

016/2020 - K

Question Booklet
Alpha Code

A

Question Booklet
Serial Number

Total Number of Questions : 100

Time : 90 Minutes

Maximum Marks : 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The question paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four versions of question booklets with question booklet alpha code viz. A, B, C & D.
2. The Question Booklet Alpha Code will be printed on the top left margin of the facing sheet of the question booklet.
3. The Question Booklet Alpha Code allotted to you will be noted in your seating position in the Examination Hall.
4. If you get a question booklet where the alpha code does not match to the allotted alpha code in the seating position, please draw the attention of the Invigilator IMMEDIATELY.
5. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your question booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new question booklet with same alpha code.
6. The question booklet will be sealed at the middle of the right margin. Candidate should not open the question booklet, until the indication is given to start answering.
7. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the question booklet supplied to him contains all the 100 questions in serial order. The question booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same alpha code. This is most important.
8. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the question booklet. This may be used for rough work.
9. **Please read carefully all the instructions on the reverse of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.**
10. Each question is provided with four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using Blue or Black Ball Point Pen in the OMR Answer Sheet.
11. **Each correct answer carries 1 mark and for each wrong answer 1/3 mark will be deducted. No negative mark for unattended questions.**
12. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. Candidates should ensure that the Invigilator has verified all the entries in the Register Number Coding Sheet and that the Invigilator has affixed his/her signature in the space provided.
13. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.

016/2020 - K

1. "By and large land reforms in India enacted so far and those contemplated in the near future ... are in the right direction; and yet due to lack of implementation the actual results are far from satisfactory". This is the view of :
(A) B.S. Sidhu (B) M.L. Dantwala
(C) Venkatasubbiah (D) V.S. Vyas
2. State the **correct** answer.
A unique objective of the Eighth Plan is :
(A) Achieving self-sufficiency in food-production.
(B) Universalization of elementary education and thereby eradicating illiteracy in the age group of 15 to 35 years.
(C) Achieving a growth rate of 2.4% p.a.
(D) Export promotion and solving foreign exchange problem.
3. Arrange the Finance Commission Chairmen in the ascending order.
(A) C. Rangarajan, A.M. Khusro, Dr. Vijay L. Kelkar, Yaga Venugopal Reddy
(B) C. Rangarajan, Dr. Vijay L. Kelkar, A.M. Khusro, Yaga Venugopal Reddy
(C) C. Rangarajan, Dr. Vijay L. Kelkar, Yaga Venugopal Reddy, A.M. Khusro
(D) Dr. Vijay L. Kelkar, C. Rangarajan, A.M. Khusro, Yaga Venugopal Reddy
4. In which of the following Industrial policies were the major changes introduced ?
(i) Liberalisation of licensed capacity.
(ii) Relaxation of industrial licensing.
(iii) Industrialisation of backward areas.
Select the **correct** answer using the codes given below.
(A) Industrial policy resolution, 1956.
(B) Industrial policy statement, 1977.
(C) Industrial policy of 1980.
(D) Industrial policy of 1991.
5. Which of the following could be said to have prevented the 'trickle down' effects in Indian economy ?
(i) Increased dependence of agriculture on purchased inputs and privately managed irrigation.
(ii) More employment of labour by larger landholding farmers.
(iii) Lowered participation of women in agricultural workforce due to new technology.
(iv) The failure of the Green Revolution.
(A) (i) and (iii) (B) (ii) and (iii) (C) (i) and (ii) (D) (ii) and (iv)

6. Which of the following statements is **not** correct about Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojna ?
- (A) It was launched in March 2015.
 - (B) It will provide training to 300 million youths.
 - (C) It will be implemented by the ministry of skill development and entrepreneurship.
 - (D) It will focus on the class X and class XII students.
7. Land Reform does not refer to :
- (A) Elimination of all forms of exploitation and social justice within the agrarian system.
 - (B) Removal of impediments arising from the agrarian structure for improved production.
 - (C) Consolidation of holdings.
 - (D) Provision of employment guarantee to the rural poor.
8. The second national commission on labour was set-up on 15th October, 1999 under the chairmanship of Ravindra Verma and the report was submitted on 29th June, 2002. Which of the following is **not** a recommendation of the report ?
- (A) Prior permission is necessary before lay off or retrenchment.
 - (B) 'Go slow' and 'work to rule' steps taken by trade unions should be considered misconduct.
 - (C) Organization should set-up a grievance redressal committee for organisations employing 50 or more.
 - (D) To check multiplicity of trade unions.
9. Consider the following statements.
The knife-edge problem in the Harrod-Domar growth model implies a constant
- (i) Rate of population growth
 - (ii) Output
 - (iii) Rate of saving
 - (iv) Capital-output ratio
- Of the statements :
- (A) (iv) alone is correct
 - (B) (i) and (ii) are correct
 - (C) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct
 - (D) (i), (iii) and (iv) are correct
10. Consider the following statements :
- (i) Minimum support price is announced by the State governments.
 - (ii) Minimum support price is announced well before sowing.
 - (iii) Minimum support price is announced at the time of harvest.
 - (iv) Minimum support price is announced by the Central government.
- Of the statements :
- (A) (i), (ii) and (iii) are correct
 - (B) (ii), (iii) and (iv) are correct
 - (C) (i) and (ii) are correct
 - (D) (ii) and (iv) are correct
11. Which constitutional amendment is done to pass the GST bill ?
- (A) 101st
 - (B) 120th
 - (C) 122nd
 - (D) 115th

