

DE-7/2021/34

Question Booklet
Alpha Code

A

Question Booklet
Serial Number

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Name:		Reg.No.		Signature:	
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DEPARTMENTAL TESTS — JULY, 2021

Total Number of Questions : 100

[Time : 1½ hours

(Maximum Marks : 100)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
6. The Question Booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so the fact should be brought to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
9. **Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.**
10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
11. **Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative marks for unattended questions.**
12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
14. **If any candidates make a marking of answer in the question paper and exchange with other candidate during the course of the examination, the answer script will be invalidated and the candidates will be debarred for a minimum period of 2 years from appearing the Departmental Tests.**

DE-7/2021/34

Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1½ hours

1. Which of the following provisions deals with security for good behaviour from suspected persons?
 - (A) Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (B) Section 107 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (C) Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (D) Section 109 of the Code of Criminal Procedure

2. Maximum period for which Security for keeping the peace on conviction can be ordered is :
 - (A) 3 years
 - (B) 1 year
 - (C) 6 months
 - (D) 2 years

3. Which of the following courts can order security for keeping peace under Section 107 of The Code of Criminal Procedure?
 - (A) First Class Judicial Magistrate Court
 - (B) Executive Magistrate
 - (C) Second Class Judicial Magistrate
 - (D) Sessions Court

4. Which of the following offences of Indian Penal Code with respect to which security for good behaviour cannot be ordered Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
 - (A) Section 153-B
 - (B) Section 153-A
 - (C) Section 124-A
 - (D) Section 124-B

5. Which of the following provisions empowers executive magistrate to seek assistance of a male person for the purpose of dispersing an unlawful assembly?
 - (A) Section 109
 - (B) Section 132
 - (C) Section 129
 - (D) Section 131

6. Which of the following statute is not mentioned in Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
 - (A) Indian Penal Code
 - (B) Unlawful Activities Prevention Act
 - (C) Press and registration of Books Act
 - (D) None of the above

7. Maximum period for which security for good behaviour may be demanded from a habitual offender :
- (A) 2 years (B) 1 year
(C) 6 months (D) 3 years
8. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Court of sessions is empowered to demand security for keeping peace from convicted person
(B) Executive magistrate is empowered to demand security for keeping peace from convicted person
(C) Appellate Court is not empowered to demand security for keeping peace from convicted person
(D) None of the above
9. The emphasis of the proceedings against a person under Section 107 of the Code of Criminal Procedure is that :
- (A) The person must be convicted for an offence and sentenced.
(B) There is Likelihood of imminent breach of peace by that person
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
10. Which of the following persons are not considered as a habitual offender under Section 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) A person who by habit a thief
(B) A person who by habit a robber
(C) A person habitually commits kidnapping
(D) None of the above
11. What is the effect of setting aside of conviction, on the bond executed under Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) It shall continue as valid for 3 years
(B) It shall continue as valid for 2 years
(C) It shall become void
(D) None of the above
12. Which of the following Sections require that order under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure must state the substance of information received by the Magistrate?
- (A) Section 109 (B) Section 110
(C) Section 112 (D) Section 111

13. When can court order security for keeping peace under Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) At the time of framing issues
 - (B) At the time of sentencing
 - (C) When charge is framed
 - (D) None of the above
14. Which of the following statements is correct?
- I. An order under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure can be demanded from a persons who is within the jurisdiction of magistrate but disseminating seditious matter outside his jurisdiction
 - II. An order under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure can be demanded from a persons who is within the jurisdiction of magistrate but disseminating seditious matter within his jurisdiction
- (A) Only I
 - (B) Only II
 - (C) Both I and II
 - (D) Neither I nor II
15. Whether an appellate court can make an order under Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) No. Only First Class Judicial Magistrate is competent to make order
 - (B) No. Only Second Class Judicial magistrate is competent to make order
 - (C) No. Only Executive magistrate is competent to make order
 - (D) None of the Above
16. Which of the following circumstances Security for good behaviour under Section 108 cannot be demanded?
- (A) When the Seditious matter is punishable under Section 124 A of Indian penal Code
 - (B) When the Seditious matter is punishable under Section 153 A of Indian penal Code
 - (C) When the Seditious matter is punishable under Section 295 A of Indian penal Code
 - (D) None of the above
17. Every order shall for the purpose of Sections 120 - 123 be deemed to be an order made under :
- (A) Section 107 or Section 117
 - (B) Section 106 or Section 116
 - (C) Section 106 or Section 117
 - (D) Section 107 or Section 118

