## FINAL ANSWER KEY

Paper: The Kerala Forest Act and Rule - II PAPER Date of Test 01-11-2022 Question1:-Kerala Forest Act was A:-Act 4 of 1960 B:-Act 4 of 1961 C:-Act 4 of 1962 D:-Act 4 of 1963 Correct Answer:- Option-C Question2:-Forest officer means A:-Chief conservator of forest B:-Forest Range Officer C:-Beat Forest Officer D:-Discharge any function of a forest officer under Kerala Forest Act Correct Answer:- Option-D Question3:-The word "Forest" must be understood A:-as defined in the Kerala Forest Act B:-as defined in the Section 2(i) of the Forest Conservation Act C:-as defined in section 2 of the Indian Forest Act
D:-as defined in section 2 of the Wild Life Protection Act Correct Answer:-Ouestion Cancelled Question4:-Following is a forest produce A:-Bamboo mat B:-Veneer C:-Articles produced from chips of bamboo D:-Soil in a private compound Correct Answer:- Option-B Question5:-Forest settlement officer has the power of A:-Criminal court B:-Forest tribunal C:-Magistrate court D:-Civil court Correct Answer:- Option-D Question6:-Appeals from orders of Forest settlement officer is to A:-District court B:-High court C:-Chief conservator of Forest D:-Head of Forest Force (HOFF) Correct Answer:- Option-A Question7:-What is the minimum punishment for an offence in a Reserve Forest A:-imprisonment for 3 months B:-Imprisonment for 6 months C:-Imprisonment for one year D:-Imprisonment for two years Correct Answer:- Option-C Question8:-Charcoal which is a property of Government is seized. Where is should be produced? A:-Magistrate B:-Authorised officer C:-Court D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question9: A person moves a boundary mark of a forest. What is the maximum punishment for that offence? A:-Imprisonment for 1 year B:-Imprisonment for 2 years C:-Imprisonment for 3 years D:-Imprisonment for 6 months Correct Answer:- Option-B Question10:-When a Forest Officer can arrest without warrant? A:-A person commits a non cognizable offence B:-Person is a proclaimed offender C:-Person refuses to disclose his name and address D:-Person tries to run away Correct Answer:- Option-C Question11:-What is compounding? A:-Collect sum of money by way of compensation for the offence B:-Confiscate the forest produce involved in the offence C:-Release the forest produce after warning the accused D:-Commit the case for trial Correct Answer:- Option-A Question12:-Which is the law authorising compounding
A:-Indian Penal Code B:-Indian Evidence Act C:-Civil Procedure code D:-Criminal Procedure code Correct Answer:- Option-D Question13:-What further action can be taken against the accused after the offence is compounded A:-No further proceedings shall be taken B:-He can be barred from entering the forest for next 6 months C:-He may be charged before a court D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question14:-Under which law a forest officer can compell attendance of a witness