18. Infrastructure fund mobilisation structures of KIFFB is approved by :
- (i) Reserve Bank of India
 - (ii) Securities Exchange Board of India
- Which of the above is/are **correct** ?
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) only
 - (C) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)
19. Consider the following statements regarding land use pattern in Kerala in 2017-18.
- (i) Largest area is under forest coverage.
 - (ii) Largest is Cultivated Area.
 - (iii) Largest area is put to non-agriculture uses.
- Which of the above statement is/are **correct** ?
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) only
 - (C) (iii) only
 - (D) Both (i) and (iii)
20. Consider the following statements.
- (i) Compared to Primary and Secondary Sectors, Services sector share is dominating in Kerala's GSDP.
 - (ii) But in terms of employment/workforce, secondary sector is dominating.
- Which of the above is/are **correct** ?
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) only
 - (C) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)
21. Consider the following schemes and its beneficiaries.
- | Schemes | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (i) Swapna Saphalyam | NRKs |
| (ii) Santhwana | Women |
| (iii) Insight Projects | PWDs |
| (iv) Aswasakiranam | Endosulfan victims |
- Which is/are **not** correctly matched ?
- (A) (ii) and (iii)
 - (B) (i) and (iii)
 - (C) (ii) and (iv)
 - (D) (i) and (iv)
22. K-SWIFT initiative of Government of Kerala is related to :
- (A) Attract investment and Ease of doing business
 - (B) Attract Foreign Tourists
 - (C) Improve Social Welfare
 - (D) Increase Foreign Trade
23. Loka Kerala Sabha comprises of :
- (i) Legislators and Parliamentarians from Kerala.
 - (ii) Elected Expatriates of Kerala abroad.
 - (iii) Elected Expatriates of Kerala in other Indian states.
- Which of the above is/are **correct** ?
- (A) Only (ii) and (iii)
 - (B) Only (i) and (ii)
 - (C) Only (i) and (iii)
 - (D) All the above

24. In its achievements in Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Kerala was ranked first by NITI Aayog. Which among the following is/are the main reasons for this rank ?
- (i) Health
 - (ii) Education
 - (iii) Gender equality
- Select the **correct** answer from below :
- (A) Only (ii) and (iii)
 - (B) Only (i) and (ii)
 - (C) Only (i) and (iii)
 - (D) All the above
25. Which of the following statements is/are true in relation to science and technology ?
- (i) Today's science is tomorrow's technology.
 - (ii) The border between science and technology is well defined today.
 - (iii) S & T developments of social/economic relevance are potential innovations.
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) only
 - (C) (i) and (iii) only
 - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
26. Which of the following indicates the best system of public health in India ?
- (i) National Health Mission
 - (ii) Union Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
 - (iii) Primary Health Centers, Community Health Centers and Government Hospitals
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) and (iii) only
 - (C) (i) and (iii) only
 - (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)
27. The following refers to a recent development in technology. "It makes it possible to easily alter DNA sequences and modify Gene function. It can therefore correct genetic defects and improve crops, but with associated ethical problems."
- Which of the following is the recent development referred to above ?
- (A) DNA Bar-coding
 - (B) CRISPR
 - (C) P53
 - (D) Terminator
28. A famous book titled '10% Human' argues that human cells are just 10% of body. The rest 90% cells are now considered key to our health. These 90% cells are mainly :
- (A) Cells with Junk DNA
 - (B) Cells of Gut microbes
 - (C) Cells with CRISPR modified DNA
 - (D) Stem Cells

33. Consider the following statements in the context of session hijacking.
- (i) It is compromising a user's session to exploit their data and perform malicious activities or misusing their credentials.
 - (ii) The most common method of session hijacking is IP spoofing where the attacker acts as one of the authenticated users.
 - (iii) Session hijacking can be prevented by using packet sniffers and cross site scripting.
 - (iv) To protect the network with session hijacking, the defender has to implement security measures at Application as well as Network level.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are **correct** ?

