Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 hour and 15 minutes

1.	The curve ———		is commonly used in teeth profile of helical gears, profile of cams etc.				
	(A)	Spiral		(B)	Helix		
	· (C)	Involutes		(D)	Cycloid		
2.	The stand	ard size leng	th to width ratio for a	ll arrow he	eads in drawings is :		
	(A)	2:1		(B)	4:1		
	(C)	3:1		(D)	2:4		
3.	In a whole	e circle bearin	ng system, S 25°15" E	correspon	ds to :		
	(A)	115°15'		(B)	154°45'		
	(C)	205°15'		(D)	334°45'		
4.	The image	e formed by t	he objective in the pla	ate of cross	hairs is :		
	(A)	Real and St	raight	(B)	Real and Inverted		
	(C)	Contour int	erval	(D)	Contour gradient		
5.	The main	principal of s	surveying is to :				
	(A)	Work from	left to right	(B)	Work from right to left		
	(C)	Work from	whole to the part	(D)	Work from part to the whole		
6.	The plan	and elevation	of a line segment are	e seen coin	cides ,the line is situated in the :		
	(A)	First quadr	ant	(B)	Second quadrant		
	(C).	Third quad	rant	(D)	Quadrental axis		
7.	The inner	details of an	object, not visible fro	om outside	are represented by :		
	· (A)	Dashed line	9	(B)	Dot and dashed line		
	(C)	Chain line		(D)	Zig-zag line		
8.	A four sid	led figure hav	ving two pairs of sides	s parallel is	s called a :		
	(A)	Rhomboid		(B)	Regular polygon		
	(C)	Pentagon		(D)	Trapezoid		

3

Э.	The cente	er of the super scribed circle is	called :					
	(A)	In center	(B)	Circum center				
	(C)	Center of curvature	(D)	Center of vision				
10.		— is used to read up to three o	dimensions.					
	(A)	Plain scale	(B)	Diagonal scale				
	· (C)	Offset rod	(D)	Ranging rod				
11.	RF = 200	:1 Represents a :						
	(A)	Enlarged scale	(B)	Reduced scale				
	(C)	Full size scale	(D)	Comparative scale				
12.	The co-ef	The co-efficient of painting for fully panelled window is :						
	(A)	2.25	(B)	2.00				
	(C)	1.5	(D)	1.00				
13.	The value	e at the end of the utility period	l is :					
	(A)	Book value	(B)	Scrap value				
	(C)	Salvage value	(D)	Market value				
4.	While sub	omitting tender the contractor	is to deposit 29	% of estimated cost as :				
	(A)	Securing money	(B)	Profit money				
	(C)	Capital money	(D)	Earnest money				
5.	All the wo	ork executed shall be measured	l and entered i	n a permanent record is called				
	(A)	Account book	(B)	Field book				
	(C)	M book	(D)	Personal book				
6.	As per is	459-1978, the concrete mix are	designed into	•				
	(A)	4 Grads	(B)	6 Grads				
	(C)	5 Grads	(D)	7 Grads				
17. The unit of R.C.C work is :								
7.		1 .1	(B)	10 dm <sup>2</sup>				
7.	(A)	1 dm <sup>3</sup>	(D)	10 um-				

4

One cubic meter of OPC weights : 18. (A) 1200 kg (B) 1300 kg 1440 kg (D) 1450 kg (C) Spirit varnish consist of : 19. Spirit and shellac (A) Spirit and wax (B) Turpentine, spirit and wax Turpentine, spirit and shellac (C) (D) As per is 456 expansion joint provided for a structures when the length exceeds : 20. 45 m (A) 40 m (B) (C) 50 m (D) 55 m As per IS code the ultimate compressive strength is determined at or age of : 21. 14 Days (A) 7 Days (B) (C) 21 Days (D) 28 Days 22. The shape of idealized stress-strain curve for concrete as prescribed by IS 456-1978 is : Parabolic (B) (A) Rectangular (D) None of these (C) Rectangular parabolic The soundness test of cement by Le-Chatlier apparatus gives unsoundness due to : 23. (A) Magnesia only (B) Combined lime only (D) Both Magnesia and combined lime (C) Free lime only Columns with circular section are provided with transverse reinforcement of 24. type only. **(B)** Circular (A) Helical Lateral type lines (C) Spiral (D) Deflection can be controlled by using the appropriate 25. Modular ratio (B) (A) Aspect ratio (C) Span/ depth ratio (D) Water cement ratio