18. For the conviction of which of the following offences under Indian Penal Code security can be demanded under Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure :
- (A) Section 153 A (B) Section 153 B
(C) Section 154 (D) None of the above
19. Which of the following Sections of The Code of Criminal Procedure provides for the procedure for security proceedings in respect of person present in Court?
- (A) Section 109 (B) Section 112
(C) Section 111 (D) Section 113
20. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Proceedings under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure cannot be taken against an editor registered and publishing in conformity with Press and Registration of Books Act except by Government order
(B) Proceedings under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure cannot be taken against a printer printing in contravention of Press and Registration of Books Act except with a Government order
(C) Proceedings under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure cannot be taken against a publisher not registered and not publishing in conformity with Press and Registration of Books Act except with Government Order
(D) Proceedings under Section 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure cannot be taken against a publisher registered but not publishing in conformity with Press and Registration of Books Act except with Government Order
21. Which of the following statement is false?
- (A) Security under Section 107 can be demanded when session's judge receives information that any person is likely to commit a breach of the peace
(B) Security under Section 107 can be demanded when Executive magistrate receives information that any person is likely to disturb the public tranquility
(C) Security under Section 107 can be demanded when Executive magistrate receives information that any person is to do any wrongful act that may probably occasion a breach of the peace
(D) Security under Section 107 can be demanded when Executive Magistrate receives information that any person is likely to commit a breach of the peace
22. Which of the following offences do not find mention in Section 106 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) assault (B) using criminal force
(C) committing mischief (D) none of the Above

23. Which of the following Sections requires that bond required to executed by the person against whom security proceedings has been initiated must be with surety?
- (A) Section 108 (B) Section 109
(C) Section 107 (D) Section 110
24. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure empowers the magistrate to dispense with personal attendance during security proceedings?
- (A) Section 113 (B) Section 114
(C) Section 115 (D) Section 116
25. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure with respect to which requirements of order under Section 111 is not applicable?
- (A) Section 107 (B) Section 106
(C) Section 109 (D) Section 108
26. Which of the following is not a requirement under Section 111 of The Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) The order should set forth the substance of information
(B) The order should set forth the amount of bond to be executed
(C) The order should set forth the name of sureties
(D) The order should set forth the term of bond
27. What is the procedure to be followed when the person against whom security proceedings are initiated is not present in the court?
- (A) Direct the police to arrest him (B) Issue summons
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
28. Match the following :
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| I. Inquiry as to truth of information | (a) Section 120 of The Code of Criminal Procedure |
| II. Contents of Bond | (b) Section 121 of The Code of Criminal Procedure |
| III. Power to reject security | (c) Section 116 of The Code of Criminal Procedure |
- (A) I(c); II(a); III(b) (B) I(a); II(c); III(b)
(C) I(a); II(b); III(c) (D) None of the above