- (A) All the above
 - (B) (i), (ii) and (iii) only
 - (C) (i), (ii) and (iv) only
 - (D) (i) and (ii) only
34. Which one of the following schemes, deals with the generation of Digital Life Certificates ?
- (A) TIDE 2.0 Scheme
 - (B) MyGov
 - (C) Open Government Data Platform India
 - (D) Jeevan Pramaan
35. Which one of the following has been launched by the Central Government for providing softwares for the detection of malicious programs and free tools to remove these programs ?
- (A) National Cybercrime Threat Analytics Unit
 - (B) Cyber Swachhta Kendra
 - (C) National Critical Information Infrastructure Protection Centre
 - (D) Platform for Joint Cybercrime Investigation Team

36. The location of the planned prime landing site for Vikram Lander on Chandrayaan-2 was SLS54, which is located at 70.9S and 22.8E on the Moon. Consider the following statements regarding the selection of the potential landing site.

- (i) Visible to Earth for radio communication.
- (ii) Water ice has been mapped at the site earlier by Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter mission.
- (iii) Local terrain features such that they don't shadow the site for long durations.

Which of the following statements above is/are **correct** ?

- (A) (ii) and (iii)
 - (B) (i) and (iii)
 - (C) (i), (ii) and (iii)
 - (D) (iii) only
37. The first dedicated Indian astronomy mission aimed at studying celestial sources in X-ray, optical and ultraviolet spectral bands simultaneously is :
- (A) Chandrayaan-2
 - (B) Gaganyaan
 - (C) Astrosat
 - (D) Cartosat

38. Which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (A) Prithvi missile is a family of strategic surface-to-surface long-range ballistic missiles.
 - (B) Akash is a medium-range surface-to-air missile which flies at sub-sonic speeds.
 - (C) Trishul is India's third generation anti-tank missile with Imaging Infra-Red guidance.
 - (D) Agni is intermediate range surface-to-surface missile with nuclear warhead capability.
39. The second spaceport of ISRO to launch rockets is proposed at the following location :
- (A) Kulasekarapattinam, Tamil Nadu
 - (B) Kaithkhola, Odisha
 - (C) Pozhiyoor, Kerala
 - (D) Krishnapatnam, Andhra Pradesh
40. The upcoming smaller counterpart of PSLV rocket is :
- (A) Mini Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle
 - (B) Cube Satellite Launch Vehicle
 - (C) Small Satellite Launch Vehicle
 - (D) Multiple Satellite Launch Vehicle
41. "Consistent availability of sufficient energy in various forms at affordable prices" is the definition of :
- (A) Energy management
 - (B) Energy policy
 - (C) Energy security
 - (D) Energy conservation
42. The online platform established by the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy for Installation of Solar Photovoltaic :
- (A) SPIN
 - (B) SOLARWHIN
 - (C) SPINE
 - (D) INSP
43. In India the largest amount of installed grid interactive renewable power capacity is associated with :
- (A) Solar power
 - (B) Wind power
 - (C) Tidal power
 - (D) Biomass power
44. At the headquarters of which international organisation was the Gandhi Solar Park (GSP) recently inaugurated ?
- (A) United Nations
 - (B) World Health Organization
 - (C) International Atomic Energy Agency
 - (D) International Monetary Fund

45. With reference to the cause of ozone layer depletion which of the following statement is **incorrect** ?
- (A) A number of naturally occurring substances like Hydrogen Oxide (HOx), Methane (CH₄), Hydrogen Gas (H₂), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) causes ozone layer depletion.
 - (B) Chlorine Monoxide (ClO); during volcanic eruptions, significant amount of chlorine may be released in the stratosphere which causes ozone layer depletion.
 - (C) Tiny particulate matter in the stratosphere, known as stratospheric aerosols, the only matter protect ozone layer depletion.
 - (D) Any event, which release chlorine atoms into the atmospheric, can cause severe ozone destruction, because chlorine atoms in the stratosphere can destroy ozone very efficiently.

46. With reference to an initiative called 'The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity (TEEB)' which of the following statements is/are **correct** ?
- (i) It is an initiative hosted by UNEP/IMF and World Economic Forum.
 - (ii) It is a global initiative that focuses on drawing attention to the economic benefits of biodiversity.
 - (iii) It presents an approach that can help decision makers recognize, demonstrate and capture the value of ecosystem and biodiversity.