5

The economic spacing of roof truss depends upon the : 26. Cost of purlins and cost of roof covering (A) Cost of roof covering and dead load (B) Dead load and live load (C) Live load and cost of purlin (D) 27. Lime mortar is made by : (B) Fat lime (A) Quick lime (D) White lime Hydrolic lime (C) The ultimate tensile strength of the structural mild steel : 28. 260 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (A) 160 N/mm<sup>2</sup> **(B)** 520 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (D) 420 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (C) The percentage of the Alumina in a good brick earth lies between : 29. (B) 20 - 30%(A) 5 - 10%70 - 80%(D) 50 - 60%(C) The major ingredient of Portland cement are : 30. Lime and Alumina Lime and Silica **(B)** (A) Lime and Iron Silica and Alumina (D) (C) 31. The common admixture used to accelerate the initial set of concrete is : (B) calcium chloride (A) Gypsum (D) By product of bitumen (C) Bitumen and inert material The seasoning of timber is used to : 32. (B) Harden the timber Soften the timber (A) Remove sap from timber Straighten the timber (D) (C) Plywood is specified : 33. (A) Weight **(B)** Volume (D) Number of layers (C) Thickness

108/2015

6

94	The dist	mon is used to cost :			
34.		nper is used to coat : External concrete surface			
	(A)	Interior surface not-exposed t	oweather		
	(B)		o weather		
	(C)	Wood work			
	(D)	Compound wall			
35.	The ratio	of different ingredient in M20 1	mix is :		
	(A)	1:4:8	(B)	1:2:4	
	(C)	1:1.5:3	(D)	1:1:2	
	TT1 (*				
36.		ess modules of fine aggregate is		3.5 to 5.0	
	(A)	2.0 to 3.0	(B)	6.0 to 8.5	
	(C)	5.0 to 7.0	(D)	0.0 10 0.0	
37.	By passin	g the irrigation canal over the	drainage is k	nown as :	
	(A)	Super passage	(B)	Level crossing	
	(C)	Canal drop	(D)	Aqueduct	
		ter fall irrigation has to be lifte	d before it ru	un to fields is	
38.			(B)	Perennial irrigation	
	(A)	Flow irrigation	(D)	Lift irrigation	
	(C)	Sprinkler irrigation		Lint initigation	
39.	Rivers ha	ving flow for all the twelve mor	nths is :		
·	(A)	Perennial river	(B)	Non-Perennial river	
	(C)	Flashy river	(D)	Virgin river	
40.	Imperme	able formation like clay whic	h mountain	water but not capable c	of transmitting
	water :				
	(A)	Aquifer	(B)	Aquicludes	
	(C)	Aquifuge	(D)	Ground water	
41.	Over irrig	gation results in :			
	(A)	Water logging	(B)	Wilting	
	(C)	Fertility	(D)	Seepage	
			7		108/2015
Α					[P.T.O.]

42.	Delta of o	crop means :		
	(A)	Degree under the crops	(B)	Crop-Period
	(C)	Depth of water required by the crop	(D)	Crop production
43.	The exter	nt of land that get irrigated from a wat	er sou	rce is :
	(A)	Anicut	(B)	Ayacut
	(C)	Catchment area	(D)	Duty
44.	Irrigation	canals are generally aligned along :		
	(A)	Contour line	(B)	Distributary canal
	(C)	Straight line	(D)	Valley line
45.	This theo	rem proves that the energy head at any	y secti	ion in a flowing stream will be same :
	(A)	Darcy's Theorem	(B)	Bernoulli's Theorem
	(C)	Chezy's Theorem	(D)	Manning's Theorem
46.	Fluid's in	clude :		
	(A)	Liquid only	(B)	Liquid and gas
	(C)	All matter	(D)	Liquids and semi liquids
47.	The inten	sity of pressure at any point in a fluid	at res	t, is the same in all directions is :
	(A)	Bernoulli's theorem	(B)	Newton's law
	(C)	Pascal's law	(D)	Archimedes principle
48.	The densi	ty of a liquid at standard temperature	and p	ressure is defined as:
	(A)	The weight per unit volume	(B)	Mass per unit volume
	(C)	Force per unit area	(D)	The specific weight
49.	For a liqu	id the variation in its volume with the	variat	tion of pressure is known as :
	(A)	Viscosity	(B)	The mass density
	(C)	The compressibility	(D)	Liquid pressure
50.	The surfac	e tension of a liquid is its property wh	ich en	able it to resist :
	(A)	Tensile stress	(B)	Compressive stress
	(C)	Proof stress	(D)	None of the above