29. What are the circumstances in which magistrate can issue warrant of arrest for immediate arrest against a person to prevent breach of peace in a security proceedings?
- I. Where it appears to the magistrate that breach of peace cannot otherwise be prevented
 - II. When upon police report, magistrate has reason to fear commission of breach of peace
 - III. where upon any information, magistrate has reason to fear commission of breach of peace
- (A) I only (B) I and II
(C) I, II and III (D) I and III
30. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure requires that warrant issued under Section 113 must be accompanied by copy of order?
- (A) Section 115 (B) Section 114
(C) Section 112 (D) Section 116
31. Inquiry as to truth of information in security proceedings shall as far as practicable shall be in the manner prescribed in :
- (A) In Summons case Trial (B) In Warrant case trial
(C) Summary trial (D) None of the above
32. Which of the following circumstances in which bond for good behaviour is considered as breached by the person who executed the same?
- (A) When he commits any offence punishable with imprisonment
(B) When he attempts to commit any offence punishable with imprisonment
(C) When he abets the commission of any offence punishable with imprisonment
(D) All the above
33. Which of the following courts can vacate the order for continuance of security proceedings, which was extended for special reasons, though inquiry as to truth of information is not completed within the prescribed period?
- (A) Assistant Sessions Court
(B) Session's court
(C) First Class judicial magistrate Court
(D) None of the above
34. The conditions of a bond, whether as to the amount thereof or as to the provision of sureties, shall not be more onerous than those specified in the :
- (A) Order under section 112
(B) Order under Section 111
(C) Order under Section 114
(D) Order under Section 113

35. Which of the following Sections of The Code of Criminal Procedure provides for issuing of warrant of arrest against a person when order for executing bond is made?
- (A) Section 112 (B) Section 111
(C) Section 113 (D) Section 114
36. The period within which inquiry as to truth of information in security proceedings shall be completed :
- (A) One year from the date of its commencement
(B) Three months from the date of its commencement
(C) One month from the date of its commencement
(D) Six months from the date of its commencement
37. Who shall execute a bond when the person against whom inquiry in security proceedings is conducted is a minor?
- (A) Minor himself (B) Guardian
(C) Sureties (D) Only by father or mother
38. Which of the following statement is not true?
- (A) For the purpose of taking evidence in Security proceedings, the fact that a person is an habitual offender, may be proved by evidence of general repute
(B) For the purpose of taking evidence in Security proceedings, the fact that a person is so desperate and dangerous as to render his being at large without security hazardous to the community, may be proved by evidence of general repute or otherwise
(C) For the purpose of taking evidence in Security proceedings, the fact that a person is an habitual offender, may be proved by evidence of general repute or otherwise
(D) None of the above
39. Which of the following provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure require that before making an order rejecting any surety who has previously been accepted, the Magistrate shall issue his summons, and cause the person for whom the surety is bound to appear to be brought before him?
- (A) Section 121 (B) Section 119
(C) Section 117 (D) Section 122
40. What is the procedure when a person has been ordered by a Magistrate to give security for a period exceeding one year under Section 117 fails to give Security?
- (A) The magistrate shall issue summons and direct to appear before him
(B) The magistrate shall issue warrant and direct to appear before him
(C) The magistrate shall issue warrant directing him to be detained in prison pending the orders of the Sessions Judge
(D) None of the above

41. How can executive magistrate disperse unlawful assembly?
- (A) By using civil force only
 - (B) By using armed forces only
 - (C) By using both civil force and armed force
 - (D) None of the above
42. Which of the following is true?
- I. Maximum period of Imprisonment for default of Security is three years
 - II. Section 122 of the Code of Criminal procedure provides for contents of the bond
- (A) Only I is true
 - (B) Only II is true
 - (C) Neither I nor II is true
 - (D) Both I and II are true
43. When can executive magistrate use civil force to disperse unlawful assembly?
- I. When the assembly upon being commanded did not disperse
 - II. When the assembly though not commanded to disperse, conducts itself in such a manner as to show a determination as not to disperse
 - III. When a group of persons conspires to form an unlawful assembly
- (A) Only I and II
 - (B) Only II and III
 - (C) Only I and III
 - (D) None of the above
44. Which of the following Sections of the code of Criminal procedure empowers District magistrate to release persons who are jailed for failure to give security, if he thinks that it can be done without hazardous to the community?
- (A) Section 129
 - (B) Section 123
 - (C) Section 122
 - (D) Section 130
45. Sureties offered under Chapter VIII of the code of Criminal procedure shall not be rejected except after judicial enquiry by the magistrate under :
- (A) Section 120
 - (B) Section 121
 - (C) Section 122
 - (D) Section 123
46. Match the following :
- 1. Power of certain armed force officers to disperse assembly (a) Section 119
 - 2. Security for unexpired period of bond (b) Section 131
 - 3. Commencement of period for which security is required (c) Section 124
- (A) 1(b); 2(c); 3(a)
 - (B) 1(c); 2(a); 3(b)
 - (C) 1(a); 2(c); 3(b)
 - (D) 1(c); 2(b); 3(a)

47. Which of the following authorities are competent to release persons imprisoned for failing to give security, if the order had been passed by executive magistrate?
- (A) District Magistrate (B) District Judge
(C) Sessions' judge (D) Chief Judicial magistrate
48. Which of the following statements is not true?
- (A) No person against whom proceedings are not being taken under section 108 of The code of Criminal Procedure shall be directed to execute a bond for maintaining good behaviour
(B) No person against whom proceedings are not being taken under section 109 of The code of Criminal Procedure shall be directed to execute a bond for maintaining good behaviour
(C) No person against whom proceedings are not being taken under section 110 of The code of Criminal Procedure shall be directed to execute a bond for maintaining good behaviour
(D) None of the above
49. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure provide for power to reject securities in security proceedings?
- (A) Section 110 (B) Section 113
(C) Section 121 (D) Section 120
50. What is the procedure to be followed, where two or more persons have been associated together in the matter under inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings?
- (A) They may be dealt within the same inquiries as the Magistrate shall think just
(B) They may be dealt within the separate inquiries as the Magistrate shall think just
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
51. Which of the following is a not a requirement under Section 111 of The Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) The order should be in writing
(B) The order should set forth the source of information
(C) The order should set forth the substance of information
(D) The order should set forth the amount of bond to be executed

52. Match The Following :

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| I. Section 106 of The Code of Criminal Procedure Act | (a) Press and Registration of Books |
| II. Section 109 of The Code of Criminal Procedure | (b) Cognizable offence |
| III. Section 108 of The Code of Criminal Procedure | (c) Indian Penal Code |
| (A) I(a); II(b); III(c) | (B) I(c); II(b); III (a) |
| (C) I(c); II(a); III(b) | (D) I(b); II(a);III(c) |

53. What is the procedure to be followed when security order is made against a person who is in custody?

- (A) Summons may be issued to him in jail
- (B) He shall forth with released on bail to execute the bond
- (C) Warrant shall be issued to the officer in whose custody the person is, requiring him to bring that person before the court
- (D) None of the above

54. Which of the following statement is true?

- (A) Every summons issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall be accompanied by a copy of the order made under section 112
- (B) Every warrant issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall be accompanied by a copy of the order made under section 112
- (C) Every summons issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall be accompanied by a copy of the order made under section 111
- (D) Every warrant issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall be accompanied by a copy of the order made under section 110

55. Which of the following statements is true?

- (A) Magistrate has no power to dispense with personal attendance when he orders to execute bond for keeping peace
- (B) Bond for Security for good behaviour from habitual offenders may be taken for a maximum period of one year
- (C) Security for keeping peace on conviction of the offence of criminal intimidation may be demanded by a session's court for a maximum period of three years
- (D) If a person against whom security order is made is present in court, summons shall be issued to him

56. When shall evidence in security proceedings commence?
- (A) When an order under section 111 has been read under section 112 to a person present in Court
 - (B) When an order under section 111 has been explained under section 112 to a person present in Court
 - (C) When a person is brought before a Magistrate in compliance with, a summons issued under section 113
 - (D) All the above
57. Which of the following Sections of Criminal procedure provides for content of a bond in a security proceedings?
- (A) Section 111
 - (B) Section 112
 - (C) Section 113
 - (D) None of the above
58. Which of the following statement is false?
- (A) A Magistrate may refuse to accept any surety offered under this Chapter on the ground that such surety is an unfit person for the purposes of the bond
 - (B) Before so refusing to accept the surety, Magistrate shall either himself hold an inquiry on oath into the fitness of the surety
 - (C) If the Magistrate is satisfied, after considering the evidence so adduced, that the surety is an unfit person for the purposes of the bond, he shall make an order refusing to accept the surety
 - (D) None of the above
59. Imprisonment for failure to give security for keeping the peace shall be :
- (A) Simple
 - (B) Rigorous
 - (C) Simple or rigorous
 - (D) Solitary confinement
60. What is the procedure to be adopted by the magistrate, if he considers that immediate measures are necessary for the prevention of a breach of the peace, after the commencement. and before the completion of the inquiry in a security proceedings?
- (A) He may direct the person against whom security order is made to execute a bond. with or without sureties, for keeping the peace till the conclusion of inquiry
 - (B) He may detain the person against whom security order is made in custody until such bond is executed
 - (C) He may detain the person against whom security order is made in custody until completion of inquiry, if bond is not executed.
 - (D) All the above

61. Whether magistrate can permit a person against whom security for good behaviour is ordered to appear by pleader?
- (A) No. Only when security for keeping peace is ordered personal appearance may be dispensed
 - (B) No. It is personal liability
 - (C) Yes, if magistrate sees sufficient cause to dispense appearance
 - (D) None of the above
62. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence when an order under section 111 has been read or explained under section 112 to a person present in Court
 - (B) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence when an order under section 112 has been read or explained under section 113 to a person present in Court
 - (C) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence when an order under section 111 has been read or explained under section 113 to a person present in Court
 - (D) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence when an order under section 112 has been read or explained under section 111 to a person present in Court
63. Which of the following statement is true?
- (A) The inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall be completed within a period of one year from the date of its commencement, and if such inquiry is not so completed, the security proceedings shall, on the expiry of the said period, stand terminated
 - (B) Magistrate may extend the period of inquiry and direct security proceedings to continue for special reasons to be recorded in writing
 - (C) Where any person has been kept in detention pending inquiry in a security proceedings, the Security proceeding against that person, unless terminated earlier, shall stand terminated on the expiry of a period of three months of such detention
 - (D) The inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall be completed within a period of three months from the date of its commencement, and if such inquiry is not so completed, the security proceedings shall, on the expiry of the said period, stand terminated

64. Which of the following statements is not true?
- (A) If any person, in respect of whom an order requiring security is made under section 106 is sentenced to imprisonment, the period for which such security is required shall commence on the expiration of such sentence
 - (B) If any person, in respect of whom an order requiring security is made under section 117 is sentenced to imprisonment, the period for which such security is required shall commence on the expiration of such sentence
 - (C) If any person, in respect of whom an order requiring security is made under section 117 is undergoing sentence of imprisonment, the period for which such security is required shall commence on the expiration of such sentence
 - (D) None of the above
65. Which of the following statement is true?
- (A) If any person after having executed a bond, with or without sureties for keeping the peace in pursuance of an order of a Magistrate under section 117, is proved, to the satisfaction of such Magistrate to have committed breach of the bond, such Magistrate may, after recording the grounds of such proof, order that the person be arrested and detained in prison until the expiry of the period of the bond
 - (B) If any person after having executed a bond, with or without sureties for keeping the peace in pursuance of an order of a Magistrate under section 117, is proved, to the satisfaction of such Magistrate to have committed breach of the bond, such Magistrate may, after recording the grounds of such proof, order that the person be arrested and detained in prison until the expiry of the period of three years
 - (C) If any person after having executed a bond, with or without sureties for keeping the peace in pursuance of an order of a Magistrate under section 116, is proved, to the satisfaction of such Magistrate to have committed breach of the bond, such Magistrate may, after recording the grounds of such proof, order that the person be arrested and detained in prison until the expiry of the period of the bond
 - (D) None of the above
66. Who is competent to disperse unlawful assembly when no officer in charge in police station is available in the place where there is an unlawful assembly?
- (A) District Judge
 - (B) Commissioner of police
 - (C) Any police officer equal in rank of the officer in charge of the police station
 - (D) None of the above
67. Which of the following courts can make an order reducing the amount of security, whenever a person has been imprisoned for failing to give security under Chapter VIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) High Court
 - (B) Court of Sessions
 - (C) Chief Judicial Magistrate Court
 - (D) All the above