Select the **correct** answer :

- (A) (i) and (ii) only
- (B) (iii) only
- (C) (ii) and (iii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

47. Biomass gasification is considered to be one of the sustainable solutions to the power crisis in India. In this context, which of the following statements is/are **correct** ?
- (i) Coconut shells, groundnut shells and rice husk can be used in biomass gasification.
 - (ii) The combustible gases generated from biomass gasification consist of hydrogen and carbon dioxide only.
 - (iii) The combustible gases generated from biomass gasification can be used for direct heat generation but not in internal combustion engines.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct** ?

- (A) (i) only
- (B) (ii) and (iii) only
- (C) (i) and (iii) only
- (D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

48. **Assertion (A)** : Biosphere constitutes an excellent life-support system which is sustainable and can fulfil all human needs.

Reason (R) : The size and productivity of the biosphere is limited by availability of water, nutrients and environmental conditions.

Identify the **correct** code :

- (A) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**.
- (B) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true, but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**.
- (C) **(A)** is true, but **(R)** is false.
- (D) **(A)** is false, but **(R)** is true.

49. Which is the first industry using plasma technology for the disposal of hazardous waste for the conservation of the environment and natural resources ?
- (A) Madras Rubber Factory (MRF)
 (B) Madras Fertilizers Limited (MFL)
 (C) Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited (BSNL)
 (D) Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL)
50. Radioactive waste management in our country is governed under :
- (A) Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Trans-boundary Movement)
 (B) Atomic Energy Act, 1962
 (C) Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
 (D) Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998

Direction : Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any will be in one part of the sentence. The letter of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is '(D)'. Mark your answer in the response sheet.

51. (A) When the teacher alleged
 (B) My heart was interrupted beating
 (C) Out of panic that I might be the victim
 (D) No error
52. (A) She needs to
 (B) Concentrate herself on
 (C) Her errand
 (D) No error

Direction : In each question below, there is a sentence of which some parts have been jumbled up. Rearrange these parts which are labelled P, Q, R and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence and mark your response in the sheet.

53. I saw
- P : after having an hour of long gazing
 Q : a beautiful, unmatched, invaluable, sweets' sweet
 R : my grandma
 S : who has happened to be
- The proper sequence should be :
- (A) PQRS (B) QSRP (C) QPSR (D) SQPR

Direction : Read the following four sentences and rearrange them to make a coherent and logical paragraph. After deciding the sequence, mark your answer in the response sheet.

1. Some money had to be sent to my parents.
 2. After that, I spent almost an hour at the Post Office.
 3. Therefore, I went to bank to withdraw some money.
 4. However, I had no money with me.
54. Which sentence should come third in the paragraph ?
- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

55. Which sentence should come first in the paragraph ?
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4
56. Which sentence should come fourth in the paragraph ?
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4
57. Which sentence should come second in the paragraph ?
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Direction : Choose an appropriate verb form and mark your answer in the response sheet.

58. The roof may have been leaking for the past few weeks but you do not have to worry about it any longer. It _____ now.
 (A) is being repaired (B) is repairing
 (C) was repaired (D) has been repaired
59. Over the last fifty years, mobiles _____ dramatically.
 (A) have been developed (B) were developed
 (C) have developed (D) are being developed

Direction : Identify the following sentence pattern and mark your answer in the response sheet.

60. When everything fails, God helps you.
 (A) simple sentence (B) compound sentence
 (C) complex sentence (D) compound-complex sentence

Direction : Identify appropriate connective and mark your answer in the response sheet.

61. _____ Ragu is rich, he is miser.
 (A) where (B) as long as (C) although (D) until

Direction : Find out the right preposition and mark your answer in the response sheet.

62. Are you wearing anything _____ your shirt.
 (A) below (B) under (C) underneath (D) in

Direction : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. Mark your answers in the response sheet.

A man is known by the book he reads as well as by the company he keeps; for there is a companionship of books as well as of men and one should always live in the best company, whether it be of books or of men.

A good book may be among the best of friends. It is the same today that it always was, and it will never change. It is the most patient and cheerful of companions. It does not turn its back upon in times of adversity or distress. It always receives us with the same kindness; amusing and interesting us in youth, comforting and consoling us in age.

