

FINAL ANSWER KEY

Paper: Criminal Procedure Code (Part I - Paper II)
Date of Examination 31-10-2019

Question1:-When a bond for keeping the peace from the accused can be ordered

- A:-at the time of passing the arrest
- B:-at the time of passing the order
- C:-at any time
- D:-at the time of execution

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question2:-The modern penological approach as an alternative for punishment include

- A:-Compensation and release on admonition
- B:-Show cause notice and detention
- C:-Imposition of fines and community service
- D:-Any of them

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question3:-If any person is threatening or intimidating another person what court shall do?

- A:-Issue a bond of security before the arrest warrant
- B:-A bond for social security shall be issued for every criminal case
- C:-A bond for social security issued when the offender likely to continue the offence even after conviction
- D:-A bond for shall be issued for every police case

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question4:-The owner of property is liable for punishment if he knowingly permit _____ intending that the participants will use it do a crime

- A:-Organizes any exercise
- B:-movement
- C:-drill or other similar activity
- D:-all or any of it

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question5:-Probation started as a _____

- A:-punishment
- B:-order
- C:-treatment
- D:-notice

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question6:-What is the maximum time limit for bond the court may order against an accused who suspects to repeat the crime

- A:-Five year
- B:-Six year
- C:-Three year
- D:-One year

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question7:-Which of the following offence is not a crime for which a surety bond cannot be issued?

- A:-assault or using criminal force
- B:-committing mischief
- C:-any offence of criminal intimidation
- D:-defamation

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question8:-What an executive magistrate can do if he receives information that a person is likely to violate public tranquility?

- A:-Arrest him
- B:-Issue a bail bond
- C:-Issue a show cause notice and issue a bail bond for keeping peace

D:-Direct the police to take appropriate action

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question9:-If a person is doing an act to promote enmity between two language group it will come under

A:-IPC Section 150A and CrPC Section 106

B:-IPC Section 153A and CrPC Section 106

C:-IPC Section 160A and CrPC Section 124

D:-IPC Section 150A and CrPC Section 116

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question10:-If the conviction is set aside on appeal or otherwise, the bond so executed shall become

A:-void

B:-voidable

C:-valid

D:-irregular

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question11:-When an Executive Magistrate receives information that any person is likely to commit a breach of the peace or disturb the public tranquility what he shall do

A:-Arrest

B:-Issue arrest warrant

C:-Issue show cause notice for a bond, with or without sureties, for keeping peace

D:-Issue summons

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question12:-When the Court acquits a person, what will happen to the bond for social security?

A:-The order will become void

B:-If may become executable

C:-New order can be issued on the basis of earlier crime

D:-None of this

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question13:-When the breach of the peace or disturbance is apprehended is within his local jurisdiction who can take action?

A:-Inspector General of police

B:-Executive Magistrate

C:-Sessions Judge

D:-District collector

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question14:-If a group of people is demolishing a place of worship of a religious group what shall be the punishment?

A:-Imprisonment up to six years, or with fine, or with both

B:-Imprisonment up to two years only

C:-Imprisonment up to one year, or with fine, or with both

D:-Imprisonment up to three years, or with fine, or with both

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question15:-Suppose a factory is emitting dangerous pollutants to a river he is doing a _____ which will attract the issue of bond for social security

A:-mischief

B:-violation of public order

C:-violence

D:-pollution

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question16:-A, a public officer, is authorized by a warrant from a Court of Justice to apprehend Z. B knowing that fact and also that C is not Z, willfully represents to A that C is Z, and thereby intentionally causes A to apprehend C.

A:-Here B do not abets by instigation the apprehension of C

B:-Here B abets by instigation the apprehension of C

C:-Here C abets by instigation the apprehension of B

D:-Here B abets by instigation the apprehension of Z

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question17:-If a person deliberately intends repeat to insults or attempts to insult the religion or the religious beliefs of a class what the Magistrate can do?

A:-Issue show cause notice for bond punishable with imprisonment upto 3 years

B:-Punish the accused with another imprisonment upto 3 years

C:-Execute a bond imprisonment upto 4 years

D:-Issue show cause notice for bond punishable with imprisonment upto one year

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question18:-Against any person who is indulged in habitually and intentionally disseminating or attempts to disseminating of abets the dissemination of obscene materials who take action for it?

