D) 118°

A) 110°

C) 90°

B) 59°

10.	The property which metal enable to draw out in thin wires						
	A) Ductility		B)	Malliability			
	C) Hardness		D)	Toughness			
11.	Mass per unit area						
	A) Thermal expansion		B) Corrosion resistance				
	C) Density		D)	Structure			
12.	The percentage of carbon contains in a low carbon steel						
	A) .7% to 1.5%		B)	.05% to .25%			
	C) 15% to 20%		D)	1.5% to 2%			
13.	Name the tool used to enlarge a drilled hole						
	A) Tap B)	Reamer	C)	Die D) Scribe	er		
14.	The alloy of copper and tin						
	A) Bronze		B	Brass			
	C) Gun metal		D)	White metal			
15.	The melting point of aluminium						
	A) 860°C B)	1300°C	C) 660°C D) 320°C	2		
16.	The most heaviest metal						
	A) cast iron) silver			
	C) white metal		D) lead			
17.	Specify the softening process of metal from the following						
	A) Case hardening		В) Tempering			
	C) Annealing		D) Nitrading			
18.	Slow and progressive deformation of material with time at constant stress						
	A) Creep		В) Brittleness			
	C) Toughness		D) Hardness			

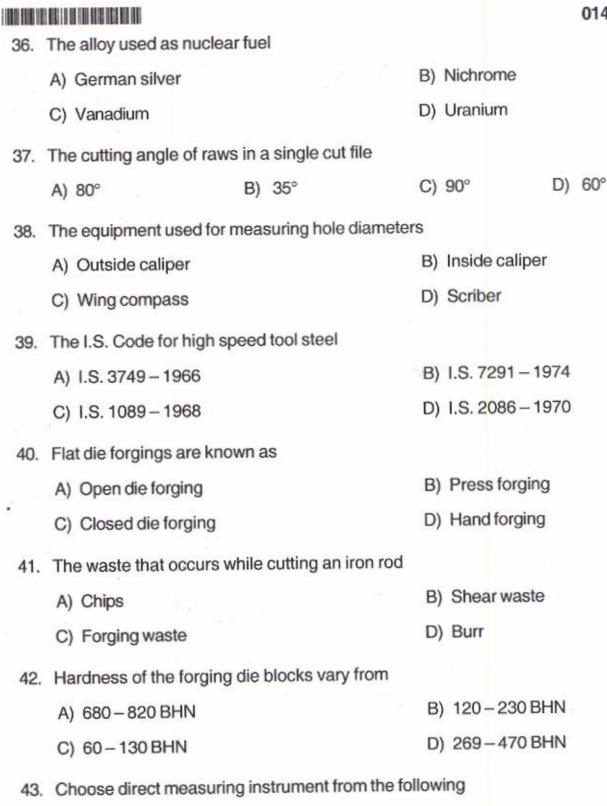
B) Punching

A) Fullering

D) Drifting

C) Scarfing

28.	The tool used for cutting operation					
	A) Chisel	B) Reamer				
	C) Swages	D) Punch				
29.	The operation of preparing the pieces of metal for forge welding					
	A) Hardening	B) Bending				
	C) Scarfing	D) Tempering				
30.	The gas used in general welding work					
	A) Nitrogen	B) Oxygen				
	C) Oxy-acetylene	D) Ammonia				
31.	Example for highly refined iron					
	A) Gray cast iron	B) Pig iron				
	C) White cast iron	D) Wrought iron				
32.	The melting point of Beryllium					
	A) 1280°C B) 950°C	C) 1320°C D) 1100°C				
33.	Name the ore of lead					
	A) Solder	B) Lead acid				
	C) Galena	D) Bauxite				
34.	The Instrument used to find the centre of	f a cylindrical job				
	A) Inside caliper	B) Wing compass				
	C) Steel rule	D) Odd leg caliper				
35.	Applying metal coating using zinc in an iron material is known as					
	A) Nitrading	B) Carburising				
	C) Galvanising	D) Cyaniding				
Α	-6-					



A) Divider

C) Sinebar

B) Vernier caliper

D) Outside caliper

44. Hardening temperature of carbon steel

A) 810-830°C

B) 1060-1300°C

C) 280-320°C

D) 660-720°C

45. The metal used to manufacture a reamer

A) Low carbon steel

B) Cast iron

C) Brass

D) High speed steel

46. The melting point of silver

A) 232°C

- B) 419°C
- C) 961°C
- D) 1530°C

47. The cast iron is derived from pig iron in which furnace?

A) Puddling furnace

B) Cupola furnace

C) Blast furnace

D) Open hearth furnace

48. The percentage of iron content in a magnetite ore

A) 73%

B) 48%

- C) 62%
- D) 98%

49. The range of temperature between two critical points are known as

A) Upper critical range

B) Lower critical range

C) Normalising range

D) Thermal critical range

50. The angle of a Prick punch

A) 40°

B) 90°

- C) 75°
- D) 180°

51. Temperature between upper critical point and the lower critical point

A) Tempering range

B) Annealing range

C) Critical range

D) Cyaniding range

A

A) Hematite

C) Magnetite

B) Siderite

D) Wrought iron

60.	For tempering steel i	f heated a temperature	armyonkarinar Si				
	A) Below the lower critical temperature						
	B) In between the lower and upper critical temperature						
	C) Higher than the lower critical temperature						
	D) Higher than the o	critical point					
61.	The iron abstract through puddling furnace						
	A) Pig iron		B) Cast iron				
	C) Gray cast iron		D) Wrought in	ron			
62.	The magnetic property of an iron loses when it is heated to a temperature of						
	A) 100°C	B) 220°C	C) 510°C	D) 770°C			
63.	The process of heating the steel above the upper critical temperature and then allow to cool in air						
	A) Hardening		B) Nitrading				
	C) Normalising		D) Carburising				
64.	Steam condenser tubes are made of						
	A) Alnico		B) Admirality brass				
	C) Bell metal		D) Duralumir	1			
65.	Drawing of a machine part it is seen that the plan is below the elevation and left side view is in right side of the elevation, so this is a projection at						
	A) Third quadrant		B) Second qu	uadrant			
	C) First quadrant		D) Fourth qu	adrant			
66.	The basic material used for ceramic tool						
	A) Aluminium oxide		B) Bell meta	and the second			
	C) Duralumin		D) Cobalt				
A		-10-					

72. The electrodes of resistance welding machine

A) Copper beryllium alloy

B) Lead tin alloy

C) Copper uranium alloy

D) Copper silicon alloy

73. The melting point of pure iron

A) 1100°C

B) 950°C

C) 1535°C

D) 660°C

74. The composition of gun metal

A) 90% copper and 10% silver

B) 90% copper and 10% zinc

C) 10% zinc and 90% copper

D) 80% copper and 20% tin

75. The cooling rate in Annealing process

A) 30°C to 60°C per hour

B) 15°C to 30°C per hour

C) 60°C to 90°C per hour

D) 90°C to 100°C per hour

76. The value of 1 kilogram in Pound

A) 2.205

B) 4.532

C) 1.328

D) 6.421

77. The fuel used in stock fire

A) Liquid Petroleum Gas

B) Coal

C) Induction Flame

D) Blow Tourch

78. The tool used for making circular rings in hand forging

A) Set hammer

B) Swoop

C) Gauge

D) Smithy mandral

79. The melting point of zinc

A) 680°C

B) 950°C

C) 419°C

D) 360°C

80. For what purpose carburising is done in steel?

A) Hardening the outer surface

B) Softening the metal

C) To refine the grains

D) Hardening the core of steel

C) Pandit K.P. Karuppan

А

D) Vaikunda Swamikal

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B) Rio de Janero

C) Paris

C) Peru

D) France

D) Madrid