63. Which of the following is opposite in meaning to the word 'adversity' occurring in the passage ?
 (A) happiness (B) prosperity (C) progress (D) misfortune

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗೆರೆ ಹಾಕಿ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದ ಪದವು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿದ್ದರೆ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾದ ಮೂರು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಅರ್ಥ ಕೊಡುವ ಪದವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ. ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ 'ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ' ಎಂದು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

71. ಸೂರ್ಯಮಿತ್ರನು ಅಗ್ನಿಭೂತಿ ಮತ್ತು ವಾಯುಭೂತಿಯರಿಗೆ ಅರವತ್ತಾಲ್ಕು ವಿದ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ಭೋಧಿಸಿದನು.
 (A) ಭೋದಿಸಿದನು (B) ಬೋಧಿಸಿದನು (C) ಬೊಧಿಸಿದನು (D) ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ

72. ಮಾನವೀಯತೆಯು ಮನುಷ್ಯನಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠತಮ ಮೌಲ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ.
 (A) ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠತಮ (B) ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠತಮ (C) ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠತಮ (D) ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ

73. ನಮ್ಮ ನಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಅತಿ ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚುತ್ತಿದೆ.
 (A) ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತರ (B) ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತರ (C) ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತರ (D) ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ

74. ಯಾವುದೇ ಒಂದು ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ಮೊದಲು ಕುಲಂಕುಶ ಪರಶೀಲನೆ ಅಗತ್ಯ.
 (A) ಕೂಲಂಕುಶ (B) ಕೂಲಂಕಷ (C) ಕೂಲಂಕುಷ (D) ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಗೆರೆ ಹಾಕಿ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದ ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್ ಪದಕ್ಕೆ ಪರ್ಯಾಯವಾಗಿ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದುದನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

75. ಕಂಪ್ಯೂಟರಿನ ಕೀಬೋರ್ಡ್ ನಿಂದ ಅಕ್ಷರಗಳನ್ನು ಟೈಪಿಸಬಹುದು.
 (A) ಕೀ ಹಲಗೆ (B) ಬೀಗದ ಮಣೆ (C) ಕೀ ಮಣೆ (D) ಕೀಲಿಮಣೆ

76. ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಗಂಭೀರವಾಗಿ ಲೆಕ್ಚರ್ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.
 (A) ಭಾಷಣ (B) ಉಪದೇಶ (C) ಉಪನ್ಯಾಸ (D) ಬೋಧನೆ

77. ಇಂದಿನ ಶಾಲಾ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಿಲಬಸ್ ತುಂಬ ಹೊರೆಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ.
 (A) ಪುಸ್ತಕ (B) ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ (C) ಪರಿಚಯ ಪುಸ್ತಕ (D) ಅಭ್ಯಾಸ ಪುಸ್ತಕ

78. ಬಸ್ ಕಂಡಕ್ಟರ್ ಪ್ರಯಾಣಿಕರಿಗೆ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಚೀಟಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾನೆ.
 (A) ವಾಹನ ನಿರ್ವಾಹಕ (B) ವಾಹನ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ
 (C) ವಾಹನ ಚಾಲಕ (D) ವಾಹನ ಪಾಲಕ

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕನ್ನಡದ ಕೆಲವು ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟುಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳ ಮುಂದೆ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ರೂಪಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ನುಡಿಗಟ್ಟಿನ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸುವ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿ.

79. ಕಿವಿ ಊದು ಎಂದರೆ

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (A) ಕಿವಿಯನ್ನು ಊದುವುದು | (B) ಚಾಡಿ ಹೇಳುವುದು |
| (C) ಕಿವಿ ಊದಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು | (D) ತುತ್ತೂರಿ ಊದುವುದು |

80. ಕಂಬಿ ಕೀಳು ಎಂದರೆ

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| (A) ಕಂಬಿಯನ್ನು ಕೀಳುವುದು | (B) ಕಂಬಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊತ್ತೊಯ್ಯುವುದು |
| (C) ಕಂಬನಿ ಸುರಿಸುವುದು | (D) ಓಡಿ ಹೋಗುವುದು |

81. ಅರೆದು ಕುಡಿ ಎಂದರೆ

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| (A) ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಅರೆದು ಕುಡಿಯುವುದು | (B) ಅರ್ಥ ಕುಡಿಯುವುದು |
| (C) ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ಅರ್ಥ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು | (D) ಒಂದು ಜಾತಿಯ ಬಳ್ಳಿಯ ಕುಡಿ |

82. ಮೂಗು ತೂರಿಸು ಎಂದರೆ

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (A) ಮಧ್ಯ ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸುವುದು | (B) ಮೂಗನ್ನು ತೂರಿಸುವುದು |
| (C) ಮೂಗನ್ನು ತುರಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು | (D) ಮಧ್ಯ ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸದಂತೆ ತಡೆಯುವುದು |

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿರುವ ಗಾದೆ ಮಾತುಗಳನ್ನು ಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಿ.