A:-Session Judge

B:-Local police

C:-District Collector

D:-Magistrate

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question19:-The SC "The object of the provision is to _____ obdurate criminals as a result of their association with hardened criminals of mature age"

A:-prevent the conversion of youthful offenders into

B:-punish the offenders

C:-impose a show cause notice

D:-order by the collector

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question20:-Suppose one person intentionally aids, by any act or illegal omission, the doing of that thing is an offence under Section _____ of Criminal Procedure Code

A:-117

B:-106

C:-217

D:-107

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question21:-If a group of people are engaged in any conspiracy for the doing of a crime who will be liable for punishment?

A:-All people in the conspiracy

B:-Only those people involved in the crime

C:-Each person will be punished according to role in the crime

D:-Every persons involved in the crime

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question22:-A magistrate can take action regarding any matter concerning _____ acting or purporting to act in the discharge of this official duties which amount to criminal intimidation or defamation under the India Penal Code

A:-a Judge

B:-The Government

C:-the people

D:-the society

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question23:-No proceedings shall be taken under this section against the editor, proprietor, printer or publisher of any publication, if it is registered under

A:-the Books Act, 1867

B:-the Industrial Dispute Act, 1867

C:-the Press the Registration of Books Act, 1867

D:-the Press Act, 1867

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question24:-When the executive magistrate required to do if he receives information disseminating seditious matters?

A:-makes, produces, publishes or keeps for sale

B:-imports, export conveys, sells

C:-lets to hire, distributes, publicly exhibits

D:-any of it

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question25:-X, in India, instigates Y, a foreigner in Goa, to commit a murder in Goa. X is

A:-guilty of murder

B:-guilty of abetting

C:-guilty of abetting murder

D:-guilty of abetting murder

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question26:-When an Executive Magistrate receives information that there is within his local jurisdiction a person living with an intention to do a cognizable offence, what the Magistrate may do

A:-Arrest the accused

B:-Order the accused for security for good behaviour

C:-Remand the accused

D:-Put him in prison

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question27:-Mr. M offers a bribe to District Registrar for reducing the value of a land. B accepts the bribe. What is the offence

A:-Bribery

B:-Cheating

C:-Conspiracy

D:-Abetment

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question28:-What is the maximum period for security bond?

A:-One year

B:-Two year

C:-Three year

D:-Five year

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question29:-A police officer asks B a doctor an expert witness to give false evidence. A has done what offence?

A:-Conspiracy

B:-Abetment

C:-Violation of public servants duty

D:-Bribery

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question30:-What is the maximum extend of the accused for security good behavior?

A:-One year

B:-One month

C:-Three years

D:-Three months

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question31:-If a person is insulting another person by calling an inferior name will be an offence under

A:-The untouchability (offences) Act

B:-The Civil liberties Act

C:-The Human Rights Act

D:-The Probation Offenders Act

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question32:-An Executive Magistrate shall order for Security for good behaviour with bond up to _____ for receiving the stolen property.

A:-One year

B:-Three years

C:-Four Years

D:-Two years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question33:-The executive magistrate can declare a person who is by habit a robber, house-breaker, thief, or forger, as

A:-Abettor

B:-Social Security Problem

C:-Robbery

D:-House keeping

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question34:-If a habitual offender is indulged in marketing adulterated food, what the magistrate can do? Issue show cause notice for

A:-arrest

B:-security for good behaviour

C:-inspection

D:-attachment

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question35:-Suppose a person is convicted many times under Drugs and Cosmetic Act, 1940 what will be decision by the Magistrate?

A:-Issue warrant

B:-Declare as a known delinquent

C:-Consider for violation of Drug laws

D:-Impose bond for good behaviour

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question36:-A habitual violation of Foreign Exchange can be considered as an offence

A:-Import rule violation

B:-Export rule violation

C:-Foreign Exchange rule violation

D:-Foreign currency rule violation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question37:-Magistrate may issue a show cause why he should not be ordered to execute a bond, with sureties, for this good behaviour in cases where a person found to have involved in

A:-robbery

B:-theft

C:-habitual violation

D:-cheating

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question38:-When a Magistrate acting under section 107, section 108, section 109 or section 110 it may be

A:-Based on the FIR

B:-Oral order

C:-In writing

D:-Based upon court order

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question39:-As per Section _____ of CrPC the show cause notice shall be in writing

A:-CrPC. Sec 106

B:-CrPC. Sec. 112

C:-CrPC. Sec. 117

D:-CrPC. Sec. 122

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question40:-The habitual offender can demand

A:-The order shall be read to him

B:-The contents of the order shall be read to him

C:-The substance of the order shall be explained

D:-All of it

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question41:-Even after receiving a Magistrate order for complying with the show cause notice if the habitual offender is not complying with, the magistrate shall issue

- A:-Warrant
- B:-Notice
- C:-Summons
- D:-Letter for the explanation

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question42:-What shall accompany a show cause notice?

