed darts B:-Half darts C:-Standard darts D:-Full darts Correct Answer:- Option-D

Ouestion52:-Contour dart is a variation of

A:-French dart B:-Full dart C:-Half dart D:-Standard dart Correct Answer:- Option-B Ouestion53:-Pick the odd one out A:-Side seam B:-Piped seam C:-Corded seam D:-Top stitched seam Correct Answer:- Option-A Question54:-Which among the below is not a supporting seam technique? A:-Trimming B:-Piping C:-Grading D:-Trim a corner Correct Answer:- Option-B Question55:-Pleat width is A:-The width of material before pleating B:-The distance between two neighbouring outer folds C:-The distance between inner and outer folds D:-Total width of a fabric Correct Answer:- Option-B Question 56:-If the pleat width = pleat depth, the pleats are called A:-Shallow pleats B:-Overlapping pleats C:-Normal pleats D:-Darts Correct Answer:- Option-C Question57:-Which among the given tucks can be used for shaping a garment? A:-Plain tucks B:-Corded tucks C:-Dart tucks D:-Shell tucks

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question58:-A tucker foot can be used for making tucks upto

- A:-2.5 cm in width
- B:-2.5 inches in width
- C:-5 cm in width
- D:-5 inches in width

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question59:-Which among the given statements is correct about ladies garments?

- i) Placket should lap left over right
- ii) Placket should lap right over left
- iii) Plackets either lap left over right or right over left
 - A:-Only i is correct
 - B:-Only ii is correct
 - C:-Both i and ii are correct
 - D:-i, ii, and iii are correct
 - Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question60:-The basic type of zipper is

- A:-Open end zipper
- B:-Coil zipper
- C:-Ladder zipper
- D:-Chain zipper
- Correct Answer: Option-D

Question61:-What to do for avoiding wrinkles on the outer edge of a patch pocket?

- A:-Press the pocket firmly
- B:-Ease stitch should be given on the curved area before stitching
- C:-Notches should be given
- D:-Stitches must be strengthened by giving a straight or triangular bar

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question62:-Widest part of a sleeve pattern may termed as

- A:-Cap height
- B:-Sleeve cap
- C:-Biceps level
- D:-Elbow level

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question63:-In slashed pockets, if the lip piece is wider-the pocket is called

- A:-Welt pocket
- B:-Patch pocket
- C:-Bound pocket
- D:-Inseam pocket

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question64:-A useful tool to bring out the corners of collar after turning to right side is

A:-Darning mushroom

B:-Awl

C:-Pattern punch

D:-Bodkin

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question65:-Name the collar which has a 'V' shape in front and square at the back

A:-Peterpan collar

B:-Sailor collar

C:-Mandarin collar

D:-Bertha collar

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question66:-Which color scheme used only a single color and its tints and shades?

A:-Traid 4

B:-Analogus 5

C:-Monochromatic

D:-Acromatic

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question67:-In which color scheme you can see the combination of yellow with redviolet and blue-violet?

A:-Triad

B:-Complementary

C:-Split complementary

D:-Double split

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question68:-Which color scheme has the combination of colors next to each other on the color wheel?

A:-Analogous

B:-Diad

C:-Complementary

D:-Monochromatic

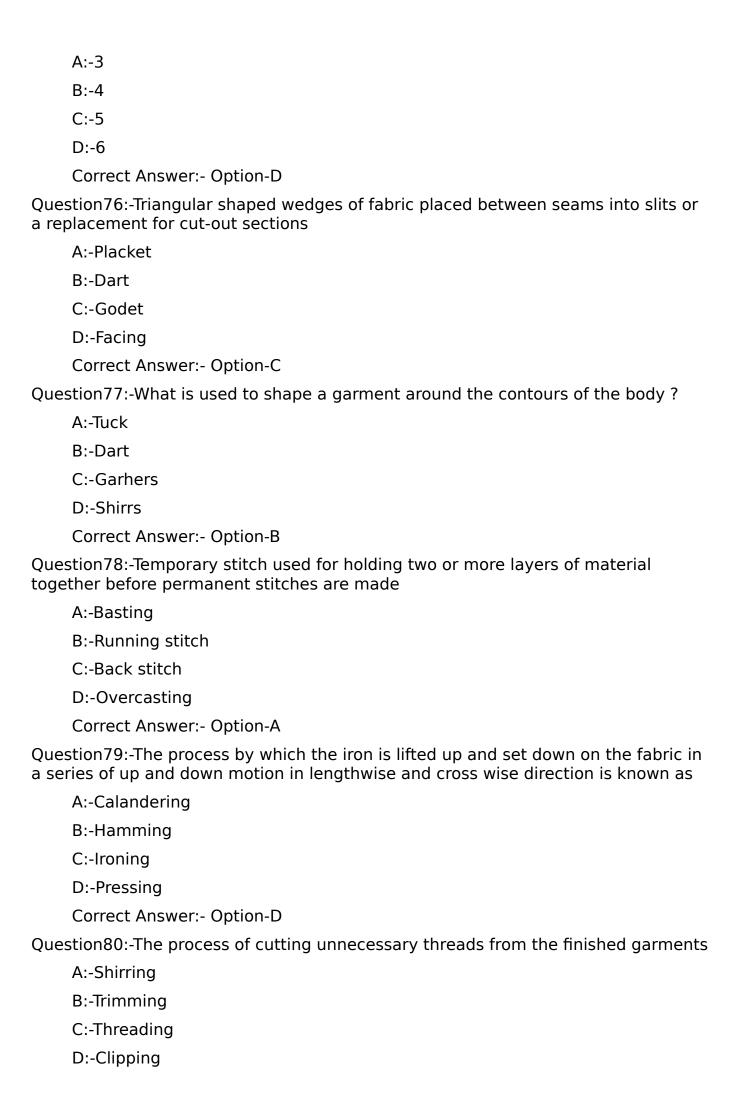
Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question69:-Brightness or dullness of a color is referred to as

A:-Hue

B:-Tone

- C:-Value D:-Intensity Correct Answer:- Option-D
- Question 70:- A color scheme that includes only those colors that are not found on the color wheel
 - A:-Vivid color scheme
 - B:-Neutral color scheme
 - C:-Analogous color scheme
 - D:-Tranquil color scheme
 - Correct Answer:- Option-B
- Question71:-Which hues are known as advancing hues?
 - A:-Warm hues
 - B:-Cool hues
 - C:-Soft hues
 - D:-Contrasting hues
 - Correct Answer: Option-A
- Question72:-Which among the following is an example for diad color scheme?
 - A:-Blue and violet
 - B:-Orange and Blue
 - C:-Blue and Blue purple
 - D:-Green and purple
 - Correct Answer:- Option-A
- Question73:-Which among the following is an example for secondary color?
 - A:-Red
 - B:-Yellow green
 - C:-Violet
 - D:-Red purple
 - Correct Answer:- Option-C
- Question74:-The combination of pink, red and maroon can be seen in which color harmony
 - A:-Analogus
 - B:-Triad
 - C:-Monochromatic
 - D:-Split complementary
 - Correct Answer:- Option-C
- Question75:-How many tertiary colors are there in the color wheel?



Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question81:-What is the slowest form of knitting usually made on machines with two needle beds and double latch Needles?

A:-Jacquard double knits

B:-Purl knits

C:-Rib knit

D:-Interlock

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-Which indicated the fineness of the stitch in knitting?

A:-Course

B:-Wale

C:-Gauge

D:-Latch

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question83:-What is the process in which a warp beam is set into a machine and yarn sets are interlooped to form a fabric?

A:-Filling

B:-Warp knitting

C:-Purl knits

D:-Jacquard knitting

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question84:-Number of wales and courses per square inch of a knitted fabric is called

A:-Stitch

B:-Wales

C:-Gauge

D:-Count

Correct Answer: - Option-D

Question85:-In knitting, what is defined by describing the number of stitches, not yarns in a specific direction

A:-Wales

B:-Fabric density

C:-Course

D:-Loop

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question86:-What is the method of producing vertically-oriented patterning with warp threads on a single Jersey weft knitted base structure?

A:-Warping B:-Open lap C:-Closed lap D:-Knitted stitch Correct Answer: - Option-A Question87:-Which is a special method of producing designs in knitted loops that form self contained areas of pure colours? A:-Horizontal striping B:-Plating C:-Individual stitch selection D:-Intarsia Correct Answer:- Option-D Question88:-Which knit is identified by its difficult designs and three dimensional surface pattern, used to make lace, sweater, swim suit etc. ? A:-Raschel knit B:-Tricot knit C:-Rib stitch D:-Jersey knit Correct Answer: - Option-A Question89:-The line of loops present along the length of the fabric is known as A:-Courses B:-Interlock stitch C:-Count D:-Wales Correct Answer:- Option-A Question 90:-It is a secondary weft knitting element which may be used to provide versatility of latch needle selection and movement A:-Cams B:-Jack C:-Sinker D:-Loops Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question91:-Why grain lines are drawn on pattern pieces while drafting?

A:-To calculate fabric requirement

B:-Patterns placed on correct grain line of fabric

C:-Easy while drafting

D:-To save time

Correct Answer:- Option-B Question92:-How a person's broad face and short neck can be shown longer? A:-Wear close neck garment B:-Wear short collar C:-Wear long pointed collar D:-Wear flat collar Correct Answer:- Option-C Question93:-Methods that include pattern making are A:-Darfting **B:-Draping** C:-Flat pattern making D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-D Ouestion94:-Pattern of the dress is made of A:-The whole part B:-The half part C:-The 1/4 part D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question 95:-Which of the following pattern are available in the market? A:-36", 34", 32" B:-12", 14", 16" C:-32", 42", 52" D:-32", 16", 52" Correct Answer:- Option-A Question 96: The drawing made according to paper pattern is called A:-Drafting B:-Pattern grading C:-Cutting of the cloth D:-Darts Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question 97:- These types of paper patterns are available in ready-made form

A:-Graded paper pattern

B:-Standardised paper pattern

C:-Commercial paper pattern

D:-Individual paper pattern

Co	orrect Answer:- Option-C
Questio	on98:-Drafting can also be called
A:-	-Block pattern method
B:-	-Draping method
C:-	-Grading method
D:	-Layout
Co	orrect Answer:- Option-A
Questio	on99:-A is the starting point for flat pattern designing.
A:-	-Compass
B:-	-Protractor
C:-	-Sloper
D:	-All of these
Co	orrect Answer:- Option-C
Questio	on100: is a pattern making tool used to shape arm hole
A:-	-French curve
B:-	-Push pin
C:-	-Rulers
D:-	-Tracing wheel
Co	orrect Answer:- Option-A