83. ಅಡಕೆಗೆ ಹೋದ ಮಾನ _____

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) ಹಣ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ತರಬಹುದು | (B) ಆನೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟರೂ ಬಾರದು |
| (C) ಆನೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ತರಬಹುದು | (D) ಹಣ ಕೊಟ್ಟರೂ ಬಾರದು |

84. ಮಾಡಿದವರ ಪಾಪ _____

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| (A) ಶಿಕ್ಷೆಗೆ ದಾರಿ ತೋರಿತು | (B) ಪುಣ್ಯದ ನಾಶಕ್ಕೆ ದಾರಿ |
| (C) ದೊಣ್ಣೆಯ ಕೈಯಲ್ಲಿ | (D) ಆಡಿದವರ ಬಾಯಲ್ಲಿ |

85. ಹಾಗಲಕಾಯಿಗೆ _____

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (A) ಬೆಲ್ಲ ಹಾಕಿದರೆ ರುಚಿ | (B) ಒಗ್ಗರಣೆ ಹಾಕಬೇಕು |
| (C) ಬೇವಿನಕಾಯಿ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿ | (D) ಪಡುವಲಕಾಯಿ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿ |

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪದಗಳಿಗೆ ವಿರುದ್ಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿರುವ ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ರೂಪಗಳಿಂದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

86. ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ

- (A) ಅವಾಚೀನ (B) ಅತಿಪ್ರಾಚೀನ (C) ಅಪ್ರಾಚೀನ (D) ಪೂರ್ವಪ್ರಾಚೀನ

87. ಆಯ

- (A) ಆದಾಯ (B) ವ್ಯಯ (C) ದುರಾಯ (D) ನಿರಾಯ

88. ಅಂತ

- (A) ದುರಂತ (B) ನಿರಂತ (C) ಅನಂತ (D) ಅತಂತ

89. ಇಂಚರ

- (A) ಅನಾಚಾರ (B) ಆಚಾರ (C) ದುರಾಚಾರ (D) ಕರ್ಕಶ

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಕೆಳಗಿನ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ (A), (B), (C), (D) ಎಂಬ ಗೆರೆ ಎಳೆದ ಭಾಗಗಳಿವೆ. ಈ ಯಾವುದೇ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ, ಕಾಗುಣಿತ ಅಥವಾ ಚಿಹ್ನೆಯ ದೋಷವಿದ್ದರೆ ಆ ಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ. ಯಾವ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ದೋಷವಿಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ '(D)' ಎಂದು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

90. $\frac{\text{ಮಕ್ಕಳು}}{(A)} / \frac{\text{ಶಾಲೆಯಿಂದ}}{(B)} / \frac{\text{ಕುಳಿತು ಪಾಠ ಆಲಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ.}}{(C)} / \frac{\text{ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ}}{(D)}$

91. $\frac{\text{ದುಂಬಿಗಳು}}{(A)} / \frac{\text{ಹೂವಿನಿಂದ ಮಧುವನ್ನು}}{(B)} / \frac{\text{ಹೀರಿತು.}}{(C)} / \frac{\text{ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ}}{(D)}$

92. $\frac{\text{ಹುಣ್ಣಿಮೆಯ ಚಂದಿರನು}}{(A)} / \frac{\text{ತಂಪಾದ ಬೆಳಕನ್ನು}}{(B)} / \frac{\text{ನೀಡುತ್ತಾನೆ.}}{(C)} / \frac{\text{ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ}}{(D)}$

93. $\frac{\text{ರಂಗನು ನಿನ್ನೆ}}{(A)} / \frac{\text{ಊರು}}{(B)} / \frac{\text{ಬಂದನು.}}{(C)} / \frac{\text{ತಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ}}{(D)}$

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿರುವ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು ಕ್ರಮಬದ್ಧವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಅವು ಅರ್ಥಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಗೆರೆ ಹಾಕಿದ ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಪುನಃ ಜೋಡಿಸಿ.

94. $\frac{\text{ತಿಳಿಸುವುದೇ}}{P} / \frac{\text{ನೈತಿಕ ಮೌಲ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು}}{Q} / \frac{\text{ಒಂದು ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ}}{R} / \frac{\text{ಉತ್ತಮ ಲಕ್ಷಣವೆನಿಸಿತು.}}{S}$

- (A) PQRS (B) SRQP (C) QSRP (D) RQPS

95. $\frac{\text{ಸ್ವರ್ಧೆಯಲ್ಲಿ}}{P} / \frac{\text{ವಚನ ಗಾಯನ}}{Q} / \frac{\text{ಭಾಗವಹಿಸಿದ್ದರು}}{R} / \frac{\text{ಅನೇಕ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು}}{S}$

- (A) QSRP (B) SRQP (C) QPSR (D) RQPS

96. $\frac{\text{ಜ್ಞಾನದಾಹ}}{P} / \frac{\text{ಇರಬೇಕು}}{Q} / \frac{\text{ಸದಾಕಾಲ}}{R} / \frac{\text{ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಯಲ್ಲೂ}}{S}$