A:-Criminal Procedure Code

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B:-Indian Penal Code
     C:-Civil Procedure Code
     D:-Wild life Protection Act
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question15:-A forest officer represents his brother in bidding timber in a forest depot.
     A:-He will be punished under Civil Procedure Code
     B:-He will be prosecuted under Criminal Procedure Code
     C:-He will be punished under Indian Evidence Act
     D:-He will be proceeded against under the Kerala Civil Service (Control, Classification and Appeal) Rules
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 16: A person promises to purchase timber stolen from Forest and he subsequently purchases it. What is the punishment for which he is
liable
     A:-Imprisonment for 3 months
     B:-Imprisonment for 6 months
     C:-Imprisonment for 9 months
     D:-Imprisonment for 1 year
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question17:-When an ordinance is promulgated
     A:-After a bill is placed in the Assembly
     B:-When Assembly is not in session
     C:-When a minister urgently needs an ordinance
     D:-When Governor considers that an ordinance is to be promulgated
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question18:-Who is not an owner as per Kerala Private Forest (Vesting and Assignment) Act, 1971.
     A:-Mortgagee
     C:-A person having right of possessions and enjoyment of the private forest
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question19:-When does the private forest vest in Government
     A:-10th March 1971
     B:-10th April 1971
     C:-10th May 1971
     D:-10th June 1971
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question20:-Appeal from the decision of Forest Tribunal, in case of private forest is before
     A:-Custodian of vested forest
     B:-High court
     C:-District court
     D:-Chief conservator of forest
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question21:-Private forest is to be vested after paying compensation to
     A:-Owner of the private forest
     B:-The Joint family which owns the private forest
     C:-To the Trust which holds the private forest
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question22:-Custodian has the following power of a civil court in case of a private forest
     A:-Arresting a person
     B:-Imposing fine on a person
     C:-Receiving evidence on affidavit
     D:-Evicting a person
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question23:-A person approaches a munsiff court against vesting of his private forest. Which is the correct procedure?
     A:-He should first approach concerned divisional forest officer
    B:-He should first approach high court
C:-He should first approach District Court
     D:-He should first approach forest tribunal
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question24:-Which of the following does not come under 'forest produce' as per the Kerala Forest Produce (Fixation of selling price) Act, 1978
    A:-Bamboos
     B:-Reeds
     C:-Terminalia bellerica (Thanni)
     D:-Tectona grandis (Teak)
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question25:-What is 'billet' as per The Kerala Forest Produce (Fixation of selling price) Rules, 1978
     A:-Timber Having length of 50 cm
     B:-Timber having length of 1 meter
     C:-Timber having length of 1.5 meter
     D:-Timber having length of 2.0 meter
    Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question26:-Following is not a tree defined as 'Tree' under Kerala Preservation of Trees Act, 1986
    A:-Irul
     B:-Thanni
     C:-Cheeni
     D:-Kampakam
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question27:-Which is a 'diseased tree' as per Kerala Preservation of Trees, Act, 1986
     A:-Top dying of main trunk down to half of height
    B:-No live tissues
     C:-Natural absence of barks
     D:-Absence of live leaves
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question28:-Extent of land owned by a 'small holder' under Kerala promotion of tree growth in Non-forest Areas Act, 2005
     A:-Not exceeding half hectare
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B:-Not exceeding one hectare
     C:-Not exceeding two acres
     D:-Not exceeding five acres
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 29: Following is not a specified tree under the Kerala promotion of Tree Growth in Non-Forest Areas, Act 2005
     A:-Irul (Xylia xylocarpa)
     B:-Thempayu (Terminalia tomentosa)
    C:-Mavu(Mangifera indica)
D:-Rosewoods (Dalbergia latifshin)
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 30:-No permission is necessary to cut the following tree under the The Kerala Promotion of Tree Growth in Non-forest Areas, Act 2005
     A:-Plavu (Artocarpus heterophyllus)
    B:-Kampakam (Hopea parviflora)
C:-Chandana Vempu (Cedrela toona)
     D:-Ebony (Diospyrus sp)
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question31:-Who is the 'authorised officer' under the Kerala Promotion of Tree Growth in non-forest areas Rules, 2011
    A:-Forest section officer
     B:-Divisional Forest Officer
     C:-Forest Range Officer
     D:-Forest beat officer
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question32:-What is an ecologically fragile land?
     A:-A portion of land owned by a person and encircle by a Reserve Forest
    B:-A land contiguous to a private land
    C:-A land encircled by any land owned by Government
     D:-A land predominantly supporting vegetation
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question 33: How many ordinances were promulgated prior to enacting Kerala Forest (vesting and management of ecologically fragile lands) Act,
     B:-Three
     C:-Four
     D:-Five
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question34:-What is a 'forest' under Kerala Forest (vesting and management of ecologically fragile lands) Act, 2003
     A:-Any land principally covered with naturally grown trees
     B:-Tea plantation adjusant to residence
     C:-Coffee plantation with less number of trees
     D:-Cardamom plantation with naturally grown trees
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question35:-What is the object of Kerala Forest (vesting and management of ecologically fragile lands) Act, 2003
