PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

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Paper:
                                            Eletricty Act 2003, Companies Act and Rules
                      Date of Test
                                            21-10-2022
Question1:-The assent of President of India was obtained for the Electricity Act 2003 on which date?
      A:-November 1st 1998
     B:-May 26th 2003
      C:-August 15th 2002
     D:-January 26th 1998
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question2:-"Authority" referred in the Electricity Act 2003 means
Question3:-"Electrical Inspector" is appointed by which authority
      A:-Appropriate regulatory commissions
     B:-Appropriate Government
C:-Appropriate high court
D:-Appellate Tribunal for Electricity
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question4:-Who is authorised to make region wise demarcation of the country in relation with transmission and load despatch of electricity?
     A:-Central Electricity Authority
     B:-Central electricity regulatory commission
C:-Central Government
      D:-Concerned State Governments together
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Ouestion5:-Who is authorised to prepare national electricity plan?
      A:-Central Electricity Authority
      B:-Central Government
     C:-Central Electricity Regulatory commission
      D:-Planning commission
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question6:-The only entity except Government companies and companies referred under section 131 and schedule, considered as deemed licensee
      A:-Tehri Hydro Development corporation
      B:-Damodar valley corporation
      C:-National Hydro power corporation
      D:-Narmada valley corporation
      Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question7:-The authority for establishing state load despatch centres
      A:-State Government
      B:-Central Government
      C:-State Electricity Regulatory commission
      D:-State Electricity boards
      Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question8:-Authority for granting open access to any interstate transmission line
      A:-Central Electricity Regulatory Commission
     B:-Central Transmission Utility
      C:-National Load despatch centre
      D:-Concerned regional load despatch centre
      Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question9:-Which section of the electricity Act 2003 provides for recovering charges for supplying electricity by a distribution licensee
     A:-Section 61
      B:-Section 62
     C:-Section 45
      D:-Section 42
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question10:-Which section of the electricity Act 2003 provides for taking up other business by distribution licensees
      A:-Section 42
     B:-Section 45
     C:-Section 31
     D:-Section 51
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question11:-Section 57 relates to
     A:-Supply code regulations for a licensee
B:-Conditions of supply by a licensee
C:-Standards of performance of a licensee
     D:-Trading of Electricity
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question12:-Which of the following is a correct statement?
      A:-Appropriate state Government is the authority for determining the tariff of supply of electricity within a state
      B:-The distribution licensee is the authority for fixing tariff in his area of supply
     C:-State Government can grant subsidies to certain class of consumers by making advance payment of such subsidy amount to the licensee in
a manner as directed by the appropriate commission
      D:-Central Government is the authority to appoint power market agencies
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question13:-Maximum number of full-time members in central electricity authority
      B:-Eight
      C:-Five
      D:-Eleven
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question14:-Which of the following tariffs does not come under the powers of central electricity regulatory commission?
     A:-Interstate transmission
      B:-Generation
      C:-Distribution
     D:-Trading margin
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Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question15:-Objects of the central advisory committee does not include
     A:-Advise the central commission on major questions of policy
     B:-Advise the central commission on protection of consumer interest
     \dot{\text{C:-Advise}} the central commission on standards of performance by utilities
     D:-Advise the central commission on fixation of retail supply tariff of states
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question16:-Kerala State Electricity Regulatory Commission is constituted as per which section of the electricity Act 2003
     A:-Section 81
     B:-Section 65
     C:-Section 63
     D:-Section 82
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question17: Which section of the electricity Act 2003 gives the concerned state Government, powers over the decisions of the State Commission for
that State
     A:-Section 102
     B:-Section 108
     C:-Section 105
     D:-Section 111
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question18:-Which is the appellate court on a decision by the State Commission?
     A:-Concerned State High Court
     B:-Delhi High Court
     C:-Appellate Authority
     D:-Appellate Tribunal for Electricity
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question19:-Time limit for filing appeal on a decision by a State Commission
     A:-Forty five days from the date of receipt of the copy of the order by the aggrieved person
     B:-Ninety days from the date of receipt of the copy of the order by the aggrieved person
     C:-Seventy days from the date of public hearing
     D:-Ninety days from the date of public hearing
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question20:-Which of the following section deals with the unauthorized use of electricity and its assessment
     A:-Section 62
     B:-Section 125
     C:-Section 126
     D:-Section 32
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question21:-Rate of interest for late payment of assessed amount
     A:-16% per annum compounded annually
     B:-16% per annum compounded every six months
     C:-12% per annum compounded every six months
     D:-12% per annum compounded annually
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question22:-A consumer is not getting power inside his house. But he notices that there is supply coming at the incomer end of the metering unit.
He suspects a defect in the meter and in order to get supply inside the house he shortcuts the meter and gets supply. Which section is relating to this incident
     A:-Section 126
     B:-Section 31
     C:-Section 135
     D:-Section 131
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 23:- Maximum fine that can be imposed on a person who maliciously extinguishes any public lamp
     A:-One thousand rupees
     B:-Two thousand rupees
     C:-Five thousand rupees
     D:-Not punishable
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question24:-In respect of any matter which an assessing officer has referred to in section 126 which of the following is correct?
     A:-Appropriate commission shall be the final authority
     B:-Appellate tribunal for electricity is the final authority
     C:-Civil court of regional jurisdiction shall issue an injunction
     D:-No civil court shall have jurisdiction to interfere on such matters
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 25:-If any party fails to comply with any order or direction given by Appellate tribunal under section 121, the maximum punishment that
can be imposed is
     A:-Imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months
     B:-Fine which may extend to one lakh rupees
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-No punishment is applicable
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question26:-Which of the following is correct in case of compounding of an offence under section 152?
     A:-In case of an industrial service compounding shall be allowed three times
     B:-In case of a commercial service compounding shall be allowed only once for any consumer
     C:-In case of an industrial service compounding shall be permitted twice per consumer only
     D:-In case of agricultural service no compounding shall be allowed
     Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question 27:- Which of the following is correct in the case of special courts under section 153?
     A:-Special courts under section 153 are constituted by the State Government
     B:-There shall be three judges in a special court under section 153
     C:-A person who has been an additional district and sessions judge is not eligible for being appointed as a judge of special court under section
     D:-Government does not require concurrence of High Court for appointing a special judge under section 153
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
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Question 28:-What is the minimum quantum of civil liability that shall be determined by a special court constituted under section 153, against a consumer or a person in terms of money for theft of energy

A:-Amount equivalent to two times of the tariff rate applicable for a period of twelve months preceding the date of detection of theft of energy

B:-Amount equivalent to two times of the tariff rate applicable for the exact period of theft if determined

C:-Lesser among (1) and (2)

D:-Either (1) or (2) as the case may be along with an additional fine of one lakh rupees

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question29:-The authority for nomination of arbitrator for resolution of a dispute between a distribution licensee and one of its industrial consumers, under the electricity Act 2003 lies with

A:-The concerned state electricity regulatory commission

B:-The concerned state High Court

C:-Appellate Tribunal for Electricity

D:-The concerned State Government

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question30:-Which of the following is correct

A:-A licensee can place a 110 kV electric lines in close proximity to telegraphic or telephonic lines without direct contact without special permission

B:-A licensee can upgrade an existing 66 kV line placed in close proximity to a telegraphic line to a 220 kV level one, without change in route and without special permission

C:-A licensee can repair a 66 kV line placed near a telegraphic line without change in route and without special permission

D:-The State Government can decide upon the allowable proximity of electric lines with telegraphic or telephonic lines

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question31:-Which of the following is correct?

A:-For establishing a generating station a licensing is required

B:-A captive hydro generating station shall have right to open access for transmission of electricity generated subject to availability

C:-Concurrence of Central Electricity Regulatory Commission is required for capital expenditure scheme for establishing a hydro generating station

D:-No concurrence of State Government is required for developing a hydro electric scheme in a river having a multipurpose scheme

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question32:-Prior approval of the appropriate commission is not required for

A:-Acquiring the utility of any other licensee within the same state

B:-Merging his utility with utility of any other licensee within the same state

C:-Acquiring the utility of any other licensee situated in a state other than that of the licensee under consideration

D:-Assigning or transfer his utility or any part

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question33:-Section relating to intra state transmission of electricity

A:-Section 21

B:-Section 31

C:-Section 29

D:-Section 42

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question34:-Which one is a correct statement?

A:-In case of force majeure conditions a distribution licensee is not obligated to provide electricity supply to a particular person

B:-Maximum time period for giving supply after receipt of an application to that effect is six months

C:-If additional facilities such as extension of lines, commissioning of new sub stations etc the licensee can delay the process of giving supply indefinitely

D:-Signing of service connection agreement is only a formality and is not mandatory

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question35:-Section of electricity Act 2003 under which the regulatory commissions are entitled to specify an electricity supply code

A:-Section 49

B:-Section 21

C:-Section 50

D:-Section 131

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question36:-Which of the following is not a correct statement?

A:-Distribution licensee can require a consumer to give reasonable security in respect of electricity supplied

B:-Distribution licensee may discontinue the supply of electricity for the period during which any consumer fails to make up additional security noticed by the licensee

C:-Distribution licensee shall be entitled to collect security in case of connections using pre-payment mete

D:-Distribution licensee shall pay interest equivalent to the bank rate or rate specified by the State Commission on the security deposit collected from a consumer

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question37:-Which of the following is not correct with respect to trading of electricity?

A:-Appropriate commission may specify technical requirement for being an electricity trader

B:-Appropriate commission may specify capital adequacy requirement for being an electricity trader

C:-A license from appropriate commission is required for undertaking trading of electricity

D:-Regulatory commissions are not entitled to exempt any one from requiring a license for trading

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question38:-The authority entitled for specifying safety measures

A:-Central electricity regulatory commission in consultation with the concerned state Government

B:-Appellate tribunal

C:-Central electricity authority

D:-State Commissions in consultation with the concerned State Government

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-Which of the following Statements is not correct?

A:-Licensees are given a relaxation of two years from the date of its appointment for supplying electricity only through a correct meter

B:-Supply to public street lights does not require a meter

C:-Licensee can collect security deposit for the price of a meter

D:-A consumer can purchase a meter for supply of electricity to his premises

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question40:-What is a captive generating plant?

A:-Plant set up by any person for generating electricity for his own use

B:-Plant set up by Government for supplying power to co-operative societies

C:-Plant set up by central Government for meeting power deficiency in the country

D:-Plant set up to make use of hydroelectric power

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Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question41:-Which of the following comes under the definition of electrical plant?
     A:-Electric line
     B:-Meter used for measuring electricity supplied to a premises
     C:-A distribution transformer
     D:-Motor of capacity above 5 kW used by a consumer for pumping water
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question42:-Grid standards are specified by
     A:-Distribution company
     B:-Transmission utility
C:-Central Electricity authority
     D:-Central electricity regulatory commission
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question43:-Section under which National Electricity plan is notified
     A:-Section 3 - subsection 4
B:-Section 8 - subsection 2
     C:-Section 6
     D:-Section 131 - subsection 2
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question44:-Which of the following is not a repealed law under the purview of Electricity Act 2003?
     A:-Indian Telegraph Act 1985
B:-The Indian Electricity Act 1910
     C:-Electricity (Supply) Act 1948
     D:-The electricity regulatory commissions Act 1998
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question45:-Which of the following is not a standalone system?
     A:-A micro grid connected hydro generating plant for a rural colony
B:-A wind mill supplying power to a remote house isolated from the grid
     C:-Electric supply system of Kannan Devan Hill plantations Ltd
     D:-A solar plant set up in a ship
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question46:-Which of the following is a trading activity?
     A:-Sale of power by Thrissur corporation
     B:-Sale of power by PTC India Ltd to KSEB Ltd
     C:-Sale of power by NTPC Ltd to Tamil Nadu
     D:-Sale of power by Jhabua power Ltd to KSEB Ltd
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question47:-Section dealing with national policy on electrification and local distribution in rural area
     A:-Section 3 subsection 3
     B:-Section 3 Subsection 4
     C:-Section 5
     D:-Section 7
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question48:-Which one of the following principles are not mandatory to be observed while specifying terms and conditions for determination of tariff
by a state commission?
     A:-Principles laid down by central commission
     B:-Commercial principles
     C:-Promotion of renewable sources of energy
     D:-Regulations issued by appellate tribunal
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question49:-Development of market is envisaged under which section?
     A:-Section 12
     B:-Section 61
     C:-Section 66
     D:-Section 131
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question50:-Section relating to central electricity authority
     A:-Section 70
B:-Section5
     C:-Section 82
     D:-Section 131
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question51:-On which date the companies Act was enacted by parliament?
     A:-16th August 2013
     B:-29th August 2013
     C:-6th December 2013
     D:-1st January 2013
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question52:-Find out the incorrect statement
A company may be formed
     A:-By seven or more persons, where the company to be formed is a public company
     B:-By two or more persons, where the company to be formed is to be a private company
     C:-By seven or more persons, where the company to be formed is a private company
     D:-One person, where the company to be formed is a one person company
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question53:-Documents and information not required for registering a company
     A:-Memorandum and articles of the company duly signed
     B:-An affidavit from each of the subscribers to the memorandum
     C:-Affidavit from persons named as the first directors
     D:-The addresses of all the directors with contact numbers
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question54:-Section relating to the formation of companies with charitable objects
     A:-Section 17
     B:-Section 73
     C:-Section 8
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D:-Section 15
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question55:-Time frame limit for having a proper registered office
     A:-25 days
     B:-30 days
     C:-15 days
     D:-45 days
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question56:-Section relating to rectification of name of a company
     A:-Section 7
     B:-Section 16
     C:-Section 8
     D:-Section 131
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question57:-Memorandum of a company is dealt under which section?
     A:-Section 6
     B:-Section 4
     C:-Section 15
     D:-Section 12
     Correct Answer: - Ontion-R
Question58:-Section dealing with provision for alteration of articles
     A:-Section 4
     B:-Section 14
     C:-Section 12
     D:-Section 15
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question59:-Penalty for not recording alterations in memorandum of articles in every copy
     A:-One thousand and five hundred rupees
     B:-One thousand rupees
     C:-One thousand rupees for every copy issued without alteration
     D:-Five hundred rupees per printed copy whether issued or not
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question60: Time frame for changing the name of a company in case of direction by central Government if it finds duplication of names with other
     A:-Six months
     B:-One month
     C:-45 days
     D:-Three months
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question61:-If company A is a subsidiary company of KSEB Ltd, which of the following statements is wrong?
     A:-Company A can hold up to a maximum of five hundred shares of KSEB Ltd
     B:-Company A can hold no shares of KSEB Ltd
     C:-Company A can hold shares of KSEB Ltd as a trustee
     D:-Company A can hold shares of KSEB Ltd if it was a company acquired by KSEB Ltd
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question62:-Kinds of share capital of a company limited by shares shall be
     A:-Equity share capital
     B:-Preference share capital
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-None
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question63:-Which of the following is incorrect regarding voting rights subject to provisions of the relevant sections?
     A:-Every member of a company limited by shares and holding equity share capital therein, shall have a right to vote on every resolution placed
before the company: and
     B:-His voting right on a poll shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company
C:-Every member of a company limited by shares and holding any preference share capital therein shall, in respect of such capital, have a right to vote only on resolutions placed before the company which directly affect the right attached to his preference shares
     D:-All of the above statements are incorrect
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question64:-Which of the following is not correct regarding proxies
     A:-Any member of a company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the company shall be entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to
attend and vote at the meeting on his behalf
     B:-A proxy shall not have the right to speak at such meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll
     C:-This shall apply in the case of all companies whether or not having a share capital
     D:-Central Government may prescribe a class or classes of companies whose members shall not be entitled to appoint another person as a
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question65:-Section 123 of the companies Act 2013 deals with which of the following?
     A:-Unpaid dividend account
     B:-Declaration of dividend
     C:-Remuneration of auditors
     D:-Auditors to attend general meeting
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question66:-Section dealing with report on annual general meeting
     A:-Section 123
     B:-Section 70
     C:-Section 121
     D:-Section 447
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question67:-Which of the following is not correct
     A:-Every company shall have corporate social responsibility committee
     B:-Every company having a net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more shall have a corporate social responsibility committee
     C:-Every company having a net profit of rupees five crore or more during any financial year shall have a corporate social responsibility
     D:-One director of the corporate social responsibility committee shall be an independent director
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Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question68:-Section relating to removal of an auditor for a company
     A:-Section 64
    B:-Section 138
     C:-Section 139
    D:-Section 140
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question69:-Which of the following is not correct?
     A:-A public company shall have at least three directors in its board of directors
     B:-A private company shall have at least three directors in its board of directors
     C:-Maximum number of directors allowed in a company is fifteen unless a special resolution is passed by the company
    D:-There shall be at least one woman director in companies as may be prescribed
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 70:-Time limit for holding the first meeting of the board of directors from the date of incorporation
    A:-Within forty five days from date of incorporation B:-Within 30 days from the date of incorporation
     C:-On the date of incorporation itself
     D:-Within six months from the date of incorporation
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question71:-Regarding investments of a company the company can
    A:-Deposit with a bank, being the bankers of the company, any shares or securities for the collection of any dividend or interest payable
    B:-Deposit with, or transfer to, or hold in the name of, the state bank of India or a scheduled bank, being the bankers of the company, shares or
securities, in order to facilitate the transfer thereof
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question72:-Which of the following is correct?
     A:-A company can appoint at the same time a manager and a managing director
     B:-A managing director who has completed a term of five years can be re-appointed as a managing director
     C:-A manager who has completed a term of five years can be re-appointed
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question73:-Which of the following is not correct?
     A:-Managing director is a key personnel of the company
     B:-Company secretary is a key personnel of the company
     C:-Chief executive officer is not a key personnel of the company
     D:-Chief financial officer is a key personnel of the company
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question74:-Merger is possible in which of the following cases?
     A:-Between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary company
     B:-Between a company registered under companies Act 2013 and a foreign company in the jurisdictions of countries notified by central
Government
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question75:-Which of the following is not correct regarding amalgamation of companies?
     A:-Two companies can amalgamate if it is essential in public interest
     B:-Central Government should notify in official gazette regaring amalgamation
     C:-Privileges, duties, obligations etc of the single company after amalgamation shall be as specified in the official gazette
     D:-State Governments should notify the amalgamation of two or more companies in official gazette
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question76:-Most appropriate answer on powers of tribunal includes
     A:-Regulation of conduct of affairs of the company
     B:-Removal of the managing director, manager or any of the directors of the company
     C:-None of the above
     D:-Both (1) and (2)
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question77:-Any person aggrieved by an order of the registrar, notifying a company as dissolved
     A:-May file an appeal to the Tribunal within a period of three years from the date of the order of the registrar
     B:-May file an appeal to the registrar within a period of three months from the date of the order of the Registrar
     C:-May file an appeal to the central Government within a period of three months from the date of the order of the registrar
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question78:-Time frame stipulated for the tribunal to determine whether a company is sick or not
     A:-Three months
    B:-Sixty days
     C:-Six months
     D:-Forty five days
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 79:- An application for revival and rehabilitation shall be accompanied by
    A:-Audited financial statements of the company relating to the immediately preceding financial year
     B:-A draft scheme of revival and rehabilitation of the company in such manner as may be prescribed
     C:-None of the above
     D:-Both (1) and (2) are required
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question80:-Who shall maintain the data bank of interim administers for making appointment by the tribunal
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A:-The tribunal

B:-The central Government

C:-The State Government

D:-The registrar of companies

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question81:-The rehabilitation fund shall consist of

A:-Amounts deposited by the companies as contribution

B:-Grant made by central Government

C:-None of the above

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D:-Both (1) and (2)
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question82:-A company can be wound up
     A:-By the tribunal
     B:-The company can voluntarily wind up the company
     C:-By the central Government D:-Both (1) and (2)
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question83:-Who appoints a company liquidator?
A:-The registrar of companies
     B:-The central Government
     C:-The tribunal
D:-The Governor of the concerned state
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question84:-Maximum number of members in an advisory committee, with regard to liquidation of a company
     A:-Six
     B:-Twelve
     C:-Sixteen
     D:-Seven
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question85:-A company can be dissolved soon after its winding up according to which of the following?
     A:-On an application by the company liquidator
     B:-If tribunal finds it just and reasonable to dissolve the company
     C:-None of the above
     D:-Either (1) or (2)
      Correct Answer: - Option-D
Question86:-In case of winding up of a company, the wages and salaries up to what period is to be paid in priority?
     A:-Period prescribed
     B:-Two years
     C:-Six months
     D:-Either (1) or (2)
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question87:-Which of the following is void in case of voluntary winding up or commencement of winding up of a company?
     A:-Any transfer of shares made with the sanction of company liquidator
     B:-Any alteration in the status of the members of the company
     C:-None of the above
     D:-Both (1) and (2)
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question88:-Tribunal has powers to assess damages against which persons among the following?
      B:-Company liquidator
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-None
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question89:-Which of the following are included in the meaning of the word company as per companies Act?
     A:-Partnership firms, co-operative societies
     B:-Limited liability partnership and business entities formed under any other law
     C:-None of the above
     D:-Either (1) or (2)
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 90:-Which of the following is a correct statement?
     A:-No unregistered company can be wound up
     B:-Only registered companies can be wound up
     C:-Both (1) and (2) are wrong
     D:-Both (1) and (2) are correct
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question91:-Every foreign company shall, in every calendar year,
      A:-Make out a balance sheet and profit and loss account in prescribed
     B:-Deliver a copy of balance sheet the registrar
     C:-Both (1) and (2)
     D:-None
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question92:-Maximum number of members in NCLAT is
     A:-Six
     B:-Eleven
C:-Thirteen
     D:-Five
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question93:-Minimum age limit for the member of appellate tribunal
     A:-Sixty five
     B:-Fifty
C:-Sixty seven
     D:-Fifty eight
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question94:-Appellate authority on orders of appellate tribunal A:-Concerned state high court B:-President of the tribunal C:-Supreme Court of India
     D:-Delhi High Court
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question95:-Members of appellate tribunal
A:-Are equivalent to the members of parliament
     B:-Are deemed to be public servants
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C:-Form part of judiciary
        D:-Have autonomous powers
         Correct Answer:- Option-B
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question96:-What is the limitation period of proceedings before tribunal or appellate tribunal A:-45 days
B:-Six months
C:-As per limitation Act 1963
D:-As decided by the president of the tribunal
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question97:-Number of judges in the special court
A:-One
Question97:-Number of judges in the special court
A:-One
B:-Two
C:-Four
D:-None of the above
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question98:-Section dealing with compounding of offences
        A:-Section 133
B:-Section 441
        C:-Section 433
D:-Section 118
Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question99:-Provision relating to dormant company
        A:-Section 447
        B:-Section 449
        C:-Section 455
        D:-Section 231
         Correct Answer:- Option-C
 Question 100:-Maximum number of persons who can associate together without registering as a company for the purpose of carrying out a business
 for acquiring gain
        A:-One hundred
        B:-Seventeen
C:-Five
        D:-Fifty five
         Correct Answer:- Option-A
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