- (A) SRPQ (B) SQRP (C) QSRP (D) RQPS

97. $\frac{\text{ತೋರಿಸುವವರು}}{P} / \frac{\text{ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲ್ಪಡುತ್ತಾರೆ}}{Q} / \frac{\text{ಅತಿ ವಿನಯ}}{R} / \frac{\text{ಧೂರ್ತರಂತೆ}}{S}$

- (A) SPRQ (B) SQRP (C) QSRP (D) RPSQ

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾದ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿ ಅರ್ಥೈಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾದ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದುದನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ

ಇಂದಿನ ರಾತ್ರಿ ಕಳ್ಳರು ಬಂದೇ ಬರುವರೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದ ಗಂಭೀರೆಯೆಂಬ ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಹರಿತವಾದ ಕತ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಹಿಡಿದಿದ್ದಳು. ಹೀಗಿರಲು ಅತ್ತ ಕಳ್ಳರು ಮುದುಕಿ ನಿದ್ದೆ ಮಾಡಿರುವಳೆಂದು ಬಗೆದು ಕನ್ನ ಹಾಕಲು ಅವಳ ಮನೆಗೆ ಬಂದು ಕನ್ನದ ಕಿಂಡಿ ಕೊರೆದರು. ಆ ಕನ್ನದ ಕಿಂಡಿಯ ಬಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಕತ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಹಿಡಿದುಕೊಂಡು ಒಳಗೆ ನುಗ್ಗುವ ಕಳ್ಳನ ಮೂಗನ್ನು ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿದಳು. ಆ ಕಳ್ಳನು ಹಿಂದೆ ಸರಿದು ನನಗೆ ನುಗ್ಗುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ. ನೀನು ನುಗ್ಗು ಎಂದು ಮತ್ತೊಬ್ಬ ಕಳ್ಳನಿಗೆ ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಅವನು ಹಾಗೆ ನುಗ್ಗಿದಾಗ ಒಳಗೆ ಕನ್ನದ ಕಿಂಡಿಯ ಬಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಅವನ ಮೂಗನ್ನು ಕತ್ತರಿಸುತ್ತಾಳೆ. ಆ ಕಳ್ಳನೂ ಹಿಂದೆ ಸರಿದು ಇನ್ನೊಬ್ಬನನ್ನು ಒಳ ನುಗ್ಗುವಂತೆ ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಅವನ ಮೂಗನ್ನು ಕತ್ತರಿಸುತ್ತಾಳೆ. ಹೀಗೆ ಎಂಟು ಜನ ಕಳ್ಳರು ಮೂಗನ್ನು ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಕನ್ನ ಹಾಕಲಾರದೆ ಹೊರಟು ಹೋಗುವರು.

ಅನಂತರ ಅವರು ಒಬ್ಬ ಇಂದ್ರಜಾಲಿಗನ ಮನೆಗೆ ಕನ್ನ ಹಾಕಿ ಒಂದು ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆಯನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಿ ಸ್ಮಶಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಇಳಿಸಿ, ನಂತರ ಒಂದು ಕುರಿಯನ್ನು ಕದ್ದು ತರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬನು ಮಾತ್ರ ಕುರಿಯನ್ನು ಕುಯ್ದು ಮಾಂಸದ ಅಡುಗೆಯನ್ನು ಮಾಡಲು ಎದ್ದಿರುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಉಳಿದವರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಮಲಗುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅಡುಗೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಮುಗಿಸಿದ ಕಳ್ಳನು ತಾವು ಕದ್ದು ತಂದಿದ್ದ ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆಯನ್ನು ತೆರೆದು ಅದರಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಒಂದು ಮುಖವಾಡವನ್ನು ಮುಖಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಕಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಅಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿ ಕಳ್ಳರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಎದ್ದು ನೋಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮುಖವಾಡ ಹಾಕಿದ್ದ ಕಳ್ಳನನ್ನು ನೋಡಿ ಬೇತಾಳವೆಂದು ಬಗೆದು ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಓಡಿ ಹೋಗುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮುಖವಾಡ ಧರಿಸಿದ್ದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯು ಕಳ್ಳರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಓಡುತ್ತಿರುವರೆಂದು ತಾನೂ ಹಿಂಬಾಲಿಸುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಬೇತಾಳವು ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಅಟ್ಟಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬರುತ್ತಿದೆಯೆಂದು ಕಳ್ಳರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಹೆದರಿ ಇನ್ನೂ ಜೋರಾಗಿ ಓಡತೊಡಗಿದಾಗ ಮುಖವಾಡದ ಕಳ್ಳನು ತನ್ನ ಮುಖವಾಡ ತೆಗೆದು ಅವರ ಭಯವನ್ನು ಹೋಗಲಾಡಿಸಿ, ತಾನು ಮಾಡಿದ ಅಡುಗೆಯನ್ನು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಬಡಿಸುತ್ತಾನೆ.