- A:-decree
- B:-exhibits
- C:-documents
- D:-copy

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question43:-What accompany summons or warrant?

- A:-Copy of order
- B:-First Information Report
- C:-Deposition
- D:-Court directive

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question44:-Who can dispense with the personal attendance of any person called upon to show cause why he should not be ordered to executive a bond for keeping the peace or for good behaviour

- A:-The Probation officer
- B:-The District Collector
- C:-Magistrate who passes the order
- D:-The Appeal Court

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question45:-Before Passing an order relating to habitual offender the magistrate shall pass an order a report on the basis of

- A:-Inquiry as to truth of information
- B:-Inquiry by the police
- C:-Inquiry by the probation officer
- D:-Inquiry people in the locality

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question46:-In which section it was held by SC that "Under the Indian law for an offence of abetment it is not necessary that the offence should have been committed. A man may be guilty as an abettor whether the offence is committed or not".

- A:-CrPC. Sec. 106
- B:-CrPC. Sec. 215
- C:-CrPC. Sec. 115
- D:-CrPC. Sec. 175

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question47:-The power permit the accused to appear by a pleader is vested with

- A:-The sub judge
- B:-The sessions judge
- C:-The High Court
- D:-The Magistrate

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question48:-The bond for good behaviour may include _____ and permit him appear by a pleader.

- A:-Anticipatory bail
- B:-Bond for keeping the peace
- C:-Bail bond
- D:-Security bond

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question49:-The magistrate can pass the order show cause notice?

- A:-When there is sufficient cause
- B:-When there is an arrest warrant
- C:-When there is a case
- D:-When there is a warrant

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question50:-If the accused showed the injury is said to have inflicted police what the magistrate shall do?

- A:-Ignore the complaint
- B:-Inspect the injuries
- C:-Refer to a medical expert
- D:-Issue notice to the police

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question51:-The Inquiry shall be done as in case of

- A:-Warrant case
- B:-Summons case
- C:-Police case
- D:-Court case

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question52:-Suppose the Magistrate believes that urgent step to maintain local peace and tranquility is to be maintained what he can do?

- A:-Arrest the accused person
- B:-for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct the person in charge to take immediate action
- C:-Wait for the report of the police
- D:-Take decision on the basis of Probation Officers finding

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question53:-The time limit for inquiry by a magistrate shall be

- A:-Six months from the date of commencement
- B:-One year from the date of commencement
- C:-Two year from the date of commencement
- D:-One months from the date of commencement

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question54:-What is the maximum extend of detention for violation of peace in the society?

- A:-Twenty four hours
- B:-One week
- C:-One month
- D:-Six months

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question55:-If a magistrate pass a direction for detention for long period during the continuance of proceeding who can relax the order?

- A:-The District collector
- B:-The SHO
- C:-The Sessions Judge
- D:-The Probation Officer

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question56:-When a Sessions Court can relax the detention orders?

- A:-on an application made to him by the aggrieved
- B:-if he is satisfied that it was not based on any special reason
- C:-in the absence permitting the continuance of proceedings
- D:-any of it

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question57:-The _____ may, on an application made to him by the aggrieved party, vacate such direction if he is satisfied that it was not based on any special reason or was perverse.

- A:-Munsiff

B:-Sessions Judge
C:-Revenue Divisional Officer
D:-The SHO
Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question58:-If an authority is demanding the security for higher amount in than in Order or in any other form the Section invoked shall be

A:-CrPC. Sec. 110
B:-CrPC. Sec. 107
C:-CrPC. Sec. 108
D:-CrPC. Sec. 117
Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question59:-When the person in respect of whom the inquiry is made is a minor what will be procedure? The bond shall be executed only by

A:-Sureties
B:-Probation officer
C:-Child Welfare Committee
D:-Legal Service Authority
Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question60:-If such person is in custody only for the purposes of the inquiry the magistrate should _____ him.

A:-convict
B:-acquit
C:-discharge
D:-arrest
Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question61:-If a person upon whom arrest and fine is to be imposed when the Security for good behaviour will start

A:-From the date of order of imprisonment
B:-From the date of imprisonment
C:-From the date of fine
D:-From the date of completion of all punishment
Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question62:-What should be contents of bond?

A:-attempt to commit
B:-the abetment of
C:-offence punishable with imprisonment
D:-all of them
Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question63:-When a surety can be rejected? On enquiry it was found that

A:-The surety is solvent and major
B:-The surety is insolvent
C:-The surety is not in this country
D:-The surety is minor
Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question64:-On enquiry the magistrate feels that the surety given by his predecessor is insufficient can the Magistrate ask for new sureties?

A:-Yes
B:-No
C:-On the basis of the report of police constable
D:-On the basis of the order in the appeal only surety can
Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question65:-Imprisonment in default of security is mentioned in Section _____ of CrPC

A:-107
B:-112
C:-122

D:-113

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question66:-Under Sec 110 of Cr.PC if a surety fails to produce the accused on hearing the punishment the punishment on the accused will be

A:-Solitary confinement

B:-Maximum imprisonment for the offence

C:-Rigorous imprisonment till the sessions courts order

D:-Simple imprisonment till the sessions courts order

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question67:-What is the penalty for breach of bond in cases where the conditions in the bond has violated?

A:-Arrest the accused and forfeit the property mentioned in the bond

B:-forfeit the property mentioned in the bond

C:-Arrest the accused and sent him to jail

D:-Drop the case

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question68:-If the security is tendered to the officer in charge of the jail the officer in charge refer the matter to _____ and wait for orders

A:-The probation officer

B:-The station house officer

C:-Any judicial officer

D:-The court or magistrate who made the order

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question69:-Upon whom the power to release persons imprisoned for failing to give security

A:-District judge

B:-District Magistrate

C:-District Collector

D:-None of this

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question70:-When High Court has imprisoned for default of security, which is court, which can reduce the security or the number of sureties or the time

A:-District Magistrate

B:-District judge

C:-High Court

D:-District Collector

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question71:-_____ include every description whether corporeal or incorporeal, movable or immovable, tangible or intangible and deeds and instruments evidencing title to, or interest in.

A:-Property as securities

B:-Property of every type

C:-Goods

D:-None of it

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question72:-Who can disperse assembly using the civil force?

A:-Any executive magistrate

B:-Officer in charge of a police station

C:-Any police officer, not below the rank of a sub-inspector

D:-Any of them

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question73:-When a police officer can exercise the powers of executive Magistrate?

A:-When executive magistrate is absent

B:-When the executive magistrate is having a lot of other works

C:-When executive Magistrate cannot be communicated

D:-When executive magistrate is deputing the police officer

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question74:-What is the number of persons punishable who is likely to cause a disturbance of the public peace?

- A:-any assembly of ten or more persons
- B:-any assembly of six or more persons
- C:-any assembly of five or more persons
- D:-any assembly of three or more persons

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question75:-Dispersal of assembly by use of civil force is mentioned in section _____CrPC.

- A:-CrPC. Sec. 119
- B:-CrPC. Sec. 129
- C:-CrPC. Sec. 139
- D:-CrPC. Sec. 192

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question76:-If an unlawful assembly is not, dispersing event after Executive Magistrate or police officers order, what will be the next procedure, Disperse such assembly by

- A:-Force
- B:-Warrant
- C:-Disperse such assembly by force
- D:-Disperse such assembly by force

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question77:-Public servant negligently suffering such prisoner to escape

- A:-extend to six months, and shall also be liable to fine
- B:-upto three years, and shall also be liable to fine
- C:-extend to two years, and shall also be liable to fine
- D:-upto four years, and shall also be liable to fine

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question78:-If a police officer is having direct evidence relating to the violation of public peace and tranquility by a group of people what he has to do?

- A:-Detain him
- B:-Arrest the offender and remand
- C:-Arrest and produce before the court with a report
- D:-Remand him for one week

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question79:-The punishment for helping to escape from custody is imprisonment up to

- A:-three years, and fine
- B:-two years, and fine
- C:-ten years, and fine
- D:-one year, and fine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question80:-Harboring offender is mentioned in

- A:-CrPC. Sec. 2
- B:-CrPC. Sec. 120
- C:-CrPC. Sec. 130
- D:-CrPC. Sec. 140

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question81:-What is the punishment for helping the prisoner to escape from the prison? Imprisonment

- A:-For ten years only
- B:-For ten years, and shall also be liable to fine
- C:-Three years, with fine
- D:-For four years, with fine

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question82:-A prisoner of war, who has given parole within certain limits in _____ if he goes beyond the limits within which he is allowed to be at large.

- A:-evaded
- B:-escaped
- C:-absconded
- D:-avoided

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question83:-CrPC. Sec. 131 deals with

- A:-Waging war
- B:-Conspiracy
- C:-Abetting mutiny
- D:-Sedition

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question84:-Seduce or attempt to seduce is punishable with Imprisonment up to

- A:-10 years and fine
- B:-8 years and fine
- C:-3 years and fine
- D:-6 years and fine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question85:-The term "soldier" means

- A:-the Army Act, 1950
- B:-the Soldiers Act, 1950
- C:-the Evidence Act, 1950
- D:-the General Clauses Act, 1950

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question86:-An officer in the Air Force committing mutiny is punishable upto

- A:-Imprisonment for 12 years
- B:-Life Imprisonment
- C:-Solitary confinement upto 12 years
- D:-Rigorous imprisonment for 12 years

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question87:-If the mutiny is committed by the accused the maximum punishment will be

- A:-Death
- B:-20 years imprisonment
- C:-Life imprisonment
- D:-10 years imprisonment with fine

Correct Answer:- Option-A

Question88:-Power of armed force officers to disperse assembly

- A:-is not within his power
- B:-is equal to the powers of the magistrate
- C:-can be exercised in absence of magistrate
- D:-Any of it

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question89:-To exercise force include

- A:-Firing
- B:-Attachment
- C:-Arrest
- D:-Any of it

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question90:-To disperse a large unlawful gathering the service of _____ can be sought by the executive magistrate.

- A:-people

B:-armed forces

C:-other group

D:-officers

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question91:-If the unlawful assembly is not dispersing even after the order of dispersing the assembling of the people what is the next procedure?

A:-Issue a writ of mandamus

B:-Wait for court order

C:-Apply force

D:-None of this

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question92:-Suppose a person delivering a speech in order instigating the gathering, hatred towards another group, what the magistrate can do?

A:-arrest the speaker only

B:-arrest the speaker and the organizers

C:-arrest the organizers only

D:-arrest the audience only

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question93:-If a magistrate is seeking the assistance of a group Armed force the report shall contain

A:-The details of his superior officers

B:-The details of army superior officers

C:-The details of company of the army with number of soldiers needed

D:-All of it

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question94:-Who is Executive Magistrate of the highest rank?

A:-Tahsildar

B:-Chief Judicial Magistrate

C:-Metropolitan Magistrate

D:-District Collector

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question95:-When the public security is manifestly endangered by any assembly and no Executive Magistrate can be communicated with, who can disperse such assembly

A:-A District Collector

B:-Any commissioned or gazetted officer of the armed forces may

C:-Any gazetted officer

D:-Any army group

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question96:-When armed forces are deployed what they can do?

A:-Attach the property

B:-Disburse the crowd

C:-Arrest the confine any persons forming part of it

D:-Collect the evidence

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question97:-If a mutiny occurs in a navy ship sailing in the sea and the captain of the ship arrests immediately, what he has to do immediately when the ship reaches in the Indian land?

A:-Hand over the wrong doers to the army officer

B:-Submit the report of arrest and produce the accused to an executive magistrate

C:-Inform the magistrate

D:-None of it

Correct Answer:- Option-B

Question98:-Curfew is a kind of

A:-punishment

B:-discharge

C:-litigation

D:-probation

Correct Answer:- Option-D

Question99:-Admonition means

A:-Advocates help

B:-Adversarial method

C:-Warning with an advice

D:-Advice

Correct Answer:- Option-C

Question100:-The back bone of the concept of probation was laid down through the saying that 'hate the crime not the criminal'. Who said that?

A:-Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer

B:-Justice Bhagawathi

C:-Mahatma Gandhi

D:-Jawaharlal Nehru

Correct Answer:- Option-C