68. Which of the following orders can be made by the magistrate after enquiry is made in security proceedings?
- (A) He may order to give security
 - (B) He may order to release the person
 - (C) He may order to discharge the person
 - (D) All the above
69. Which of the following cases the bond executed by any person to keep good behaviour is considered as a breach of the bond?
- (A) Commission of the offence with imprisonment
 - (B) Attempt to commit the offence with imprisonment
 - (C) Abetment of the offence with imprisonment
 - (D) All the above
70. When will security proceedings, against a person who was detained pending inquiry as truth of information, will be terminated?
- (A) On the expiry of a period of six months of such detention.
 - (B) On the expiry of a period of six months of commencement of proceedings
 - (C) It cannot be terminated
 - (D) None of the above
71. Whose assistance executive magistrate can take when he disperses unlawful assembly by using civil force?
- (A) Male person who is a gazetted officer
 - (B) Male person who is an officer of armed forces
 - (C) Male person who is not an officer of armed forces
 - (D) None of the above
72. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal procedure empowers the magistrate to cancel the earlier bond executed by a person and cancel and order fresh security for unexpired period of bond during security proceedings?
- (A) Section 121
 - (B) Section 123
 - (C) Section 124
 - (D) Section 122
73. Which of the following is competent to reduce the amount of security, Whenever any person has been imprisoned for failing to give security under Chapter, VIII by the order of executive magistrate under Section 117 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - (B) First Class Judicial Magistrate
 - (C) District Magistrate
 - (D) Metropolitan Magistrate

74. Which of the following statements is false?
- (A) When a person for whose appearance summons is issued under the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 121, is brought before the Magistrate or Court, the Magistrate or Court shall cancel the bond executed by such person and issue fresh security for the unexpired period of bond.
 - (B) When a person for whose appearance warrant is issued under the proviso to subsection (3) of section 121, is brought before the Magistrate or Court, the Magistrate or Court shall cancel the bond executed by such person and issue fresh security for the unexpired period of bond
 - (C) When a person for whose appearance warrant is issued under sub-section (10) of section 123, is brought before the Magistrate or Court, the Magistrate or Court shall cancel the bond executed by such person and issue fresh security for the unexpired period of bond.
 - (D) None of the above
75. What are the actions under Section 129 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, can be taken by the executive magistrate against persons who are involved in unlawful assembly to disperse the assembly?
- (A) Arrest and confine the person
 - (B) Disperse them by firing
 - (C) Seize their property
 - (D) None of the above
76. What are the circumstances in which a direction as to continuance of security proceedings though inquiry is not completed within the prescribed period cannot be vacated?
- (A) When an application is made by the aggrieved party
 - (B) When court is satisfied that the aggrieved party is a minor
 - (C) if court is satisfied that the direction was not based on any special reason
 - (D) if court is satisfied that the direction was perverse
77. When will the period for which such security is required shall commence with respect to any person, in respect of whom an order requiring security is made under section 106 is made and is undergoing imprisonment?
- (A) It shall commence on the expiration of such sentence.
 - (B) It shall be fixed by the court
 - (C) It shall commence on the date on which security order is made
 - (D) None of the above