The ratio of inertia force to viscous force : 51. (A) Froude's number Ellery's number (B) (C) Reynolds's number (D) Kinematic viscosity 52. The phenomenon of rising water in the tube of smaller diameter is called : (A) The water column (B) The gauge reading (C) The capillary rise (D) Pieznometer reading . 53. The pitot tube is used for measurement of : (A) Velocity at a point (B) Pressure at a point (D) Pressure difference (C) Energy at point The sheet of liquid flowing over a notch is known as : 54. (A) Nappe (B) Jet (C) Vena contructa (D) Strip of water The path followed by a fluid particle in motion is called : 55. (A) Path line (B) Stream line Filament line (C) Steak line (D) The slope of road payment in the longitudinal direction is : 56. Super elevation (A) Alignment (B) Length of summit (C) Gradient (D) 57. The major structural component of a road composed of stone aggregate is : (A) The sub-grade **(B)** The base course (C) The surfacing (D) Wearing surface 58. The thickness of road surface depends upon : Intensity of traffic Type of traffic (B) (A) All of these Type of material (D) (C) Which structure is recommended to prevent the cut hill from sliding when hill roads are in 59. cutting? Curtain wall **Retuning** wall (B) (A) Wing wall (C) Breast wall (D)

9

A

108/2015 [P.T.O.]

60.	. The convexity provided to the cross section of the surface of carriage way is termed as :				
	(A)	Gradient	(B)	Super elevation	
	(C)	Camber	(D)	Curvature	
61.	The road	connecting district head quart	ers of a state i	s: "	
	(A)	Bypass road	(B)	District road	
	(C)	State highway	(D)	National highway	
62.	The rate of	of rise or fall of a road along its	alignment is		
	(A)	Camber	(B)	Gradient	
	(C)	Super elevation	(D)	Curvature	
63.	For comp sectional		rk using prisn	noidal formula the number of required	
	(A)	Any number	(B)	Even	
	(C)	Odd	(D)	Four	
64.	If the peri	meter of a circular ground is 3	1.416 m then t	the area of the ground is :	
	(A)	783.4 m <sup>2</sup>	(B)	78540 m <sup>2</sup>	
	(C)	78.54 m <sup>2</sup>	(D)	7.859m <sup>2</sup>	
65.	The eccen	tricity of parabola will be :			
	(A)	Less than one	(B)	Equal to one	
	(C)	Greater than one	(D)	Zero	
66.	The point	on which both back sight and t	fore sight are t	aken :	
	(A)	Change point	(B)	Bench mark	
	(C)	Station	(D)	Intermediate point	
67.	The instru	iment used to reproduce plan i	n a different se	cale is called :	
	(A)	Planimeter	(B)	Clinometer	
	(C)	Ghat tracer	(D)	Pentagraph	

10

68.	The weigh	nt per meter	r of 10 mm d	ia bar is :		
	(A)	0.62 kg			(B)	0.89 kg
	(C)	0.22 kg			(D)	0.39 kg
69.	The volun	ne of one ba	g of cement	weight 50 kg	g is :	
	(A)	0.04 m <sup>3</sup>			(B)	0.025 m <sup>3</sup>
	(C)	0.0345 m <sup>3</sup>			(D)	0.05 m <sup>3</sup>
70.	The concr	ete pile wit	h one or mor	e enlarged b	oulb on its	s stem is called :
	(A)	Franki pil	le		(B)	Simplex pile
	(C)	Under rea	amed pile		(D)	Vibro pile
71.	The end s	upport of a	bridge is cal	led :		
	(A)	Abutment			(B)	Wing wall
	(C)	Foundatio	on		(D)	Pier
72.	Margin be	etween wat	er level and	top of dam is	s called :	
	(A)	Free boar	d		(B)	Span
	(C)	Afflux			(D)	Rise
73.	The first a	stage in wa	ter treatmen	t is :		
	(A)	Purificati	on		(B)	Filtration
	(C)	Sediment	ation		(D)	Disinfection
74.	The Force	of friction	is always :		4 1 <sup>9</sup>	
	(A)	Opposes 1	notion		<u>(B)</u>	Producer motion
	(C)	Slops			(D)	Producer acceleration
75.	The value	of broad g	auge adopted	l in Indian r	ailway :	
	(A)	1.0 M			(B)	0.762 M
	(C)	0.6696 M			(D)	1.676 M
76.	One yard	is equal to	:			
	(A)	0.8144 M			(B)	0.9244 M
	(C)	0.9144 M			(D)	0.9344 M

11

108/2015 [P.T.O.]