     A:-To vest ecological lands in Government
     B:-To protect ecological lands from misuse
     C:-To maintain ecological balance and conserving the bio diversity
     D:-To increase forest cover of the state
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question36:-Under what circumstances compensation is made while vesting ecologically fragile lands under Kerala Forest (vesting and management of ecologically fragile lands) Act, 2003
     A:-Under section 2(f) of the Act
    B:-Under section 4 of the Act
     C:-Under section 3 of the Act
     D:-Under section 5 of the Act
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question37:-When do ecologically fragile lands get vested in Government
     A:-First June 2000
     B:-Second June 2000
     C:-Third June 2000
     D:-Fourth June 2000
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 38:-What is the function of ecologically fragile land claim dispute redressal committee
     A:-inspects and report if the disputed land is having an extent of not more than two hectares
    B:-Inspects and report is the disputed land is having an extent of not more than 2 acres
     C:-Inspect and report if the disputes land is having an extent of not more than 2.5 acres
     D:-Inspect and report if the disputes land is having an extent of more than 2.5 hectares
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question39:-Who is the Chairman of the Ecologically Fragile land claim dispute redressal committee
     A:-Principal chief conservator of forests
     B:-Custodian of ecologically fragile lands
     C:-District collector
     D:-Local divisional forest officer
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question40:-What is the function of Advisory committee under the Kerala Forest (Vesting and Management of ecologically fragile lands) Act, 2003
     A:-Advise Government regarding amendments to be made in the act
    B:-Advise Government to declare lands which are ecologically fragile
     C:-Advise Government to pay compensation for ecologically fragile lands
     D:-Advice Government to delete lands which are vested as ecologically fragile
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question41:-Which are the lands coming under The Kerala Grants and leases (modification of Rights) Act, 1980
    A:-Grants and leases made by British Government
     B:-Grants and leases made by Madras Presidency
     C:-Grants and leases made by Travancore and Cochin states
     D:-Grants and leases made by Samoothiri
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question42:-What is 'critical wild life habitat'?
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A:-An area in a Reserve Forest
     B:-An area in a ecologically fragile land
     C:-An area in a community reserve
     D:-An area in a national park
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question43:-What is a 'Forest village'?
     A:-A settlement of scheduled tribes
     B:-A village near a forest area
C:-A settlement established within forest
D:-An area where forest community conducts cultivation
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question44:-What is a Grama Sabha?
     A:-An assembly of villagers
B:-An assembly consisting of all adult members of a village
     C:-An assembly headed by a grama mukhyan D:-None of the above
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question45:-Minor forest produce does not include
     A:-Bamboo
     B:-Cane
     C:-Wax
     D:-Fire wood
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question46:-Which are 'Scheduled areas' mentioned in scheduled tribes and other traditional forest dwellers Act, 2006?
     A:-Areas mentioned in Article 243 of constitution
     B:-Areas mentioned in Article 244 of constitution
      C:-Areas mentioned in Article 245 of constitution
     D:-Areas mentioned in Article 246 of constitution
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question47:-Other Forest dwellers means
     A:-Who has lived 2 generations in forest
     B:-Who has lived 25 years in forest
      C:-Who has resided in an depend on forest for three generations
      D:-Who has resided in forests for 30 years
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question48:-How many trees can be cut for diversion of forest land for constructing an school in a forest village
     A:-Seventy tress per hectare
     B:-Seventy five trees per hectare
     C:-Eighty trees per hectare
     D:-Eighty five trees per hectare
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question49:-Who prepares the list of claimants of forest rights
     A:-Forest range officer
     B:-Sub divisional committee
     C:-Grama Sabha
     D:-Forest Village
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question50:-Who provides forest and revenue maps and electoral roll to grama sabha
     A:-Divisional Forest officer
     B:-Forest Range officer
     C:-Tribal Development Officer
     D:-Sub division level committee
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question51:-Who publicise records of finalized forest rights
      A:-District level committee
     B:-State level committee
     C:-District collector
     D:-Divisional forest officer
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question52:-Wild life protection Act, 1972 is
     A:-a central act
     B:-a state act
     C:-a concurrent act of centre and state
     D:-none of the above
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question53:-Animal under Wild Life Protection Act, includes A:-Animal trophies
     B:-Animal posters
C:-Eggs of animals
     D:-Animal article
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question54:-Habitat means
A:-Natural home of any wild animal
     B:-Home of a captive animal
     C:-Home of an animal in a zoo
     D:-Home of an animal in a circus
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question55:-Hunting means
     A:-Carrying a gun in a national park
     B:-Baiting a wild animal
     C:-Cooking animal meat
     D:-Exhibiting a wild animal
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
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Question56:-Which one of the following is not a 'protected area'?

A:-National park

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B:-Sanctuary
     C:-Community reserve
     D:-A private area adjusant to National Park
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question57:-What is the breadth of Territorial waters?
     A:-10 nautical miles
B:-11 nautical miles
     C:-12 nautical miles
D:-15 nautical miles
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question58:-What is trophy?
     A:-An award to a winner
B:-Part of a captive animal
     C:-Party of a vermin
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question59:-Who is the chairman of National Board for Wildlife?
     A:-President of India
     B:-Prime Minister of India
     C:-Minister for forest, wild life and climatic changes
     D:-Secretary for forest, wild life and climatic change department
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question60:-Who is the member secretary of state board of wild life?
     A:-Secretary, Forests and Wild life department
     B:-Head of the Forest Forces
     C:-Minister for Forests and Wild life department
     D:-Chief Wild life warden
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question61:-Who can permit hunting of a schedule 1 animal
     A:-Chief Wild life Warden
     B:-Chief Conservator of Forests (Wild Life)
     C:-Head of forest force
     D:-District Collector
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question62:-Hunting of wild boar in Kerala is ordered under the following section of Wild life (protection) Act, 1972
     A:-Section 10
     B:-Section 11
     C:-Section 12
     D:-Section 13
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question63:-Who will issue a notification specifying the limits of area of a santuary
     A:-District Collector
     B:-Head of Forest Force
     C:-Central Government
     D:-State Government
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question64:-What is the distance from a sanctuary which needs prior permission of chief wild life warden for granting of gun licence
     A:-Within 8 kilometers
     B:-Within 9 kilometers
     C:-Within 10 kilometers
     D:-Within 11 kilometers
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question65:-Who shall declare an area as National Park?
     A:-Central Government
     B:-State Government
     C:-National Board of Wild Life
     D:-State Board for Wild life
     Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question66:-What types of rights are permitted within a National Park?
A:-All rights are vested in State Government
     B:-Fishing
     C:-Grazing
     D:-All rights are vested in Central Government
     Correct Answer:-Question Cancelled
Question67:-An area linking a protected area with another is declared as
     A:-Sanctuary
     B:-National park
     C:-Community reserve
     D:-Conservation reserve
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question68:-Who shall manage a community reserve?
     A:-Village Panchayath
     B:-Block Panchayath
     C:-District Panchayath
     D:-Forest Range Officer
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question69:-Who shall recognize a zoo?
     A:-Central Government
     B:-Central Zoo authority
     C:-State Zoo authority
     D:-National wild life board
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 70:- Who is the chairperson of National Tiger Conservation Authority
     A:-Prime Minister
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B:-Central Minister for Forests and Wild life

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C:-Central Secretary for Forests and wild life
     D:-A prominent tiger conservationist
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question71:-Who identify the buffer zone of a Tiger Reserve?
     A:-State Tiger Conservation Authority
     B:-State Government
C:-National Tiger Conservation Authority
     D:-Central Government
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question72:-When State Government can denotify a Tiger Reserve
     A:-When tigers become dangerous
     B:-When the area is required for a plantation
     C:-When the State Government wants to use it for establishing an agricultural form
     D:-When the area is to be denotified for public interest
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question73:-Who shall collect intelligence related to Wild life crimes
     A:-Wild life Crime Control Bureau
     B:-Wild life Crime Detection Bureau
     C:-Wild life Crime Regulating Bureau
     D:-Wild life Crime Investigating Bureau
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question74:-A person imports Ivory from Africa
     A:-It is a property of customs department
     B:-It is a property of enforcement department
     C:-It is his property
     D:-It is a Government property
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question75:-What shall a person do to inherit a wildlife trophy
     A:-Declare to Chief Wild life warden
     B:-Declare to State Wild life Board
     C:-Declare to National Wildlife Board
     D:-Declare to concerned State Government
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question 76:- Who will issue certificate of ownership to a trophy
     A:-Divisional Forest Officer
     B:-Conservator of forests (Wildlife)
     C:-Chief Wildlife warden
     D:-Forest Range officer
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question77:-Who can issue a search warrant under wildlife protection act, 1972?
     A:-Forest Range officer
     B:-Inspector of Police
     C:-Deputy Forest Range Officer
     D:-Wildlife Warden
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question78:-What is the maximum punishment provided in wild life protection Act, 1972?
     A:-Imprisonment for a period not less than 1 year
     B:-Imprisonment for a period not less than 7 years
     C:-Imprisonment for a period not less than 10 years
     D:-Life imprisonment
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question79:-What types of offences cannot be compounded under Wildlife Protection Act, 1972?
     A:-An offence for which a minimum period of offence has been prescribed
     B:-Fishing in a reserve forest
     C:-Collecting minor forest produce in a sanctuary
     D:-An offence in a conservation reserve
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question80:-Which animals can be declared as vermin under wildlife protection Act, 1972?
     A:-Belonging to schedule I
     B:-Belonging to Part II of schedule II
     C:-Belonging to Part III
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question81:-Following is not a Schedule I animal
     A:-Black buck
B:-Cheetah
     C:-Leopard
D:-Barking deer
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question82:-Vermins come under
     A:-Part II of Schedule II
B:-Schedule VI
     C:-Schedule IV
     D:-Schedule V
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question83:-Which person is eligible for compensation under compensation to victims of Attack by wild animals, rules 1980?
     A:-Person convicted under wild life protection act, 1972
     B:-A tourist who has gone inside a sanctuary after taking a ticket from the authorities
     C:-Crops raised by a person having gun licence
D:-Person killed by a captive elephant
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question84:-Which is not an 'anti social activity' under Kerala Anti-Social Activities (Prevention) Act, 2007
     A:-Acts affecting public health
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B:-Acts affecting ecology
    C:-Acts involving counterfeiting
     D:-Teasing of animals
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question85:-Who is a "loan shark"
     A:-A shark found in Indian Ocean
     B:-A money lender
    C:-A shark included in Schedule I of Wild life Protection Act
    D:-A shark included in the 'Red list' of IUCN
     Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question86:-Maximum period of detention confirmed by Advisory Board under Kerala Anti-Social Activities (Prevention)Act, 2007
     A:-Six months
    B:-Three months
C:-24 hours
    D:-One year
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question87:-Maximum time permitted to make a captive elephant walk at stretch
    A:-one hour
     B:-two hours
     C:-three hours
     D:-four hours
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question88:-Which is a "non-forest purpose" under forest (conservation)Act, 1980
     A:-Cultivation of spices
    B:-Planting teak
    C:-Planting eucalyptus
     D:-Planting exotics
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question89:-Following relate to trade in endangered species of wild fauna and flora
    A:-IUCN
     B:-CITES
    C:-KAAPA
     D:-Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
     Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question 90:-What does Ramsar convention mean
     A:-Wet lands
     B:-Deserts
    C:-Mangroves
     D:-Volcanos
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question91:-What are the Articles in the Indian Constitution related to Environment and Forest?
    A:-Article 14
    B:-Article 19
    C:-Article 48A
     D:-Article 21
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question92:-Which is the article under 'Fundamental duties which refer to forest and environment'
     A:-51(A)a
    B:-51(A)g
     C:-51(A)d
    D:-51(A)e
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question93:-Where did U.N conference on the Human Environment take place
     A:-Johannas berg
    B:-Kyoto
     C:-Rio
    D:-Stockholm
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question94:-Purpose of 'National Green Tribunal'
     A:-Pay compensation under forest conservation act
    B:-To make India more green
     C:-To bring 33.33% of land area under forest in India
    D:-To provide speedy environmental justice
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question95:-T.N. Godavarma Thirurmulpad V union was initiated based on a petition regarding
    A:-Excess saw mills in India
B:-Large scale tree felling in the north-east
    C:-Large scale fellings in the Nilgiris
D:-Large scale fellings in Nilambur
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question96:-Who has to declare "Wild boar as a vermin and add to Schedule V"
    A:-Central Government
    B:-State Government
     C:-National Board for wild life
    D:-State Board for wild life
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question97:-What is the presumption regarding the ownership of a forest produce, if there is a dispute regarding the ownership
     A:-Belongs to the party which possesses it
    B:-Belongs to the party who produces records regarding the ownership
     C:-State Government
     D:-District Collector
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question98:-Will the property be released to the person when he pays the fine for compounding
    A:-Yes
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B:-He will have to wait for the disposal of the case before the court

C:-He will have to give an undertaking that he will not repeat the offence
D:-Apart from fine he will have to pay the value of the produce as fixed by the officer concerned
Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question99:-An accused is acquitted for a forest offence by a competent court. Forest Range officer again files a fresh complaint on the same issue against him in the court. Is it tenable

A:-Forest officer can adduce fresh evidence and file a fresh petition

B:-Barred by double jeopardy

C:-Forest office can give a chance to compound the offence

D:-Forest officer can issue a warning not to repeat the offence

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question 100:-A vehicle is confiscated for illegally transporting a forest produce. Forest officer charges a case under section 27 of the Forest Act for the same offence. Is it legally tenable

A:-No person shall be prosecuted twice for the same offence

B:-If the vehicle and forest produce both are confiscated another offence cannot be charged for the same offence

C:-Another offence under section 27 can be charged

D:-Forest officer will be punished for malicious prosecution

Correct Answer:- Option-C