78. Which of the following statement is true?
- (A) Imprisonment for failure to give security for good behaviour shall, where the proceedings have been taken under section 108, be rigorous
 - (B) Imprisonment for failure to give security for good behaviour shall, where the proceedings have been taken under section 109 be simple only
 - (C) Imprisonment for failure to give security for good behaviour shall, where the proceedings have been taken under section 110 may be rigorous or simple
 - (D) None of the above
79. Which of the following statements is false?
- (A) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings is provided in Section 116 of the Code of Criminal procedure
 - (B) Power to dispense with personal attendance is provided in Section 114 of the Code of Criminal procedure
 - (C) Security for unexpired period of bond is provided in Section 124 of the Code of Criminal procedure
 - (D) Protection against prosecution for acts done under Section 130 is provided in Section 132 of the Code of Criminal procedure
80. Which of the following authorities can prescribe the conditions for discharge of a person imprisoned for failing to give security under Chapter VIII when he is ordered to be discharged by the court?
- (A) High Court
 - (B) State Government
 - (C) District Magistrate
 - (D) None of the above
81. Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence under Section 117, when any person appears or is brought before a Magistrate in compliance with, or in execution of, a summons or warrant, issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (B) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence under Section 116, when any person appears or is brought before a Magistrate in compliance with, or in execution of, a summons or warrant, issued under section 113 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (C) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence under Section 116, when any person appears or is brought before a Magistrate in compliance with, or in execution of, a summons or warrant, issued under section 112 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 - (D) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings shall commence under Section 117, when any person appears or is brought before a Magistrate in compliance with, or in execution of, a summons or warrant, issued under section 112 of the Code of Criminal Procedure

82. What are the procedures not required to be followed by the magistrate before rejecting any surety previously accepted by him in a security proceedings on the ground that surety is unfit for the purpose of bond?
- (A) Arrest the person against whom security order is made
 - (B) Hold an inquiry on oath into the fitness of the surety
 - (C) Give reasonable notice to the surety and to the person by whom the surety was offered before holding inquiry in this regard
 - (D) Cause a inquiry to be held in this regard and a report to be made thereon by a Magistrate subordinate to him
83. Which of the following circumstances commissioned or gazetted officer of the armed forces may disperse unlawful assembly with the help of armed forces under his command?
- (A) When public security is manifestly endangered by unlawful assembly and when no executive magistrate can be communicated with
 - (B) When public security is manifestly endangered by unlawful assembly and when no police officer can be communicated with
 - (C) When an unlawful assembly has been formed and when no executive magistrate can be communicated with
 - (D) None of the above
84. Which of the following provisions provide for the evidentiary rule of proof, regarding a habitual offender who is so dangerous as to render as being at large without security hazardous to the community?
- (A) Section 107
 - (B) Section 110
 - (C) Section 116
 - (D) Section 108
85. Which of the following persons are given protection from prosecution for acts done for dispersal of assemblies?
- (A) Executive Magistrate acting in good faith under Section 129
 - (B) Police Officer acting in good faith under Section 129
 - (C) A person acting in good faith in compliance of requisition under Section 130
 - (D) All the above

86. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure the amount of every Security bond shall be fixed with due regard to the circumstances of the case and shall not be excessive?
- (A) Section 112 (B) Section 117
(C) Section 110 (D) Section 111
87. Match the following :
- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| 1. Power of certain armed force officers to disperse assembly | (a) Section 119 |
| 2. Security for unexpired period of bond | (b) Section 131 |
| 3. Commencement of period for which security is required | (c) Section 124 |
- (A) 1(b); 2(c); 3(a) (B) 1(c); 2(a); 3(b)
(C) 1(a); 2(c); 3(b) (D) 1(c); 2(b); 3(a)
88. Which of the following courts the session's judge may in his discretion transfer the proceedings laid before him under Section 122(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) Additional Sessions Judge or Assistant Sessions Judge
(B) Additional Sessions Judge or District Magistrate
(C) Chief Judicial Magistrate or Assistant Sessions Judge
(D) Chief Judicial Magistrate or District Magistrate
89. Which of the following provisions provide for an order requiring any person to show cause when the magistrate acts under Section 107, 108, 109 or 110 of the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) Section 112 (B) Section 113
(C) Section 111 (D) None of these
90. Which of the following statements is false?
- (A) Inquiry as to truth of information in a security proceedings is provided in Section 116 of the Code of Criminal procedure
(B) Power to dispense with personal attendance is provided in Section 114 of the Code of Criminal procedure
(C) Security for unexpired period of bond is provided in Section 124 of the Code of Criminal procedure
(D) Protection against prosecution for acts done under Section 130 is provided in Section 132 of the Code of Criminal procedure

91. What is the remedy available to an aggrieved person against whom security proceedings is ordered to be continued, though inquiry as to the truth of information against him is not completed?
- (A) He can make an application to executive magistrate to vacate the order
 (B) He can make an application to Assistant Sessions judge to vacate the order
 (C) He can make an application to police Commissioner to vacate the order
 (D) None of the above
92. Match the following :
- | | |
|--|---|
| I. Section 121 of the Code of Criminal Procedure | (a) Imprisonment in default of security |
| II. Section 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure | (b) Security for unexpired period of bond |
| III. Section 124 of the Code of Criminal Procedure | (c) Power to reject sureties |
- (A) I(a); II(b); III(c)
 (B) I(b); II(c); III(a)
 (C) I(c); II(a); III(b)
 (D) I(b);II(a); III(c)
93. If the magistrate is satisfied that the surety is an unfit person for the purpose of bond under security proceedings he shall :
- (A) Reject the surety after recording the reasons
 (B) Dismiss security after recording the reasons
 (C) Arrest the surety and the person after recording the reasons
 (D) None of the above
94. Which of the following Sections provide for the procedure when two or more persons are associated together in the matter under enquiry in the security proceedings?
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (A) Section 112 | (B) Section 114 |
| (C) Section 116 | (D) Section 117 |
95. Unlawful assembly consists of :
- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) Minimum 2 persons | (B) Minimum 5 persons |
| (C) Minimum 10 persons | (D) None of the above |

96. Which of the following provisions under which summons or warrant has to be issued for the appearance of the person so as to issue fresh security for unexpired period of bond?
- (A) proviso to sub-section (3) of section 121 or under sub-section (10) of section 123
 - (B) proviso to sub-section (4) of section 121 or under sub-section (10) of section 123
 - (C) proviso to sub-section (3) of section 121 or under sub-section (10) of section 122
 - (D) proviso to sub-section (3) of section 121 or under sub-section (9) of section 23
97. Which of the following circumstances can a session's judge vacate the direction for permitting continuance of proceedings of enquiry after limitation period under Section 116?
- I. If he is satisfied that the order was not based on special reasons
 - II. If he is satisfied that the order was perverse
 - III. If he is satisfied that the order was based on special reasons
- (A) I and II
 - (B) II and III
 - (C) I and III
 - (D) None of the above
98. Which of the following Sections provide for limitation period for completion of inquiry in security proceedings?
- (A) Section 112
 - (B) Section 116
 - (C) Section 113
 - (D) Section 115
99. Which of the following authorities sanction is required for prosecuting an officer in armed forces for any act purporting to be done under Sections 12-131 of The Code of Criminal Procedure?
- (A) Central Government
 - (B) State Government
 - (C) President of India
 - (D) None of the above
100. Which of the following Sections provide that Copy of the order under Section 111 shall be delivered to the person proceeded against?
- (A) Section 112
 - (B) Section 114
 - (C) Section 113
 - (D) Section 115
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