ಇತ್ತ ಗಂಭೀರೆಯೆಂಬ ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಬೆಳಗಾದ ಕೂಡಲೆ ಊರಿಗೆ ಹೊರಡಲು ಸಿದ್ಧವಾದಳು. ಜೊತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರೂ ಇಲ್ಲದ ಕಾರಣ ಕಳ್ಳರ ಭಯದಿಂದ ಒಂದು ಮರವನ್ನು ಏರಿ ಕುಳಿತಳು. ಇತ್ತ ಕಳ್ಳರು ಕೂಡ ಅತ್ತ ಕಡೆಯೇ ಬರುತ್ತ ದಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರಾದರೂ ಬರುತ್ತಿರುವರೆ ಎಂದು ಗಮನಿಸಲು ಒಬ್ಬ ಕಳ್ಳನನ್ನು ಮುದುಕಿ ಏರಿದ್ದ ಮರಕ್ಕೆ ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಏರಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮರ ಹತ್ತಿದ ಕಳ್ಳನು ಮರದ ಮೇಲಿದ್ದ ಮುದುಕಿಯನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ ಯಾರು ನೀನು ಎಂದಾಗ, ಆ ಮುದುಕಿ ನಾನು ಈ ಮರದ ವೃಕ್ಷದೇವತೆ ಎನ್ನುತ್ತಾಳೆ. ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವನು ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಮದುವೆಯಾಗುತ್ತೀಯೆ ಎಂದಾಗ ಆಕೆ ನೀನು ನಿನ್ನ ನಾಲಗೆಯಿಂದ ಮಾಂಸದ ತುಂಡನ್ನು ನನ್ನ ಬಾಯಿಗೆ ಇಡುವುದಾದರೆ ಆಗುತ್ತೇನೆ ಎನ್ನುತ್ತಾಳೆ. ಆಗ ಕಳ್ಳನು ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗ ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಅವನ ನಾಲಗೆಯನ್ನು ಜೋರಾಗಿ ಕಚ್ಚುತ್ತಾಳೆ. ಹೆದರಿದ ಕಳ್ಳನು ಮರದ ಮೇಲಿಂದ ಬೀಳುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಕಳ್ಳರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಓಡಿ ಹೋಗುತ್ತಾರೆ.

98. (A) ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಮೂಗು ಕತ್ತರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಳು
 (B) ಕಳ್ಳರು ಮೂಗು ಕತ್ತರಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟರು
 (C) ಮುದುಕಿಯು ಕಳ್ಳರ ಮೂಗಿಗೆ ತುಪ್ಪ ಸವರಿದಳು
 (D) ಮುದುಕಿ ಕಳ್ಳರ ಸ್ನೇಹ ಮಾಡಿದಳು
99. (A) ಕಳ್ಳರು ಮುದುಕಿಯ ಮನೆಯಿಂದ ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕದ್ದೊಯ್ದರು
 (B) ಕಳ್ಳರಿಗೆ ಇಂದ್ರಜಾಲಿಗನ ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಏನೂ ಸಿಗಲಿಲ್ಲ
 (C) ಮುದುಕಿಯ ಕಳ್ಳರು ಮನೆಯಿಂದ ಸಂತಸದಿಂದ ಹೊರನಡೆದರು
 (D) ಕಳ್ಳರು ಇಂದ್ರಜಾಲಿಗನ ಮನೆಯಿಂದ ಪೆಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕದ್ದೊಯ್ದರು
100. (A) ಕಳ್ಳನು ಮುದುಕಿಯ ನಾಲಗೆಯನ್ನು ಕಚ್ಚಿದನು
 (B) ಮುದುಕಿಯ ನಾಲಗೆ ಕಳ್ಳನಿಂದ ಕಚ್ಚಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿತು
 (C) ಕಳ್ಳನ ನಾಲಗೆ ಮುದುಕಿಯಿಂದ ಕಚ್ಚಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿತು
 (D) ಕಳ್ಳನು ಮುದುಕಿಯ ನಾಲಗೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಟ್ಟಲಿಲ್ಲ

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK