FINAL ANSWER KEY

Paper: Book-keeping (Theory and Practical) (Paper III) Date of Test 17-10-2022 Question1:-Under diminishing balance method, depreciation is calculated on A:-Original cost B:-Written down value C:-Scrap value D:-Market value Correct Answer:- Option-B Question2:-Current liabilities are such obligation which are to be satisfied A:-Within 2 years B:-Within one year C:-Within 3 years
D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question3:-Expense paid for sale trade is shown A:-On the debit side of trading account
B:-On the debit side of profit and loss account C:-On deduction from capital in the balance sheet D:-On addition to capital in the balance sheet Correct Answer:- Option-A Question4:-Goodwill is a A:-Current asset B:-Tangible asset C:-Intangible asset D:-Expense Correct Answer:- Option-C Question5:-Return inwards appearing in the trial balance is deducted from A:-Purchases B:-Sales C:-Return outward D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question6:-Depreciation is provided on A:-Current assets B:-Intangible assets C:-Fixed assets D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question7:-Outstanding income is A:-An asset B:-A liability C:-An expense D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-A Question8:-Prepaid rent is shown as A:-An asset B:-A Liability C:-An expense D:-Income Correct Answer:- Option-A Question9:-Goods withdrawn for personal use are called A:-Cash B:-Drawings C:-Capital D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question10:-A person to whom money is owed by a firm against purchase of goods is known as A:-Creditor B:-Debtor C:-Both (1) and (2) D:-None of these Correct Answer: - Option-A Question11:-The assets that can be converted into cash within a short period are known as A:-Current Assets **B:-Fixed Assets** C:-Intangible Assets D:-Investment Correct Answer:- Option-A Question12:-Patent, copyrights and trademarks are A:-Current Assets **B:-Fixed Assets** C:-Intangible Assets D:-Investment Correct Answer:- Option-C Question13:-The debts which are to be fixed within a year are known as A:-Fixed liabilities B:-Current liabilities C:-Contingent liabilities D:-All of above

Correct Answer:- Option-B Question14:-The sales are also called as

A:-Transaction

B:-Sales returns C:-Turnover D:-Purchase returns Correct Answer:- Option-C Question15:-Which of the following is not a business transaction? A:-Bought furniture of Rs. 26,000 for business B:-Paid Rs. 2,000 for salaries of employees C:-Paid Rs. 5,000 from personal Bank a/c for domestic use D:-All of above Correct Answer:- Option-C Question16:-Which of following is not a fixed asset? A:-Building B:-Land and Machinery C:-Balance with bank D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-C Question17:-Which of the following transaction is not of financial character? A:-Purchase of asset on credit B:-Purchase of asset for cash C:-Withdrew cash for personal use D:-Strike by employees Correct Answer:- Option-D Question18:-A liability arises because of A:-Cash transaction B:-Credit transaction C:-Both (1) and (2) D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-B Question 19: The amount invested by the proprietor in a business is termed as A:-Capital B:-Cash C:-Revenue D:-All of these Correct Answer:- Option-A Question20:-Bank overdraft is a A:-Short term liability B:-Long term liability C:-Income D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-A Question21:-Purchase refers to the buying of A:-Stationary for office use B:-Assets of factory C:-Goods for resale D:-Investment Correct Answer:- Option-C Question22:-Revenue from operation refers to A:-Revenue earned from operating activities B:-Revenue earned from activities that are not operating activities C:-Both (1) and (2) D:-None of these Correct Answer:- Option-A Question23:-Which of following will not be recorded in the book of Account? A:-Sales of goods B:-Payment of salary C:-Quality of staff D:-Purchases of goods Correct Answer:- Option-C Question24:-Book keeping is mainly concerned with A:-Recording financial data reality to business B:-Designing for systems recording classifying and summarizing records data C:-Interpreting data for internal and external users D:-All of above Correct Answer:- Option-D Question25:-Book keeping provides the A:-Primary information relating to a business B:-Personal information of the Proprietor C:-Annual information from the financial institution only D:-Tax related information of the business only Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question26:-Modern system of book keeping is A:-Single entry systems B:-Double entry system C:-British system of accounting D:-None of the above Correct Answer:- Option-B Question27:-Supply of goods and services in exchange of money between two parties is known as A:-Goods transaction

B:-Service transaction C:-Business transaction D:-Credit transactions Correct Answer:- Option-C

A:-Recording the transaction

Question28:-Which is the last step of accounting as process of information?

C:-Communication of information
D:-Analysis and interpretation of information
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question29:-Which of following is not an internal user of financial statements?
A:-Board of Director
B:-Managers
C:-Employees
D:-Lenders
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question30:-The goods which are purchased for purposes of resale are called
A:-Assets
B:-Goodwill
C:-Goods/Inventory
D:-Debentures
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question31:-Factory fuel expense will be shown in the
A:-Debit side of trading account
B:-Credit side of trading account
C:-Balance sheet asset side
D:-Balance sheet liability side
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question32:-Any written evidence in support of business transaction is called
A:-Cash Memo B:-Invoice
C:-Voucher
D:-None of these
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question33:-Book keeping is a systematic record of all transaction.
A:-Personal
B:-Financial
C:-Non-Financial
D:-All of these
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question34:-Which of the following will be recorded in the books of account?
A:-Sales of goods
B:-Payment of salary
C:-Purchases of gods
D:-All of the above
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question35:-Which is the first step of accounting as a process of information?
A:-Recording the transaction
B:-Preparation of financial statement
C:-Identification of information
D:-Analysis and Interpretation of information
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 36:-Transactions are posted into ledger account from
A:-Vouchers
B:-Journal C:-Bank Statement
D:-None of these
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question37:-Which of the following is an internal user of financial statement?
A:-Board of Directors
B:-Managers
C:-Employees
D:-All of the above
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 38:-Any form of accounting which enables a business to be conducted more efficiently can be regarded as accounting.
A:-Financial
B:-Management
C:-Cost
D:-None
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 39:-A process of accounting that recognizes the impact of transactions on the financial statements in the time periods when revenues and
expenses occur instead of when cash is received or disbursed is called basis.
A:-Accrual
B:-Cash
C:-None
D:-(1) and (2)
Correct Answer:- Option-A Question40:- are the present obligations arising from past events. It also arises when an asset is created or acquired.
Question40: are the present obligations arising from past events. It also arises when an asset is created or acquired. A:-Asset
B:-Liabilities
C:-Equity
C. Eddisy D:-All
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question41:- is an increase in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of inflows or enhancements of assets or a
Question41 Is an increase in economic benefits during the accounting benoting in the form of innows of enhancements of assets of a
decrease in liabilities, there by increases equity and net worth.
decrease in liabilities, there by increases equity and net worth.
decrease in liabilities, there by increases equity and net worth. A:-Income B:-Equity C:-Expense
decrease in liabilities, there by increases equity and net worth. A:-Income B:-Equity C:-Expense D:-None
decrease in liabilities, there by increases equity and net worth. A:-Income B:-Equity C:-Expense

```
A:-Money measurement
     B:-Business Entity
     C:-Going Concerned
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question43:-
                        implies that a business unit is separate and distinct from the person who owns or controls it.
     A:-Money measurement
     B:-Business Entity
     C:-Going Concerned
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question44:-Outstanding wages A/c is ______A/c.
     A:-Personal
     B:-Real
     C:-Nominal
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question45:-Bad Debts A/C is
                                          A/c.
     A:-Real
     B:-Personal
     C:-Nominal
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question46:-The
                            _ accounting system provides a system of checks and balances.
     A:-Single Entry
     B:-Financial Entry
     C:-Double Entry
     D:-Triple Entry
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question47:-
                        is a brief explanation to a journal entry, given below the journal entry, within brackets.
     A:-Narration
     B:-Ledger
     C:-Credit
     D:-Debit
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question48:-A cashbook, which is used to record both cash and bank transactions, is referred to as a
     B:-2
     D:-4
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question49:-Which of the following accounts is prepared to find out the cost of production?
     A:-Manufacturing account
     B:-Trading account
     C:-Profit and Loss account
     D:-Balance Sheet
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question50:-Preliminary expenses are an example of
     A:-Capital expenditure
     B:-Revenue expenditure
     C:-Deferred Revenue expenditure
     D:-Capital loss
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question51:-Who draws Bills of Exchange?
     A:-Debtor
     B:-Bank
     C:-Fixed asset
     D:-Creditor
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question52:-Commerce is
     A:-Industry and trade
     B:-Trade and aids to trade
     C:-Industry and business
     D:-Industry and aids to trade
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question53:-In the double-entry system, every business transaction affects A:-To sides of the same account
     B:-The same side of two accounts
     C:-Two accounts
     D:-Cash account only
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question54:-The concept of conservatism takes into account A:-All expected income and losses
     B:-All expected income but no losses
     C:-All expected losses but no expected income
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question55:-Financial position of the business means
     A:-Position about profits and losses
     B:-Position about incomes and expenses
     C:-Position about liquid funds
     D:-What the business owes to others and what it owns at a given point of time
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question56:-A Bank Reconciliation Statement is a
```

```
A:-Part of Pass Book
     B:-Part of Cash Book
     C:-Statement prepared by the bank
     D:-Statement prepared by the customer
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question57:-Income from the sales of scrap is usually shown in
     A:-Profit and Loss account B:-Trading account
     C:-Manufacturing account
D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question58:-The book value of old furniture was Rs. 2,000. It was sold for Rs. 1,000. The difference is a
     A:-Revenue expenditure
     B:-Revenue loss
     C:-Deferred revenue expenditure
     D:-Capital loss
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question59:-Which of the following expenses will be shown in the Profit and Loss Account?
     A:-Wages
     B:-Carriage outwards
     C:-Fuel for manufacturing
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question60:-Salary paid to Rehman was recorded in the Cashbook as payment to Rehman. This is an error of
     A:-Omission
     B:-Commission
     C:-Compensating error
     D:-Principle
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question61:-Revenue is said to be realized when
     A:-The sale is made
     B:-Goods are manufactured
     C:-Cash is received
     D:-Carriage outwards is paid
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question62:-Initial repair incurred for using a second-hand car purchased recently
     A:-Capital expenditure
     B:-Revenue expenditure
     C:-Capital loss
     D:-Deferred revenue expenditure
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question63:-Sales are equal to
     A:-Cost of Goods Sold + Gross Profit
     B:-Cost of Goods Sold - Gross Profit
     C:-Gross Profit - Cost of Goods Sold
     D:-Cost of Goods Sold - Stock
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question64:-Depletion method of depreciation is more suitable for
     A:-Service industry
     B:-Mining industry
     C:-Intangible assets
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question65:-Operating profit earned by M/s Mohan and Pandey in 2011-12 was Rs. 16,00,000. Its non-operating incomes were Rs. 1,50,000 and
non-operating expenses were Rs. 3,75,000. Calculate the amount of net profit earned by the firm
     A:-Net profit Rs. 13,75,000
B:-Net loss Rs. 14,75,000
     C:-Net profit Rs. 7,50,000
D:-Net loss Rs. 7,37,500
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question66:-From the following information, calculate capital at the beginning :
                                                Rs.
Capital at the end of the year
                                                4,00,000
                                                 60,000
1,00,000
Drawings made during the year Fresh capital introduced during the year
Profit of the current year
                                                 80,000
     A:-1,30,000
     B:-2,60,000
     C:-4,80,000
     D:-4,60,000
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 67:- From the information given below, ascertain the profit for the year :
                                                       Rs.
70,000
Capital at the beginning of the year
Additional capital introduced during the year
                                                           17,500
                                                       59,500
Sundry debtors
Business premises
                                                        25,900
8,600
Machinery
                                                         2,100
Sundry creditors
                                                         33,400
Drawing made during the year
A:-Profit Rs. 3,200
B:-Profit Rs. 800
                                                           26,400
     C:-Profit Rs. 1,600
     D:-Profit Rs. 4,200
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
```

```
Question68:-From the following information, calculate total purchases for the year ended 31.03.2017 :
                                     30,000
Creditors April 01, 2016
Creditors March 31, 2017
                                     20,000
Opening balance of Bills Payable
                                     25,000
35.000
Closing balance of Bills Payable
Cash paid to creditors
                                   1,51,000
Bills discharged
                                     44,500
Cash purchases
Return outwards
                                   1 29 000
                                     6.000
     A:-Total purchases: Rs. 3,30,500
     B:-Total purchases: Rs. 2,90,000
     C:-Total purchases: Rs. 2,50,000
     D:-Total purchases: Rs. 2,06,000
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question69:-Calculate the amount of Bills Receivable dishnonoured from the following information:
                                           1,20,000
Opening balance of Bills Receivable
                                          1,85,000
Bills collected (honoured)
Bills Receivable endorsed
                                            22,800
Closing balance of Bills Receivable
                                             50,700
Bills Receivable received
                                          1.50.000
     A:-Rs. 23,000
B:-Rs. 5,750
     C:-Rs. 87,800
     D:-Rs. 11,500
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 70: The minimum number of persons required to form the partnership firms is
     A:-Two
     B:-Five
     C:-Three
     D:-One
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question71:-The written form of agreement of a partnership is called
     A:-Memorandum
     B:-Partnership Deed
     C:-License deed
     D:-Articles of Association
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question72:-Whenever a new partner is joined, the partnership firm will be
     A:-Reconstituted
     B:-Converted to Company
     C:-Converted to Proprietorship
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question 73:-If Veer and Trisha are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3. What will be their sacrificing ratio if Rahul is admitted for 1/8 share of
profit in the firm?
     A:-5:3
     B:-1:8
     C:-2:4
     D:-2:1
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question74:-What entry to be made when goodwill is paid to an outgoing partner privately?
     A:-Added to Existing partners capital
     B:-No entry
     C:-Only shown as liability in Balance Sheet
     D:-Shown in Profit and Loss account as expense
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question75:-The ratio gained by the existing partners due to the retirement of a partner is called as _
     A:-Liquidity ratio
     B:-Capital ratio
     C:-Gaining ratio
     D:-Sacrificing ratio
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question76:-Calculate the closing stock from the following:
                                 Rs.
   Opening stock
                                  8,000
II. Purchases during the year
                                  24,000
III. Freight inwards
IV. Sales during the year
                                  2.000
                                   45,000
   Wages
VI. Gross profit
                                  20,000
     A:-6,000
     B:-15,000
     C:-24,000
     D:-12,000
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question77:-Depreciation is treated as a/an ____
                                                    in the Profit and Loss account.
     A:-Income
     B:-Expense
     C:-Drawings
     D:-Not recorded
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 78: The trading profit and loss account of Mr. Tharun for the year ended 31 March 2018 shows the following. Calculate his gross Profit/gross
                         75.000
I. Purchases
```

```
II. Wages
                          8.500
                      1,30,000
III. Sales
IV. Sales returns
                           5,000
V. Closing stock
                          18,500
     A:-55,000
     B:-65,000
     C:-68,500
     D:-60,000
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question79:-Cash or goods taken away by proprietor is called
     A:-Drawing
    B:-Scale
C:-Charity
     D:-Expense
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question80:-Calculate the net sales from the following:
                                         Rs.
                                        65,000
   Cash Sales
   Credit sales
                                        75,000
III. Sales return
                                        10,000
IV. Cah received from Credit sales above
                                            2,000
     A:-1,30,000
     B:-1,28,000
     C:-1,32,000
     D:-1,40,000
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question81:-
                       is a residual interest in the assets after deducting liabilities.
     A:-Income
     B:-Equity
     C:-Expenses
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
                     concept tells that to recognize revenue it has to be realized.
     A:-Accrual concept
     B:-Matching concept
     C:-Realization concept
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question83:-According to the money measurement concept, which transaction will be recorded in the books of the account?
     A:-Health of manager
     B:-Quality of goods
     C:-Value of building
     D:-Qualifications of employees
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question84:-The
                            extra days given for the bill of exchange is known as grace days.
     A:-Three
     B:-Five
     C:-Thirty
     D:-Fifteen
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question85:-
                     acceptance is a bill that is accepted without any conditions.
     A:-Conditional
     B:-Qualified
     C:-General
     D:-Future
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question86:-A bill which is not paid by drawee on the due date is called
     A:-Dishonour of bill
     B:-Retiring of bill
     C:-Discounting of bill
     D:-Payment of bill
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question87:-Unclaimed dividend is shown in the balance sheet under the head
     A:-Current liability
     B:-Unsecured loan
     C:-Reserve and surplus
     D:-Provision
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question88:-Advance payment of tax is in the nature of
     A:-Capital expenditure
     B:-Prepaid expenses
     C:-Outstanding expenses
     D:-Revenue expenditure
     Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question89:-The due date of a bill drawn for two months on 1st October 2020 is _
     A:-1 December 2020
B:-4 December 2020
     C:-30 November 2020
     D:-1 January 2021
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 90: Furniture was purchased for Rs. 10,000 during the year 2011-12. The firm writes of depreciation at the rate of 10% by diminishing
balance method. The book value of furniture at the end of 2014-15 is
     A:-Rs. 7,000
     B:-Rs. 8,100
     C:-Rs. 6,000
```

```
D:-Rs. 6,561
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question91:-Closing stock is included in
     A:-Balance sheet
     B:-Receipts and Payments account
     C:-Income and Expenditure account
     D:-Trial balance
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question92:-The rule Debit what comes in and Credit what goes out is related to _
     A:-Personal account
     B:-Nominal account
     C:-Manufacturing account
     D:-Real account
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question93:-Assets = ____
A:-Expenses + depreciation
     B:-Shares + building
C:-Liabilities + capital
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 94:-A person to whom money is owing or payable is called a \_
     A:-Creditor
     B:-Debtor
     C:-Manufacturer
     D:-Retailer
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question95:-Any physical thing tangible or rights (intangible) owned that has a money value is termed as
     A:-Asset
     B:-Liability
     C:-Capital
     D:-Closing stock
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question96:-
                        is a book of original entry.
     A:-Ledger
     B:-Journal
     C:-Trial balance
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question97:-
                          is given by the consignor to the consignee for bearing the risk of bad debts.
     A:-Del credre commission
     B:-Cash bill
     C:-Bill of Exchange
     D:-Debit note
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question98:-Freight and such other charges being direct expenses are ______ the price of the goods purchased.
     B:-Added with
     C:-Not deducted
     D:-Not added with
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
                       is a Current Asset or Circulating Asset.
     A:-Land and building
     B:-Stock in trade
     C:-Furniture and fixtures
     D:-Secured loan
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question100:-From the following information find out the profit or loss :
                                              Rs.
5,00,000
Capital at the end of the year
Capital in the beginning of the year
                                               7,50,000
Drawings made during the year
                                                3,75,000
Additional capital introduced during the year
                                                  50,000
     A:-Profit 1,50,000
B:-Loss 75,000
     C:-Profit 75,000
     D:-Loss 1,50,000
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
```