PROVISIONAL ANSWER KEY

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Paper:
                                         The Kerala General Sales Tax Act (Paper I)
                     Date of Test
                                         16-03-2022
Question1:-The protective assessment under the KGST Act 1963 is done as per;
     A:-Section 19A
     B:-Section 19B
     C:-Section 19C
     D:-Section 19D
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question2:-The authority to issue clarification under the provisions of KGST Act 1963 is
     A:-Inspecting Asst Commissioner
     B:-Deputy Commissioner (Appeals)
     C:-Commissioner
D:-Appellate Tribunal
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question3:-The assessment on legal heirs under the KGST Act 1963 is done as per ;
     A:-Section 19
     B:-Section 20
     C:-Section 21
     D:-Section 21A
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question4:-Which among the following is a valid situation that may lead to suspension of the registration granted under the KGST Act 1963?
     A:-Effected interstate sale
     B:-Business place shifted to another district
     C:-Filed Nil return continuously for 3 months
     D:-Violated conditions of the registration certificate issued
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question5:-Confiscation of goods under the KGST Act 1963 can be done by an authorized officer not below the rank of;
     A:-Inspecting Asst. Commissioner
B:-Deputy Commissioner
     C:-Joint Commissioner
     D:-Commercial tax officer
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question6:-The point of levy under the KGST Act 1963 is generally,
     A:-Single point
     B:-Multi point
     C:-Double point
     D:-Triple point
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question7:-Assessment in case of undervaluation is provided under of the KGST Act 1963.
     A:-Section 19
     B:-Section 19A
     C:-Section 19B
     D:-Section 19C
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question8:-'Declared goods' are
     A:-Goods declared as those attracting entry taxes
     B:-Goods declared under section 14 of the CST Act to be of special importance in interstate trade
     C:-Goods to be declared at all en-route checkposts
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question9:-The levy of tax on foreign liquor is now governed by the provisions of ;
     A:-Kerala goods and Services Tax Act 2017
     B:-Kerala Value Added Tax Act 2003
     C:-Central Sales Tax Act 1956
     D:-Kerala General Sales Tax Act 1963
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question10:-As per the KGST Act 1963, the special powers for revenue recovery of tax arrears under the Revenue recovery Act is vested on;
     A:-Inspecting Asst Commissioner
     B:-Deputy Commissioner
     C:-Commissioner
     D:-Commercial Tax officer
Correct Answer:- Option-A Question11:-Section 14 of the CST Act 1956 deals with _
     A:-Declared goods of special importance
     B:-Notified goods
     C:-Goods to be levied by the Central government
     D:-Goods to be levied by the state government
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question12:-Application for registration under the CST Act to be field in ____
     A:-Form D
     B:-Form C
     C:-Form B
     D:-Form A
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question13:-The form C declaration under the CST Act enables a dealer to _
     A:-Make the interstate sale
     B:-Avail concessional rate of tax on interstate purchases C:-Import goods from other countries
     D:-Stock transfer the goods to other units
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
{\it Question 14:} \textbf{-} \textbf{The form specified under the CST rules to substantiate In-transit sale is };
     A:-Form.F
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B:-Form.H
    C:-Form.E-I/E-II
     D:-Form.I
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question15:-'H Form' under the CST Act is used to prove,
     A:-Import
     B:-Interstate sale
    C:-Stock transfer
    D:-Export
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question16:-If a dealer declared interstate sales against C form fails to furnish such form, he is liable to pay tax at _
    B:-10%
C:-5%
    D:-the applicable local rate of appropriate state
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question17:-What is the quantum of penalty in lieu of prosecution as per section 10(A) of the CST Act?
    A:-a sum equal to the tax leviable u/s 8(2)
    B:-a sum not exceeding one and a half times the tax leviable u/s 8(2)
    C:-a sum equal to four times the tax leviable u/s 8(2)
     D:-a sum equal to double the time the tax leviable u/s 8(2)
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question18:-The penal provisions under the Kerala Surcharge on taxes Act 1957 is under;
    A:-Section 4
    B:-Section 6
    C:-Section 7
     D:-Section 8
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question19:-Which of the following is not a declared goods under the CST Act?
    A:-Rice
     B:-Jute
     C:-Health drinks
     D:-Domestic LPG
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question20:-Purchase tax under KGST Act 1963 is levied as per,
    A:-Section 5
    B:-Section 5A
    C:-Section 5B
     D:-Section 6
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question21:-The travelling salesman permit under the KGST Act 1963 is issued in,
    A:-Form.6
    B:-Form 6A
     C:-Form.7
     D:-Form 8
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question22:-The establishment of checkposts under the KGST Act 1963 is provided in;
    A:-Section 27
    B:-Section 28
     C:-Section 29
    D:-Section 30
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question23:-Which of the following is not a 'goods' as per the definition under KGST Act?
     A:-Livestock
    B:-Grass
    C:-Growing crops
    D:-Newspaper
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question24: As per which section of the KGST Act 1963, an assessing authority is empowered to purchase goods in order to prevent under
valuation?
    A:-Section 28A
    B:-Section 28B
    C:-Section 29
    D:-Section 29A
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question25:-Issuance of transit pass is dealt with under ____ of the KGST Act 1963;
    A:-Section 20B
    B:-Section 30B
    C:-Section 22B
     D:-Section 32B
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question26:-Audit Statement and certificate under section 27A of the KGST Act shall be in,
    A:-Form.13 and 13A
     B:-Form.50A and 50B
    C:-Form 7 and 7A
     D:-Form.30 and 30A
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question27:-The power to grant exemption or reduction in tax payable under the KGST Act 1963 is vested with;
    A:-the Government
    B:-Appellate Tribunal
    C:-The Commissioner
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question28:-Which type of assessment is provided under section 17(3) of the KGST Act 1963?
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A:-Protective assessment
    B:-Best judgment assessment
     C:-Assessment of price variation
    D:-Assessment of legal heirs
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question29: The form prescribed under the CST rules to prove movement of goods from one business place of the dealer to his another branch located outside the state?
     A:-C Form
    B:-E1 Form
    C:-F Form
    D:-H Form
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question30:-A dealer in which of the following commodity shall take registration as per KGST Act 1963 irrespective of turnover?
     A:-Hill produce
     B:-Iron and steel
     C:-Medicine
     D:-Gold
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question31:-An 'exempt supply' includes
     A:-Supply of goods or services or both which attracts Nil rate of tax
     B:-Non-taxable supply
     C:-Supply of goods or services or both which are wholly exempt from tax
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question32:-A person who occasionally undertakes transactions involving supply of goods or services but has no fixed place of business or residence
in India is:
     A:-Casual taxable person
    B:-Composition dealer
    C:-Registered person
     D:-Non-resident taxable person
     Correct Answer: - Option-D
Question 33: The term 'agriculturist' under the Kerala Goods and Services Tax Act 2017 includes the following persons who undertake cultivation of
     A:-An individual
    B:-Partnership firm
     C:-A co-operative society
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question34:-To consider as 'Capital goods' under the GST Act,-
     A:-Such goods shall be part of the plant and machinery
     B:-The value of such goods shall be capitalized in the books of accounts
     C:-The value of such goods shall be below Rs.5 lakh
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question35:-What would be the tax rate applicable in case of composite supply?
     A:-Tax rate as applicable on principal supply
    B:-Tax rate as applicable on ancillary supply
     C:-Tax rate as applicable on respective supply
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question36:-What are the taxes levied on an intra-State supply?
     A:-CGST
     B:-SGST
     C:-CGST and SGST
    D:-IGST
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question37:-Who will notify the rate of tax to be levied under Kerala Goods and Services Tax Act?
     A:-Central Government suo moto
    B:-State Government suo moto
     C:-GST Council suo moto
     D:-State Government as per the recommendations of the GST Council
     Correct Answer: - Option-D
Question38:-In the case of Sponsorship services provided by Mr. X to M/s ABC Ltd., liability to pay GST is on:
    A:-Mr. X
     B:-M/s ABC Ltd.
     C:-Both
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question39:-GST on supply of services by an Insurance agent to the Insurance company is payable by
     A:-Insurance Agent
    B:-Insurance Company
     C:-Both
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer: - Option-B
Question40:-What is the SGST rate applicable to a registered trader opting to pay taxes under composition scheme?
    A:-0.5%
     B:-1%
    C:-1.5%
     D:-5%
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question41:-Transportation of goods becomes taxable under GST if it is
     A:-by a goods transport agency/courier agency
    B:-by inland waterways
     C:-by an aircraft from a place outside India upto the customs station of clearance in India
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D:-by all the above mentioned

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Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question42:-GST is exempted
     A:-For letting out any immovable property
     B:-For letting out any residential dwelling for use as residence
     C:-For letting out any residential property irrespective of its use
     D:-For none of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question43:-The date of receipt of payment under the GST Act indicates
     A:-Date on which the payment is entered in the books of account
     B:-Date on which the receipt of payment is created in the bank account
     C:-Earlier of (1) and (2)
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question44:-When the invoice for supply of service is issued within 30 days from the date of provision of service, the time of supply will be?
     A:-Date of issue of invoice
B:-Date on which the supplier receives payment
     C:-Date of provision of service
     D:-Earlier of (1) and (2)
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question45:-'Transaction value' can be rejected in a situation;
     A:-Where the goods are sold at very low margins
     B:-Where the buyer and seller are related or price is not the sole consideration
     C:-It can never be rejected
     D:-When the supply is composite in nature
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question46:-On the basis of which of the following document Input tax Credit can be claimed under the GST law?
     A:-Bill of Entry
     B:-Payment Voucher
     C:-Tax Invoice
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question47:-Where the goods against an invoice are received in installments, the related input tax credit can be claimed on _
     A:-receipt of tax invoice
     B:-receipt of the first instalment of goods
     C:-receipt of last instalment of goods
     D:-proportionate basis of instalments received in a tax period
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question48:-As per GST law, banking company or financial institution have an option of claiming:
     A:-Only 50% credit
     B:-Eligible input credit or 50% credit
     C:-Only eligible credit
     D:-Eligible input credit and 50% credit
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question49:-At which rate the input tax availed under GST to be reversed in case of disposal of capital goods?
     B:-to the extent of tax on transaction value of such goods
     C:-to the extent of credit taken as reduced by prescribed percentage or tax on transaction value, whichever is higher
     D:-to the extent of tax on book value of transaction value of such goods whichever is higher
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question50:-Principal is entitled for input tax credit on inputs sent for job work;
     A:-If goods sent are returned within one year
     B:-If goods sent are returned within three years
     C:-If goods sent are returned within six months
     D:-If goods sent are returned within nine months
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question51:-A dealer can utilise the provisional input tax credit under GST against
     A:-any tax liability
     B:-self-assessed output tax liability
     C:-interest and penalty
     D:-fine
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question52:-A taxpayer can take input tax credit inrespect of goods received by __
     A:-his agent on his direction
     B:-the job worker on his instruction
     C:-any other person on his direction
     D:-any of above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question53:-A person opted under composition scheme under GST can avail Input tax credit on
     A:-Supply of taxable goods/services
     B:-Receipt of goods/services on specified time period
     C:-Payment to suppliers
     D:-No input tax credit can be availed
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question54:-What is the validity of the GST registration certificate?
     A:-One year
     B:-Two years
     C:-Valid till it is cancelled
     D:-Five years
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question55:-Tax invoice under GST law must be issued by _
     A:-Every supplier
     B:-Every taxable person
     C:-Registered persons of taxable supply other than those paying tax under composition scheme
     D:-All the above
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Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question56:-The time limit for issue of tax invoice in case of continuous supply of goods is;
     A:-At the time of issue of statement of account where successive accounts are involved
     B:-At the time of receipt of payment, if payments are received prior to issue of accounts
     C:-On a monthly basis
     D:-As and when demanded by the recipient
     Correct Answer: - Option-A
Question57: The Name of the State of recipient along with State code is required when supplies are made to unregistered persons where the value
of supply is:
     A:-Rs. 10000 or more
     B:-Rs. 25000 or more
     C:-Rs. 50000 or more
     D:-Rs. 250000 or more
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question 58:- If turnover during a financial year exceeds the prescribed limit, then accounts shall be got audited by
     A:-Chartered Accountant
     B:-Cost Accountant
     C:-Either (1) or (2)
     D:-Both (1) and (2)
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question59:-The First return shall be filed by every registered taxable person for the period from
     A:-The date on which he became liable for registration till the date of grant of registration
     B:-The date of registration to the last day of that month
     C:-The date on which he became liable for registration till the last day of that month
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question60:-The annual return shall be filed by the registered taxable person other than dealers paying tax under section 10 in form:
     B:-GSTR 9
     C:-GSTR 9A
     D:-GSTR 10
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question61:-Payment made through challan will be credited to which registers/ledgers?
     A:-Electronic Tax liability register
     B:-Electronic Credit ledger
     C:-Electronic Cash ledger
     D:-All of them
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question62:-What is the due date for payment of TDS?
     A:-Last day of the month to which payment relates
     B:-Within 10 days of the subsequent month
     C:-Within 20 days of the subsequent month
     D:-Within 15 days of the subsequent month
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question63:-Refunds will not be allowed in cases of:
     A:-Inverted duty structures where tax on inputs are higher than tax on outputs
     B:-Exports made without payment of tax
     C:-Exports made on which export duty is levied
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question64:-Refunds would be allowed on a provisional basis inrespect of zero rated supplies at _____ Percentage of claim:
     A:-70%
B:-65%
     C:-80%
     D:-90%
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question65:-What is the time period within which the final assessment order should be passed, unless an extension ordered?
     A:-Six months from the date of the provisional assessment B:-Nine months from the date of the provisional assessment
     C:-Three months from the date of the provisional assessment
     D:-One month from the date of the provisional assessment
Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question66:-What is the time limit for issuing order under section 62?
     A:-9 months from the end of financial year
     B:-3 years for cases covered U/s 73 or 5 years for cases covered under 74
     C:-5 years for cases covered U/s 73 or 3 years for cases covered under 74
     D:-5 years from the due date of filing annual return
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question67:-Audit under GST laws can be undertaken inrespect of:
     A:-Any person
     B:-Unregistered Person
     C:-Registered Person
     D:-All of above
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question68:-Maximum number of monthly installments permissible under Kerala Goods and Services Tax Act for payment of demands is:
     A:-Thirty Six
     B:-Twelve
     C:-Forty eight
     D:-Twenty four
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question69:-The expenses of audit u/s 66 is determined and paid by:
     A:-The commissioner
     B:-The deputy/ Assistant Commissioner with prior approval of the commissioner
     C:-the registered person
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D:-Any of the above

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Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question70:-What is the time limit for issue of order under GST Act in case of other than fraud, misstatement or suppression?
     A:-30 months
     B:-18 months
     C:-5 years
     D:-3 years
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 71:- The definition of 'goods' under the GST Act does not include
     A:-Grass
     B:-Money and Securities
     C:-Actionable claims
     D:-Growing crops
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question72:-Officers of the following department shall assist the proper officer in the implementation of GST Act
     A:-Railways
     B:-Health
     C:-Motor vehicles
     D:-State Excise
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question73:-Deemed Export provisions under GST is applicable
     A:-Only to goods
     B:-Only to services
     C:-to both goods and services
     D:-Only for supplies to SEZ units/developers
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question74:-Any amount of tax collected shall be deposited to the credit of the Central or State Government
     A:-Only when the supplies are taxable
     B:-Regardless of whether the related supplies are taxable or not
     C:-When supplies are not zero rated
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question75:-Within how many years should the proper officer issue an order from the date of issue of notice?
     A:-4 years
     B:-3 years
     C:-2 years
     D:-1 year
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 76: Taxable person has to maintain his records under GST for a period of ______ from the due date of filing annual return for the year:
     A:-72 months
     B:-Three years
     C:-24 months
     D:-Five years
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question77:-Recovery of amount payable by a defaulter can be made from:
     C:-Post Office
     D:-All of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question 78: The following amounts due cannot be paid through installments
     A:-Self-assessed tax shown in return
     B:-Short paid tax for which notice has been issued
     C:-Arrears of tax
     D:-Concealed tax
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question79:-When two or more companies are amalgamated, the liability to pay GST on supplies between the effective date of amalgamation order
and date of amalgamation order would be on A:-Transferee
     B:-Respective companies
     C:-Any one of the companies
     D:-None of the above
     Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question80:-The advance Ruling Authority under the Kerala Goods and Services Tax Act consist of members from A:-amongst the officers of state tax
     B:-amongst the officers of Central tax
     C:-one member each from amongst the officers of both central and state taxes
     D:-judicial service and amongst the officers of state tax
     Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question81:-Appeal before Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling under GST shall be filed within _____ of communication of impugned order.
     A:-30 days
     B:-60 days
     C:-90 days
     D:-120 days
     Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question82:-The Advance Ruling pronounced under GST laws shall be binding on
     A:-The applicant who sought the advance ruling
     B:-The jurisdictional officer in respect of the applicant
     C:-All taxable person in the respective state
     D:-(1) and (2) above
     Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question83:-A principal can supply inputs and/or capital goods from the job-worker's premises if
     A:-when the job-worker is registered
     B:-the job-worker's premises is declared as his additional place of business
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C:-the principal is engaged in the supply of goods which are notified by the commissioner on this behalf
     D:-all of the above
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question84:-Which of the following taxes will be levied on imports?
     A:-IGST
     B:-CGST
     C:-SGST
     D:-CGST and SGST
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question85:-The value of supply does not include,
     A:-Discounts recorded in the invoice
     B:-Packing Charges shown in the invoice
     C:-Non-governmental subsidies linked to price
D:-Freight charges incurred by the supplier for CIF terms of supply
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question86:-Place of supply under GST, in the case of installation of elevator is
     A:-Where the movement of elevator commences from the supplier's place
     B:-Where the delivery of elevator is taken
     C:-Where the installation of elevator is made
     D:-Where address of the recipient is mentioned in the invoice
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question87:-The supply of goods to SEZ unit is treated as;
A:-Exempt supply liable for reversal of credit
B:-Deemed taxable supply
     C:-Export of supplies
     D:-Zero rated supply
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question88:-Supply of goods in the course of import into the territory of India is
     A:-Intrastate supply
     B:-Inter-State supply
     C:-Export
     D:-Neither export nor import
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question89:-One of the following taxes is not subsumed under GST;
     A:-Luxury tax
     B:-Tax on Alcoholic liquor for human consumption
     C:-Entry tax by State Governments
     D:-Tax on lottery by State Governments
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question90:-Under which schedule of the GST Act, declared certain activities or transactions as neither supply of goods nor of services
     A:-Schedule I
     B:-Schedule II
     C:-Schedule III
     D:-Schedule IV
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question91:-The credit of CGST can be utilized for the payment of
     A:-SGST
     B:-IGST
     C:-UTGST
     D:-Late fee
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question 92:-Which of the following activity deemed as Supply even if made without consideration?
     A:-Sale of business assets on which ITC has been availed
     B:-Temporary transfer of intellectual property right
     C:-Services by an employee to the employer
     D:-All of the above
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question93:-Goods and services tax is levied on
     A:-Transaction value
     B:-MRP
     C:-Manufacturing cost plus profit
     D:-Notional value
      Correct Answer:- Option-A
Question94:-A registered person opted to pay tax under section 10 of the Kerala goods and services Tax Act shall furnish return in;
     A:-GSTR 3
     B:-GSTR 4
C:-GSTR 5
     D:-GSTR 6
      Correct Answer:- Option-B
Question95:-As per GST laws, Debit Note is a document issued by ___
     A:-Supplier, for reducing the tax/taxable value
B:-Recipient, for reducing the tax/taxable value
C:-Recipient for increasing the tax/taxable value
     D:-Supplier for increasing the tax/taxable value
      Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question96: The certificate of registration under GST laws issued to a casual taxable person, unless extended is valid for a maximum period of
     __
A:-30 days
     B:-60 days
     C:-90 days
     D:-120 days
      Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question97:-The GST Council is constituted as per Article _____ of the amended constitution.
     A:-269A
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B:-246A
C:-279A
D:-276A
D:-276A
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question98:-In GST Council, the vote of the Central Government shall have a weightage of;
A:-1/2 of the total votes cast
B:-2/3 of the total votes cast
C:-1/4 of the total votes cast
C:-1/4 of the total votes cast
C:-1/3 of the total votes cast
Correct Answer:- Option-D
Question99:-Every registered person required to deduct tax at source under section 51 of the GST Act shall furnish return in;
A:-Form GSTR-5
B:-Form GSTR-6
C:-Form GSTR-7
D:-Form GSTR-8
Correct Answer:- Option-C
Question100:-When does the validity of E-Way bill under GST start?
A:-At the time of generation of Part-A slip
B:-When first entry is made in Part-B
C:-At the time of entry of Transporter ID in Eway bill portal
D:-At the time of movement of conveyance
Correct Answer:- Option-B