77.	The und	er surface of an arch is o	called :		
	(A)	Skew back		(B)	Haunch
	(C)	Intradose		(D)	Spandrin
78.	Side of a	square equal in area of	circle having dia	mete	r 2 cm is :
		$\sqrt{\pi/4}$ cm		(B)	$\sqrt{\pi}$ cm
	(C)	$2\sqrt{\pi}$ cm		(D) .	$\pi$ cm
79.	Ornamer	ntal moulded course plac	ced on the top of t	he w	vall is :
	(A)	Cornice		(B)	Corbel
	(C)	Coping		(D)	Lintel
80.	Maximur	n permissible FAR for R	esidential buildir	ng sh	all be :
	(A)	3		(B)	1.5
÷	(C)	2		(D)	2.5
81.	The fund	amental rights are ensh	rined in part :		
	(A)	III	(	(B)	II
	. (C)	IV	(	(D)	Ι
82.	Battle of	Buxar fought in :			
	(A)	1857	(	(B)	1757
	(C)	1764	(	D)	1767
83.	Silver Rev	volution related to :			
	(A)	Edible oil	(	B)	Fish
	(C)	Milk	(.	D)	Egg and Poultry
84.	Who found	led the 'Samathva Sama	ajam' :		
	(A)	Vagbhatananda	0	B)	Vaikunta Swamikal
	(C)	Sree Narayana Guru	(1	D)	Chattampi Swamikal
108/	2015		12		

Vijay Hazare Trophy related to which sports? 85. (A) Football (B) Badminton (C) Cricket (D) Hockey The first Vice chairman of NITI Aayog: 86. Ajith Doval Aravind Panagariya (A) (B) Ashok Lahiri Y.V. Reddy (C)(D) 87. The Prathyaksha Raksha Daiva Sabha (PRDS) was founded by : Poikayil Yohannan (Sree kumara guru) (A) Karunakara Guru **(B)** (C) Pandit Karuppan (D) Thycaud Ayya 88. Who was the 14<sup>th</sup> Prime Minister of India? Narendra Modi Narasimha Rao (A) (B) (C) I.K Gujral (D) Manmohan Singh 'The father of political movement' in modern Travancore was : 89. (B) E.J. John (A) T.K. Madhavan G.P. Pillai (D) C. Kesavan (C) 90. Which of the following rivers crosses the Equator twice? (A) Amazon **(B)** Tigris (D) (C) Nile Congo 'Swaraj is my birthright, and I shall have it.' Who declared this words? 91. Tilak (A) Gokhale **(B)** Bhagat singh (D) L.L. Rai (C) When the 'Internal Emergency' declared by Indira Gandhi? 92. 28 May 1975 (B) 28 June 1975 (A) 26 June 1975 (C) 26 May 1975 (D)

> 108/2015 [P.T.O.]

13

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93.		th (Ashtangamarga) related to :		
	(A)	Jainism	(B)	Hinduism
	(C)	Buddhism	(D)	Sikhism
0.4	Vanthilas	Thirunal Ramavarma, popularly known		
94.	•			Marthanda Varma
	(A)	Dharma Raja	(B)	
	(C)	Swathi Tirunal	(D)	Raja Kesavadas
95.	'Theyyam	' is the art form originated in :		and the second
	(A)	Kasaragod	(B)	Kannur
	(C)	Kozhikode	(D)	Pattanamthitta
96.	The oldest	t mountain range of India :		
	(A)	Himalaya	(B)	Western Ghats
	(C)	Eastern Ghats	(D)	Aravali
	(0)		(2)	
97.	Where is t	the head quarter of Reserve Bank India	!?	
	(A)	Kolkatta	(B)	Delhi
	(C)	Mumbai	(D)	Chennai
98.	National	Voters Day is observed on :		
	(A)	12 <sup>th</sup> Jan	(B)	24 <sup>th</sup> Jan
	(C)	30 <sup>th</sup> Jan	(D)	25 <sup>th</sup> Jan
99.		d is present in tomato?		
	(A) ·	Oxalic	(B)	Sitric
	(C)	Tartaric	(D)	Latric
100.	The book	'Aarachaar' authored by :		
	(A)	Subash Chandran	(B)	Ashita
	(C)	Benyamin	(D)	K.R. Meera
	•	and the second		

14